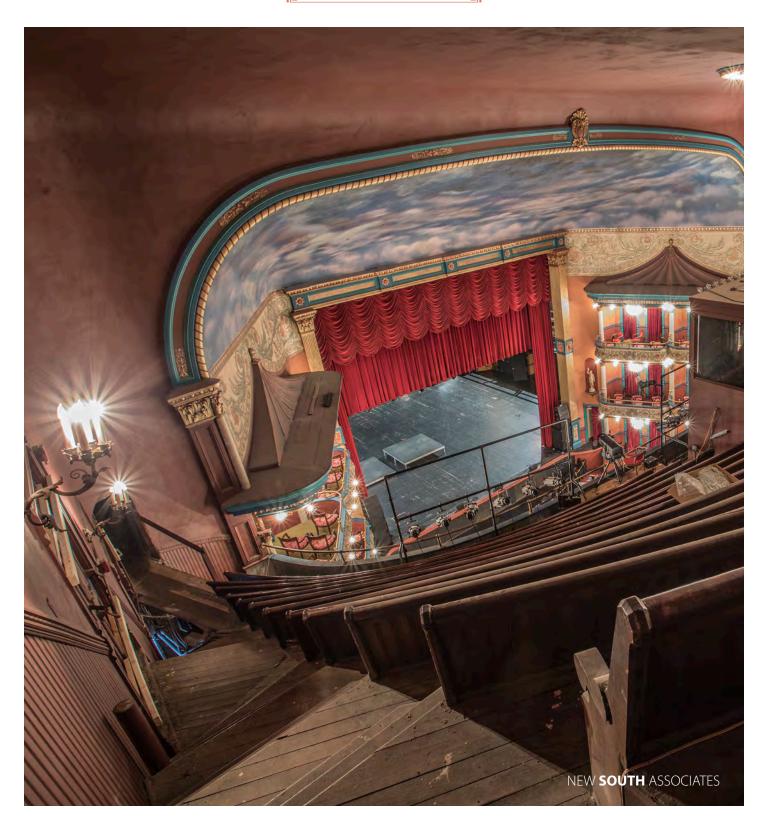
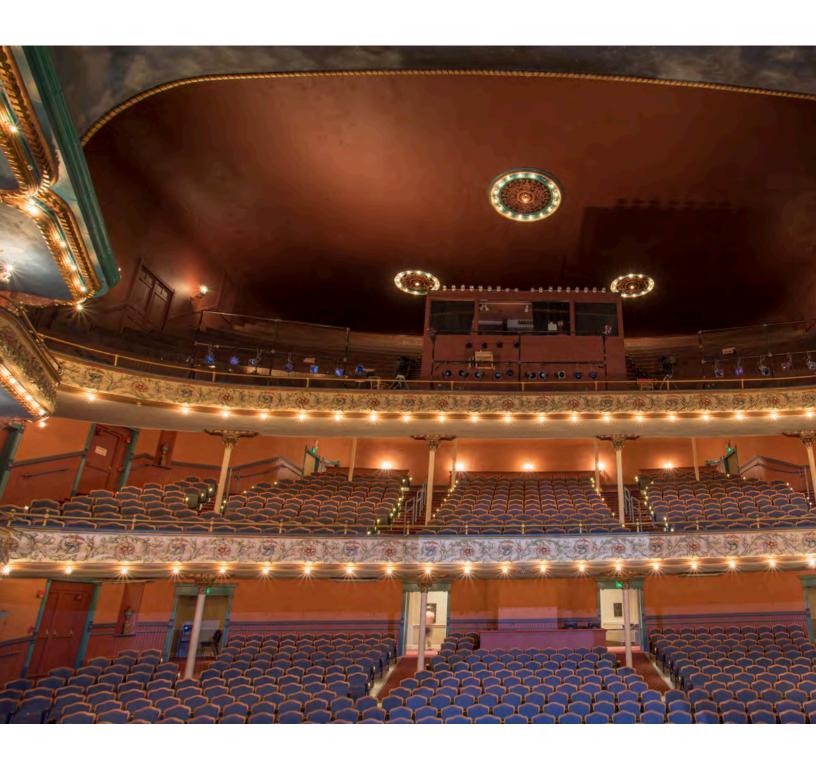
Preservation Study of the Second Balcony at

** THE & GRAND & OPERA & HOUSE **

🛮 MACON, BIBB COUNTY, GEORGIA 📗





Preservation Study of the Second Balcony at

THE & GRAND & OPERA & HOUSE

MACON, BIBB COUNTY, GEORGIA



Report submitted to:

Grand Opera House 651 Mulberry Street Macon, Georgia 31201

Report prepared by:

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Mary Beth Reed – Principal Investigator

Terri DeLoach Gillett – Historian and Author David Diener – Photographer

May 24, 2018 • Final Report
New South Associates Technical Report 2845



Company of 60 People, Including the Whirlwind, Hapk Singing and Dancing "DIXIE CHORUS," World's Fa

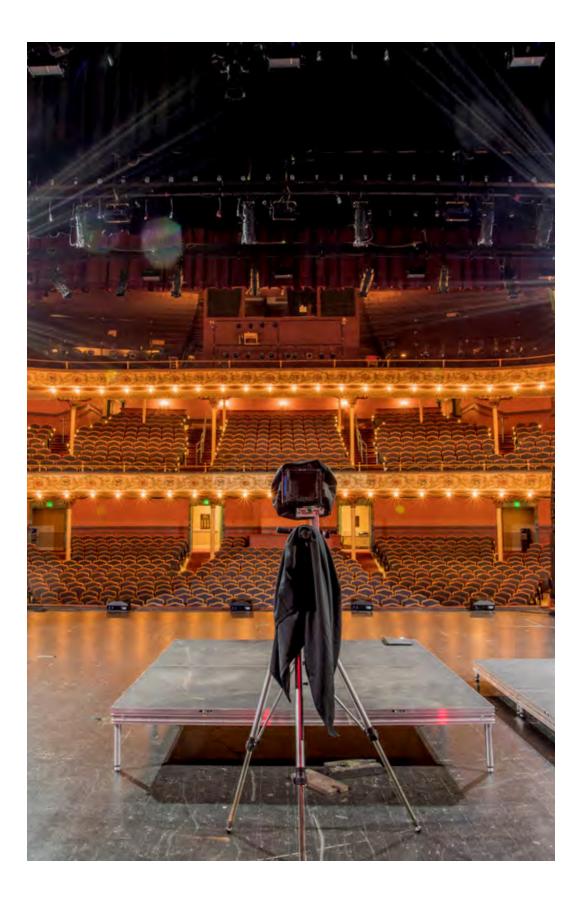
ALSO THE NOTED "SHUFFLE ALONG" JASS OF

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Acknowledgments



New South Associates would like to thank the many individuals who made this preservation plan of the Grand Opera House in Macon, Georgia, possible. Firstly, the Fox Theater Institute for funding the project and providing grants and guidance to historic theaters across the state. Secondly, we would like to thank Gram Slaton, Executive Director, and Bob Mavity, Senior Technical Director at the Grand Opera House, for sharing their knowledge about the theater and coordinating with our team for site visits on several occasions. Additionally, we would like to thank Muriel Jackson at the Middle Georgia Archives, located at the Washington Memorial Library, who shared her knowledge of the archive's relevant holdings, which included historic images and documents that proved valuable to the project. Finally, we would like to thank Mr. Javers Lucas, who provided the only first-hand account of sitting in the second balcony of the Grand during Jim Crow era.

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Beginning 1 Continuing Thruout The V

Once again the dog-eared shoes, bamboo cane, baggy pants, derby and pear to make millions happy with the inspired comedy of the genius of were spent to perfect this Chaplinesque beacon of joy . . . months of hearsing to capture the merriment and wistfulness that have won for world.

A comedy romance in pantomime that is greaten even than the "Circue First brought to Macon by the new Grand Theater as the premiere of r to follow. By all means see Charlie Chaplin in h is most marvelous produced to the company of the company of

Showing Continuously From 12 Noon Till 1

12 M. Till 6 P. M.

AT ALL TIMES

Colored Balcony—Mat, 20c—Night 2

Note Below: Reductions in Admission Charges After Open

Added Attractions RIPLEY in a comic presentation



Chapter I

INTRODUCTION

Figure 1. Location of the Grand Opera House. (Source: Bing Hybrid Maps).

New South Associates is pleased to present this preservation study of the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-listed Grand Opera House's second balcony, which was used historically as a segregated seating section for the theater's African-American patrons. This endeavor was made possible by a grant from the Fox Theater Institute. The goals of the study were to provide the Grand Opera House with documentation through large format photography and laser scanning, to conduct research in order to provide a context for segregated theater space during Jim Crow, to provide a comprehensive history of the Grand Opera House itself, to compare it to other segregated theater space in Georgia and the southern region, and to identify preservation options for the historic space.

The Grand Opera House is located on Mulberry Street in downtown Macon, Georgia (Figure 1). The theater, owned by Macon-Bibb County and currently leased to Mercer University, was constructed in 1904 on the site of the 1884 Academy of Music. The building consists of a seven-story office tower at front with the theater in the back (Figure 2). The theater space has three tiers of seating, the floor, first balcony, and second balcony, which is the focus of this study (Figures 3 and 4). When built, the theater had a capacity of 2,084 people, 800 of which were crowded into the second balcony and seated on narrow high-back pews that are still in place, due largely to the fact that the second balcony was closed permanently to patrons in the early 1940s. The Grand Opera House was listed on the NRHP in 1970 under Criteria A and C, for history and architecture.

Primary and secondary research for this project was conducted with a focus on searching the *Macon Telegraph* archives and other regional newspapers for any mention of the theater. This exercise turned up many references and articles that shed light on several aspects of the Grand's history, including the construction of the theater, its ownership and management throughout the years, and the type of entertainments that were presented. Clippings of these articles are presented in Appendix A to this report. Additional research was conducted in the subject files at the Middle Georgia Archives. Several historic images of the building were located and are used as illustration throughout the document. They can also be found within Appendix B. Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps of Macon, which provided structural details of the building, and Macon City Directories were also examined. Because the second balcony was closed to African-Americans in the late 1930s and permanently around 1940, oral history informants were difficult to locate, but New South was able to find one person that did experience sitting





Figure 2. Facade of the Grand Opera House, as seen from Mulberry Street, 2018

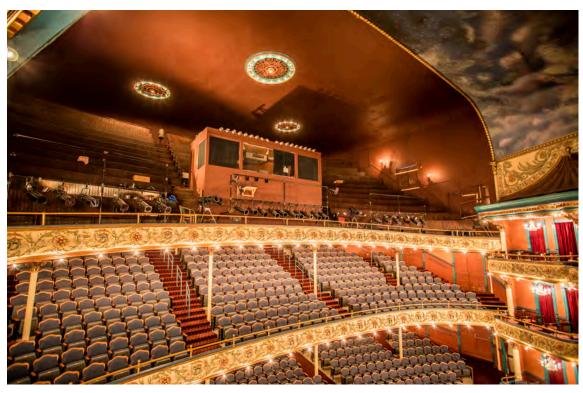


Figure 3. View of the Second Balcony, from an Upper Proscenium Box, 2018

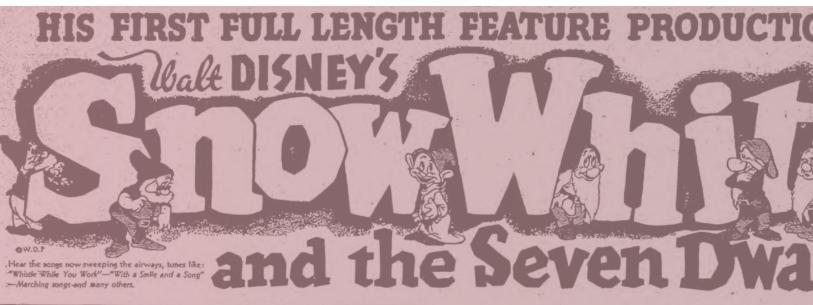


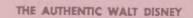
Figure 4. View Across the Second Balcony, 2018

in the segregated balcony first hand, Mr. Javers Lucas, who was able to provide some information about his theater experience in the second balcony.

The documentation aspect of this project involved photographing the second balcony and its access points with both large-format film and high-resolution digital photography. In addition, the second balcony was captured with three-dimensional laser scanning, resulting in a precise architectural record of the space that is many times more accurate than manual measurements. The information gathered through laser scanning can be used to create detailed architectural renderings and blueprints of the second balcony.

After this Introduction and Methods section, Chapter II presents an architectural description of the theater and second balcony. Chapter III contains a historical context for segregated theater space in the Jim Crow era, tying that into the history of the Grand's second balcony, and a comparison to other theaters. Chapter IV offers preservation options for the second balcony. Several appendices are included at the back of the document. Appendix A is a chronological catalogue of newspaper articles located during the research phase of this project. Appendix B includes several historic photographs and post cards. Appendix C contains images of the large format photographs that were taken of the theater and second balcony. In Appendix D are several architectural drawings that were created using the laser scans of the second balcony, provided by ReproGraphics, Inc. Finally, current conditions images taken with high-resolution digital photography are located in Appendix E.





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Chapter II

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

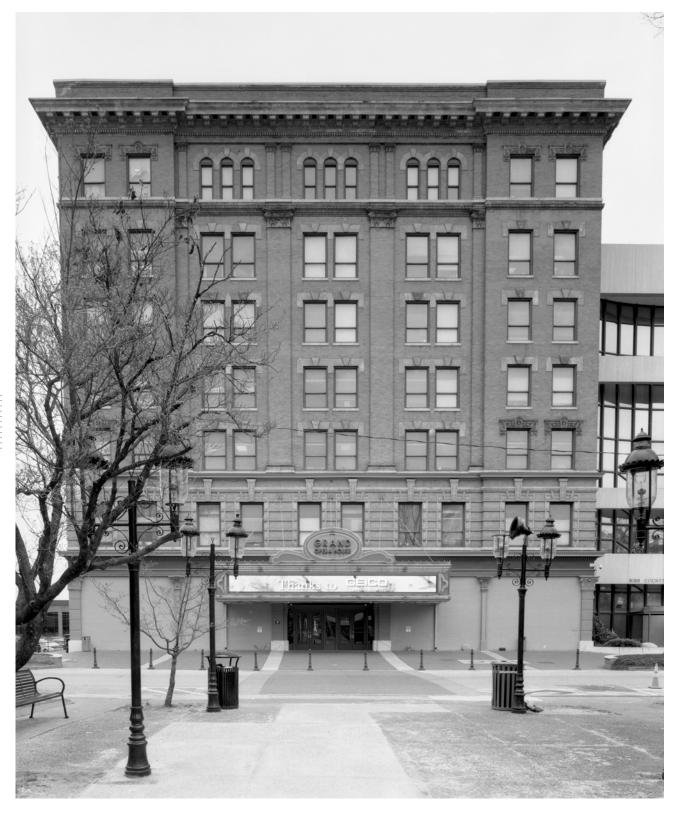


Figure 5. Façade, Looking Northeast across Mulberry Street, 2018

Downtown Macon's Grand Opera House was constructed in 1904-1905 to replace the 1884 Academy of Music that had been located on the same site. Although previous historical narratives stated that the Academy of Music was enlarged and renamed, newspaper accounts found during research for this report revealed that the Academy of Music was demolished prior to the construction of the Grand Opera House.

The Grand consists of two discrete sections, a seven-story office tower and a theater. The five-bay office tower's façade faces Mulberry Street (Figure 5). Built in the Classical Revival architectural style, the building is symmetrical with a centered entrance and bricked-in store fronts to either side. The entrance consists of an arched opening with two pairs of glass-paned doors. A large illuminated marquee sign is suspended over the front entrance. Framing the entrance and at the corners of the façade are brick pilasters with Corinthian capitals that support the dentiled frieze between the first and second stories. "THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE" is carved into the frieze over the entrance, as is visible in a photograph that was taken for the theater's 1970 NRHP nomination, but today is obscured by the marquee (Figure 6).



Figure 6. Entrance Detail from 1970 NRHP Nomination

The second through sixth floors feature five pairs of one-over-one windows, one pair in each bay of the building. The second floor is more architecturally detailed with terra cotta window surrounds that are punctuated by large keystones. There are also five rows of brick banding that protrude from the building's surface. The side bays on floors three through six protrude slightly and the three center bays are separated by lonic pilasters. The windows on these floors are topped with a lintel and keystone. The uppermost, or seventh story, features sets of three arched windows in the center bays. A large cornice projects from the walls just below the roof line and wraps around the side of the building.

Looking at the side walls, the office tower is four rooms deep with a pair of windows in each room (Figure 7). The theater portion of the building is five stories with a gable roof.



Figure 7. Oblique View of the Grand Opera House, Showing the Façade and Northwest Wall, 2018

The roof of the rear section of the theater, referred to as the fly loft, located over the stage, rises at least one story above the rest of the theater's roof. The northwest wall of the theater has several arched window openings, as well as door openings that are accessed by fire escapes. The majority of the window openings on the theater's northwest wall have been filled in either with brick or plywood. A Bibb County Courthouse annex building was built adjacent to the northeast wall and it is no longer visible, but is virtually identical according to historic photographs.

The theater entrance, which mimics the design of the building's entrance, is at the end of a wide arcade, with the box office on the right and an elevator to the upper office-tower floors on the left (Figure 8). Through the theater's doors is a lobby and entrance

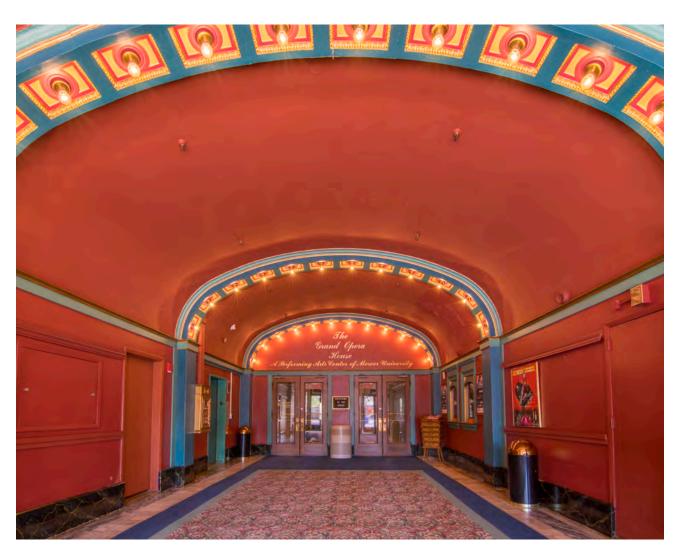


Figure 8. Arcade and Theater Entrance, 2018



Figure 9. Lobby and Staircase to First Balcony, 2018



Figure 10. Lower Staircase to Second Balcony, 2018

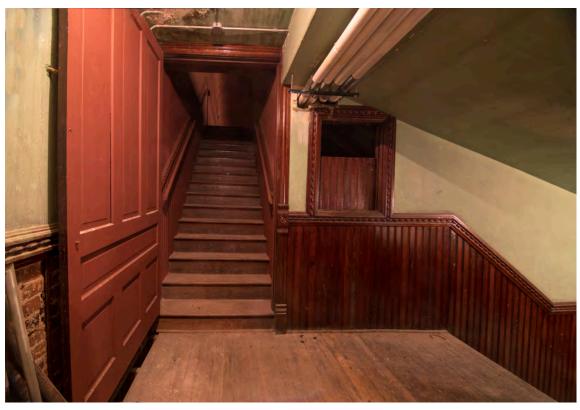


Figure 11. Upper Staircase to Second Balcony, 2018

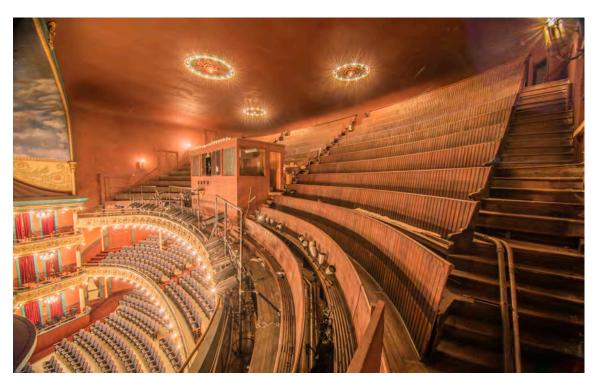
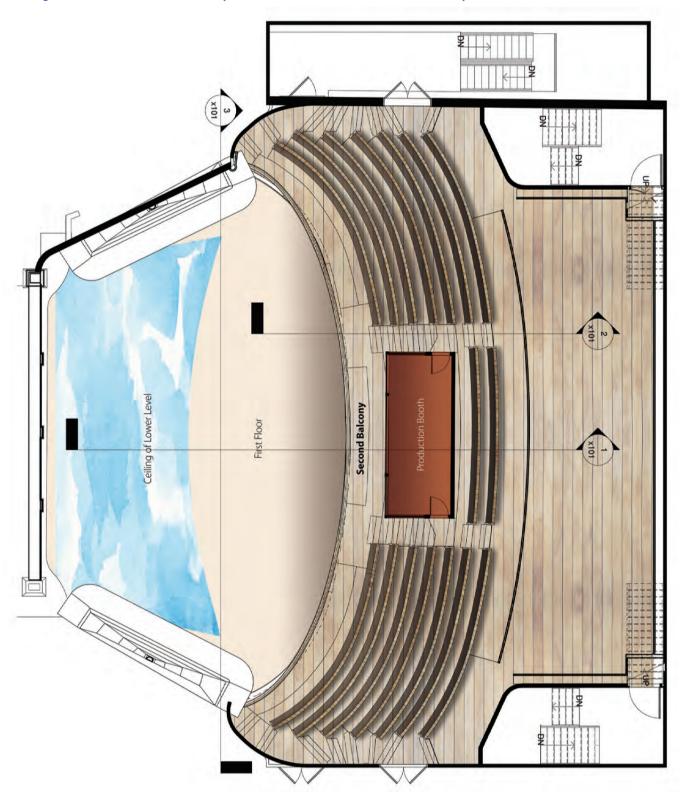


Figure 12. Second Balcony, Looking Southeast, 2018

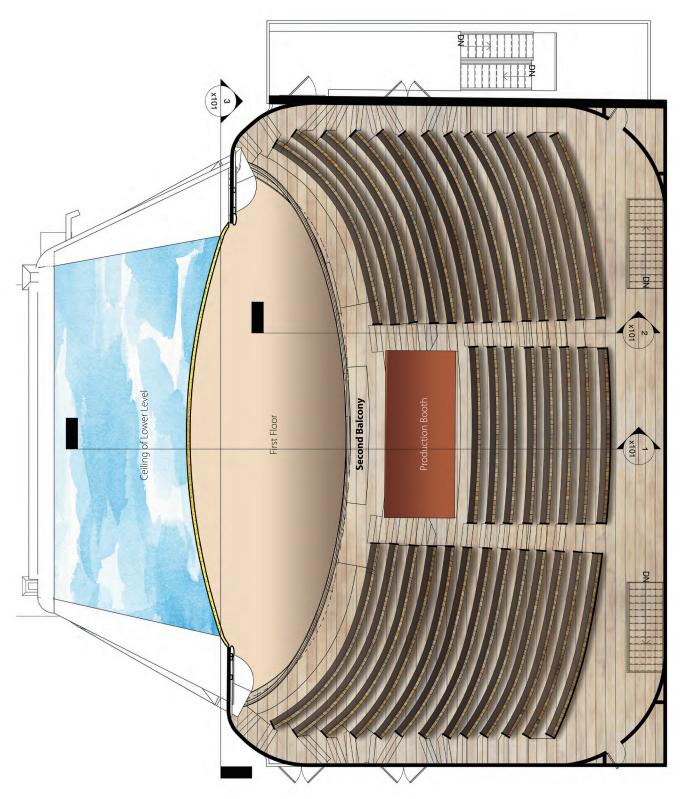
Figure 13. A Plan of the Second Balcony, as Scanned from the Lower Level of the Balcony



This plan shows a slice of the second balcony from the counter level of the production booth and below. No details above the ceiling of the production booth are shown. At this level, the lower set of stairs leading to the second balcony and the top of the proscenium boxes are also visible.

16

Figure 14. A Plan of the Second Balcony, as Scanned from the Upper Level of the Balcony



This plan shows a slice of the second balcony from the level of the production booth's roof. At this level, the restroom spaces at the back of the second balcony and all 13 extant rows of seating are visible.



Figure 15. Second Balcony, Looking West, 2018



Figure 16. Bench Detail, 2018

to the main floor of seating. At the sides of the lobby are staircases that access the first balcony (Figure 9). To the sides of the first balcony, behind closed doors, additional staircases wind up to the top of the second balcony, which is the focus of this study (Figures 10 and 11).

The second balcony was constructed to serve the African-American population of Macon and had a seating capacity of 800 to 1000 persons. According to Mr. Javers Lucas, who experienced sitting in the balcony as a young man, African-American patrons purchased tickets from an outside ticket booth and entered the theater from an exterior staircase that led to the second floor of the theater (Lucas 2018). The second balcony remains largely intact with the original wooden pew-like seating (Figures 12-14). This is due to the fact that while the theater itself has remained open for the majority of its life, with only short periods of dormancy, the second balcony was closed permanently as a seating option during the 1940s.

The slope of the second balcony is quite steep and historically contained 14 rows of wooden bench seating, most of which is still in place. The benches conform to the curve of the front wall of the balcony (Figure 15). The seat portion of the benches is approximately 11 inches deep, while the straight back is almost two-feet tall (Figure 16). Comfort clearly was not of major concern in this section of the theater. In contrast, patrons on the floor and first balcony were each seated in an upholstered chair. The benches are accessed by aisles on each side of the balcony, as well as two aisles near the center, splitting the balcony into three sections (Figure 17). The stair risers and treads, particularly at the second balcony's sides, differ in height and angle from step to step and are difficult to navigate safely (Figure 18). The stair layout is similar to that of the first balcony, but due to the pitch of the second balcony, is much worse. At the top of the second balcony in the back corners were two single stall restroom facilities.

Alterations to the second balcony include the introduction of a production booth, lighting equipment, and the removal of some of the seating, as follows (Figure 19). The first row of benches, closest to the stage, was removed across all three sections so that lighting equipment could be installed. The production booth was installed in the middle section of the balcony, resulting in the removal of several rows of pews from that section. On the left, or north, side, the seat portion of the bench on the fourth row was removed to facilitate movement from the production booth to the room above the stage.



Figure 17. View Across the Second Balcony, Showing Aisles, 2018



Figure 18. Looking Toward Stage, Showing Slope and Staircase, 2018

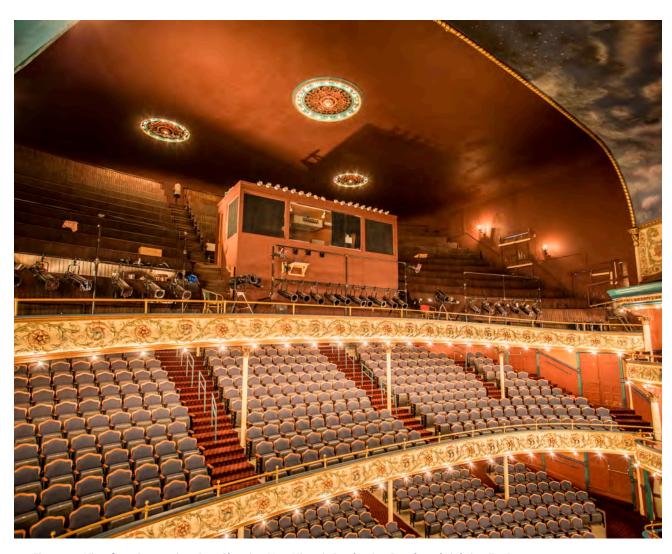


Figure 19. View from Proscenium Box, Showing Non-Historic Production Booth and Lighting Equipment



AMUSEMENTS

"The Green Hat"

Norman Hackett, featured co-star with Miss Charlotte Walker in "The Green Hat" which moves to the Grand Monday and Tuesday, with motinee Tuesday, was recently the recipient of an unusual honor for his college frateruity at the annual convention of the society in Philadelphia. If undying enthusiasm for a college frater-nity may be called a hobby, that hobby is Hackett's. During his notable coreer as an actor, he has given most of his spare time to the Theta Delta Chi Fraternity, which he joined when a freshman at the University of Micha resumma as the University of Micagrain. Six times he has been elected
Gradoute Secretary of the Fraternity,
thereby heaking the record for tenure
of that office, and is president of
the Them Delta Chi Chob in Mer
York City, which he founded eight
fraces uzo. His fellow fraters wishing
to express their appreciation for he
locality presented him with a handsomely hand illustrated bound book
containing some 200 letters from
prominent fraternity men in all parts
of the country, all beautiful tributes
to Has kett, the man, and what he has
done for his fraternity. At the same
time a large brokes plaque suitably
inseribed and surmounted by a head
of the netter in hea relief, was invoiled and will be placed in the Linea400 fraternity men arrended the bananct and witnessed the presentation
to Mr. Hackett, who had been kept
in complete ignorance of the tribute.

The Archiver

done for his fraction. A considerable and some party inserbled and surmounted by a boad of the nettor in bas relief, was unvoiled and will be placed to the Thomaton of the Club. New York. About 1900 (Traternity men arrended the band and a new form of the witnessed the presentation to Mr. Hackett, who had been kept in estiplicit elientoriance of the tribust.

"The Arabian"

Walker Whiteside will be a visitor to this city, on Wednesday night the Land and and a groung nam rushed to their side and will appear at the safety of the pavement.

While Corinne and her mother were still recovering their presence the young man walked calluly away with the going that Red was going to do his staff on the level and it was at the stella characters. Our theater goers will readily recall Mr. White-goers will readily recall Mr. White-goers will readily recall Mr. White-goers will readily recall Mr. White-stella characters as Prince Tamar in "The Triphon," and Frince Hinds," Wa Li Chang in "Mr. Will," Tokeramo, the Japanese diplomat in "The Triphon," and Frince Hinds, "Walker Whiteside has added the unique character of able of Rev. an Arabian of hichest caste: educated at Oxford in Emericant Characteristics and the proposition eleven against Red Canger Characteristics and the proposition eleven against Red Canger The Calpinon and Intervined Characteristics and the proposition eleven against Red Canger Characteristics and has been controlled the payers from his observe the classifications. John Startley Contested game exceptions the proposition eleven against Red Canger Characteristics and has been controlled the payers from his observe the classifications. The Pour Eaglet Mandaps. Resective to the desert with orders to effect this capture, dead or alive.

At The Rialto

At The Rialto

The strange tale of an unknown here who saved the life of Corring Griffith was revealed recently during

"THE GREEN HAT" AT THE GRAND THEATER MON-DAY AND TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29TH AND 30TH



Scene from "THE GREEN HAT"



614 NEW STREET PHONE 636

AMUSEMENTS

RIALTO-Mon. Tues. Wed .-RIALTO—Mon. Tues. Wed.— "Synopation Sue" CAPITOL—Mon. and Tues.— "One Minute to Play" GRAND—Mon. and Tues.— "The Green Hat—Wednesday— "The Arabian" CRITERION—Monday only— "A Hero of the Big Snow"

ment"—singing and duncing, principally. The three girls are attractive as well as clever and the male Madean is a dancing marvel.

Freue Rubini and Terese Rosa, in Three and Trimmings. have exercised good taste as well as talent in arranging their program. Miss Rubinipalsy the pinnessecreton and Miss Rosa the violin. Both are artists of musual attainments.

Violet and Tarriner are from Anstralia. Miss Violet is billed as the Australian Niss Violet is billed as the Australian Niss Violet in the English processing in the Australian Niss Violet is billed as the Santalian Control of the C

The Student Prince

Music lovers of this city and vicinity will be pleased to learn that the return engagement of Messis. Shabert's spectucular operetta, "The Student Frince" will take place at the Grand Theater next Monday night Dec. 7th.

A beautiful story, adapted by Dorothy Donnelly from "Old Meidelberg," in which Richard Mausfield starred some twenty years ago surrounded by the most glorious melodies imaginable from the facile pen of that gifter yours composer. Sigmund Romberg, Romberg, who will be retrembered for his excellent music in "Maytime" and "Blossom Time," has completely strapssed these two in writing the music for the "Student Prince."

The stupendous production, embodying six cars, the sensational male stradent chorus of 50 trained voices, singing the 23 beautiful melodies that follow each other il kaleidoscopic array, the 20 feptale choristers, the 26 intented principals, all known to local theatergoess, the governous construers, all rend to make this a muster place of stage craft.

Coming to Rialto

Raymond Hatton recently denied all more that he was training to swim

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CINMANCO SCREENS ALL METAL and Wood Frames Macon Hardwood Flooring Co. C. T. HARDY 518 Pine Street Phone 2166 WALKER WHITESIDE IN "THE ARABIAN" COMING TO THE GRAND THEATER WEDNESDAY, DI



the English channel. When the news passed around Paramount's studio of his hours in a bathing suit, it was immediately concluded that he was preparing for the much discussed

Mr. Hatton emphatically refuted the report but admitted having scaked the report but admitted making sonsetule up lots of salt water. Ray explained it by saying that his part in "We're in the Nacy Now," Paramount's current comedy which arrives at the Righto Theater Thursday, demanded a lot of floundering around.

Coming—DAN FITCH'S MINSTRELS -GRAND

Do You Remem "Behind the Fro Then See-

> "WE'RE IN T NAVY NOW

With the Same S WALLACE BEE and RAYMOND HAT

It's Coming Thursday, Frida Saturday

ROMANCE IN HIGH C!

There's a high note of drama — a deep note of pathos — a harmony of humor —and a symphony of action in "Syn-copating Sue."





Chapter III

THE GRAND'S SECOND BALCONY

In the years following the Civil War, laws that established different rules for blacks and whites, known as Jim Crow laws, were put in place to maintain the system of racial segregation. Named after an insulting term for African Americans, "Jim Crow," these rules were based on the theory of white supremacy and were a direct reaction to Reconstruction and white fear. They became laws due to the fact that black men were denied the right to vote by a number of devices, including limiting voting rights to property owners, literate persons, to those whose grandfathers had been able to vote, to those who could afford the poll tax, etc. Jim Crow operated primarily, though not exclusively, in the southern and border states between 1877 and 1960 (USC Gould School of Law 2018).

Jim Crow was an inescapable reality in the South where it influenced every aspect of the African American experience. Many industries refused to hire blacks and those that did often required them to work in separate rooms, use separate entrances, even look out of separate windows. Marrying someone of a different race was illegal, as was living on a street or in a neighborhood of a different race. Curfews for blacks only were enacted. Signs reading "Colored" or "White Only" were hung over doors, ticket booths, water fountains. Even parks, hospitals, prisons, and orphanages were segregated, as were schools. In Atlanta courts, two separate bibles were used, one for blacks and one for whites (Constitutional Rights Foundation 2018). In theaters, African Americans bought tickets at separate box offices, used separate entrances, and were seated in separate spaces, most often in the balcony.

Although challenged from the start, these laws and unwritten rules persisted throughout the first half of the twentieth century. In 1950, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), established in 1909, challenged the concept of "separate but equal" and eventually won in the Supreme Court decision for *Brown v. Board of Education*, which ruled that racial segregation of public schools violated the 14th amendment and was harmful to minority children. The next decade was spent challenging racial barriers, culminating in the passage of the Civil Rights act of 1964, which abolished Jim Crow laws and discrimination in any type of public accommodation (USC Gould School of Law 2018).

THE ARCHITECTURE OF RACIAL SEGREGATION

The Grand Opera House was a product of the Jim Crow era and segregation was built into its design. In Robert Weyeneth's 2005 article, "The Architecture of Racial Segregation: The Challenges of Preserving a Problematical Past," he discusses the spatial strategies and architectural forms that emerged in an effort to enforce racial segregation in the Jim Crow era (Weyeneth 2005). Racial segregation was achieved architecturally by two means, isolation and partitioning. Isolation tactics resulted in separate facilities, while partitioning segregated the races within the same facility. Throughout Jim Crow, both of these strategies were employed liberally in order to enforce segregation in all aspects of community life, including entertainment.

Isolation is the most familiar form of segregation and was accomplished either by exclusion or duplication. Sometimes signage was employed and at other times it was common knowledge what facilities were off limits to blacks. Exclusionary tactics made many places strictly off-limits to people of color, while duplication created separate facilities for white and black people. Another method of isolation was temporal separation, in which time was the method used for segregation. For example, institutions would open to black people for limited times or days during the week. Additionally, blacks sitting in the balcony of a theater were expected to wait for the white people to exit before leaving their seats. Doctors may have separate office hours. Curfews for African Americans were also employed.

Partitioning, where the races shared the same facility, but occupied separate spaces within it, was managed through architectural compartmentalization. This was a commonly employed strategy that delineated a clear boundary between black and white space and often took the form of separate entrances leading to separate interior spaces. This was the segregation method most often used in facilities such as hospitals and train stations, with separate waiting rooms and ticket offices, as well as theaters. Balconies, where African Americans were most often seated, offered the least desirable seating, furthest from the stage or screen and were often referred to as the negro/colored balcony, crow's nest, or the peanut gallery (Weyeneth 2005). Partitioning is the method that was used and can still be seen at the Grand Opera House

The Grand Opera House was typical of the era in its arrangement of African American accommodations through partitioning. Black people that wished to attend the theater bought tickets at a box office located on the side of the building and used the fire escape stairs to enter the second floor of the theater, where a second set of interior stairs led up to the second balcony (Lucas 2018). African Americans were not permitted to use the front entrance of the theater and the only restrooms available to black patrons were were two single-stall restrooms, no bigger than closets that were located in the back corners of the second balcony, which at capacity would have held approximately 800 persons, The second balcony of the Grand is a stark visual reminder of the separate and inferior conditions that African Americans were forced to endure in public accommodations prior to the passage of the Civil Rights Act.

EARLY THEATER IN MACON

To fully understand the importance of the Grand Opera House's second balcony, it is helpful to examine the history of theater in Macon, which began much earlier in 1832, only nine years after the town was chartered. Macon's first theater opened when Sol Smith purchased a lot on Second Street and built a small wooden structure, measuring 35-feet by 75-feet, that he named "The Macon Theater." The theater operated for many years although it was intended to be a temporary building. There is a brief mention of a coffee house and theater, apparently Macon's second, in the 1837 newspaper, with a Mr. Hart as manager and Mr. A. Adams as actor. A third theater caused an uproar in 1838 when it opened in an old Baptist Church building that had been moved from the corner of Sixth and Cherry streets to a new location on Third Street, between Walnut and Mulberry. Despite the opposition, to both theatricals in general and the reuse of the church building, the inaugural performance brought in \$500 from a house with a seating capacity of 600. Concert Hall, at the corner of Second and Mulberry streets, was constructed in 1850 primarily as a meeting house, but many theater companies and musical groups performed there (Trawick 1959).

Ralston Hall, which could accommodate an audience of 1,200, dominated the theater scene in Macon for many years. It is unknown whether Ralston Hall was for whites only or was segregated, but newspaper advertisements listed prices for orchestra and balcony seating. It was built in 1857 by James A. Ralston at the corner of Third and Cherry. It was a popular venue for 30 years, even flourishing during the Civil War. Macon was on the tour

route of most stage shows of the time, which ran the gamut from Shakespeare to "leg shows" to minstrel shows and musicals. The Ralston was destroyed by fire in the winter of 1886 (Trawick 1959). Three years earlier, ground had been broken on the Academy of Music, which opened on September 22, 1884 (*Macon Telegraph* 1883; The Macon Arts Council, Inc. 1969). "By the 1880s, actors, artists, musicians, singers, and lecturers were coming and going with every train that pulled into town" (Trawick 1959).



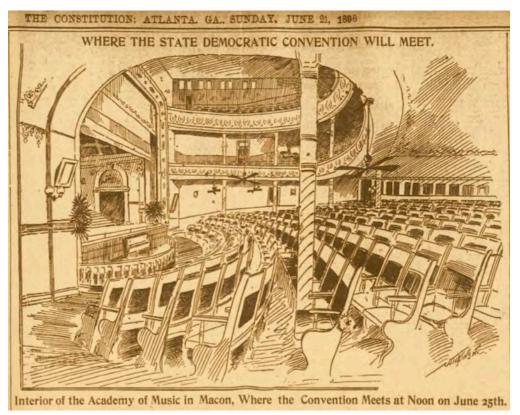
Figure 20. Academy of Music Circa 1890

The Academy of Music was built on the present site of the Grand Opera House at a cost of \$60,000 (Figure 20). The idea for an opera house originated with Mr. Henry Horne, a young and well-connected insurance and real estate agent in Macon. The building was owned by a stock company formed by a large group of Maconites, including Major J. F. Hanson, S. R. Jaques, L.A. Jordan, J. S. Baxter, and many of Macon's prominent citizens (Figure 21). The theater's architect was Alexander Blair, also from Macon (Cochran 1992). The Academy of Music could accommodate a crowd of approximately 1,500 people on

Application for Charter.

three levels (Figure 22). In a circular that was mailed out to every theatrical manager in the United States, it was stated that "the upper gallery or balcony, is reached by two separate entrances and stairway, so that visitors to this part do not come in contact with those entering at the main entrance and both of these stairways, as well as those to the family circle, run as direct as possible, without obstruction or any opening on to them from starting to landing" (Macon Telegraph 1884). Though not explicitly stated, it is obvious that the gallery level was designated seating for African-Americans and that promoters of the Academy of Music wanted to make clear that there was virtually no chance of accidentally coming face-to-face with a person from another race during a visit to the theater. This article is the first mention of segregated theater accommodations in Macon that was found during research. Newspaper advertisements that listed ticket prices for Ralston Hall, the main stage in Macon until the early 1880s, made no mention of seat prices for black patrons; however, that is not verification that the theater was not segregated. The Academy of Music advertised their ticket prices in the following manner, "Orchestra \$1, Balcony 75 cents, Gallery 25 cents," making no obvious statement that the gallery was for African Americans.

(Left) Figure 21. Charter for the Academy of Music. (Below) Figure 22. Interior Sketch of the Academy of Music



L. DeGive and Sons, of Atlanta, purchased the Academy of Music in 1893 (*Macon Telegraph* 1904e). DeGive also owned both the and Bijou Theater and Loew's Grand, originally DeGive's Opera House, in Atlanta and the Columbia Theater in Macon (*Macon Telegraph* 1904c). The Academy of Music successfully operated for close to 20 years before rumblings of enlarging the space were heard.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE

The first mention of remodeling the Academy of Music appeared in the Macon Telegraph on April, 27, 1902. The article stated that such a plan had been under consideration for some time and that the stockholders would be meeting with an unnamed architect to go over proposed plans. The idea being considered at that time was to tear off the facade of the Academy of Music and build a modern office building adjacent to the street and place the theater in the rear. Additionally, stockholders were interested in updating the interior of the theater and providing convention space in Macon. "It is proposed to add another balcony, so that there can be a better division of classes, and increase the seating capacity from 800 to 1,000 making a total seating capacity of 2,200, and in an emergency, a maximum capacity of 3,000" (Macon Telegraph 1902a). This statement is interesting in that the Academy already had three levels and it is unclear how a fourth balcony would better divide the classes. Another article in June 1902 reaffirmed the new theater would be more spacious with the addition of 600 seats, that the stage would be placed further back, and that the entire front entrance will be changed. It was thought that the work would be completed before the next theatrical season; however, construction would not begin for close to two more years (Macon Telegraph 1902b).

During the 1903-1904 season, the theater was under new management by Mr. Henry Horne, who had been involved in the theater from its inception. It was reported that the theater's owner, Mr. De Give, had agreed to spend \$30,000 on theater improvements, to convert the front for office space and provide 40 rooms for a "lawyer's range" (*Macon Telegraph* 1903a). Improvements were postponed to the close of the season so as not to interfere with the season's bookings. A couple of months later, *Macon Telegraph* readers were informed that the spending would be increased to \$40,000 in order to make more extensive improvements with the intention of being able to book the same attractions that played at the Grand in Atlanta, also owned by Mr. DeGive (*Macon Telegraph* 1903b:000).

In early 1904, it was announced that rather than remodel the Academy of Music, it would be torn down at season's end in April and a thoroughly modern theater would be constructed in its place. Julius L. DeGive, manager of the Grand in Atlanta and part owner of the Macon theater, E. M. Horine, son-in-law of Laurent DeGive and treasurer at the Grand, and W. R. Gunn, theatrical architect, met with a *Telegraph* reporter in the office of the local theater manager, Henry Horne to talk about the changes that were coming. Firstly, the name "Academy of Music" would no longer be used (Macon Telegraph 1904b). The new theater would be known as "The Grand Opera House" (Macon Telegraph 1904c). The term "opera house" was commonly used at the time as a term of prestige for any large performing arts center and would host plays, speakers, vaudeville acts, musical concerts, and occasionally an operatic performance. The new building, proposed to be three stories high, would be 20-feet wider (at 82.6-feet) than the Academy of Music and would be constructed with marble, gray brick, and terra cotta. The main entrance to the theater would be through four sets of double doors at the back of a 15-foot wide arcade. To each side of the arcade would be stores with modern fronts. The article continues, describing in detail the physical aspects of the theater, but the only mention of the gallery, or second balcony, was that its seating capacity would be 800 (Macon Telegraph 1904b).

The main lobby will be fourteen by fifty-seven feet, two five-foot stairways leading to the first balcony right and left, with a ladies' parlor on the right, fifteen by eighteen. There will be a gentlemen's retiring room in the basement underneath the lobby, fourteen by eighteen feet, fitted up with all modern conveniences. On the left of the lobby will be the manager's private office, also the box office, and the manager's day office.

The main auditorium will be entered through three doors, each six feet wide, leading into a foyer, five feet by eighty. There will be four aisles, four feet wide, leading down to the stage. There will be three tiers of four proscenium boxes, each accommodating six persons. The seating capacity of the first floor will be 734, outside of the boxes; that of the balcony, 550; that of the gallery, 800 - 2,084 in all – but with a standing room space for 500 more. Each seat will have a perfect line of sight.

The stage will be fifty by ninety-six feet in the clear, with fifteen dressing rooms on the left of the stage and six in the proscenium back of the boxes, all fitted up with all modern conveniences known to the profession. The distance from stage floor to the gridiron will be seventy feet, and seventy feet between the girders or pinarets.

Gunn came back to Macon in April 1904 to work on the theater. The only portion of the old Academy of Music building that was to be reused was the courthouse side wall (Macon Telegraph 1904c) (Figure 23). Work began formally at 10:30 a.m. on April 6, 1904 with Mayor Smith digging the first shovel of dirt (Macon Telegraph 1904d). This must have occurred in an area to the side or back of the Academy, as that building would remain open for performances for two more weeks. A detailed description of the building, as it was planned at the time, appeared in the Telegraph revealing that the building would be "three stories high, with four stores finished in all modern ways for drug stores and confectioners' room, while the second floor will be devoted to office buildings. Bachelor apartment rooms will be fitted up for the third floor, each having a separate bath and toilet attached. There will be thirty-two rooms on the two upper floors, of a general

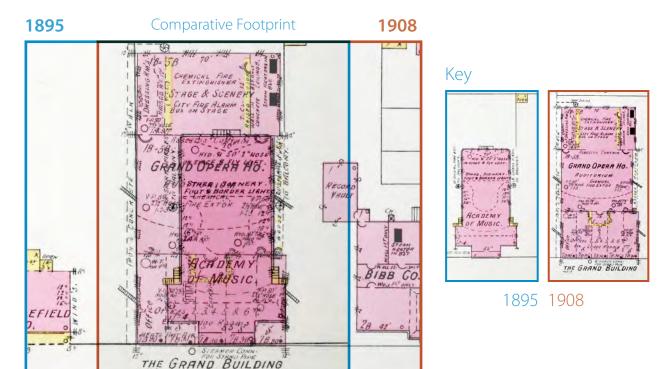


Figure 23. Sanborn Fire Insurance Map Comparison

size of 15 by 15 feet." The lobby would be 16 by 50 feet with rooms to either side for lounging. On the right under the stairway leading to the balcony would be the ladies' parlors and, on the left, would be the manager's office and check room. A stairway from that room would lead to a gentlemen's smoking room, 12 by 55 feet. The number of proscenium boxes had increased to 24 by the time of this latest plan, each seating six with separate entrances, exits, and fire escapes. Curtains could be closed so that the box would be entirely shut from view. The seating capacity was 144 in the boxes, 734 on the floor, 564 in the balcony, and 800 in the gallery, for a total capacity of 2242 (*Macon Telegraph* 1904d).

Fire safety was a major concern. Just days before the groundbreaking for the new building, the chief of the fire department had required that buildings three or more stories in height have fire escapes and called for changes in the Academy of Music, but as that building would soon be demolished, any action was postponed (Macon Telegraph 1904a). The new building would have 30 feet of exits, aside from regular entrances in the downstairs, balcony, and gallery. An earlier article was even more detailed concerning fire safety measures. "There will be six stand pipes – four in the auditorium and two on the stage equipped with a standard hose. There will be exits twelve feet wide on each side of every floor leading to the steel fire escapes. The opening in the middle of the stage at the rear will be eight by sixteen feet, which can be used as an escape from the stage, in addition to doors on either side leading to the balcony. The stage will be cut off from the public by an asbestos curtain, which will be down when the audience enters and drawn up before the artistic curtain to demonstrate that it is in working order at every performance. The roof will be fitted with ventilators over the stage and auditorium to relieve building of all foul air and gases of combustion that may arise. Pressure against any door will open it. The walls dividing the stage from the auditorium will go to the roof. There will be no chance for the people to get penned up at any point (Macon Telegraph 1904b).

The last night at the old Academy of Music was April 16, 1904 with the Knowles Company performing (*Macon Telegraph* 1904e). Three days later, in an article titled "Sky-scraper To Be Built," it was announced that the new building would be six stories high, rather than three stories, as first contemplated making it the tallest building in Macon. The new combination office building and theater would include at least 80 rooms for offices, studios, bachelor apartments, and club rooms. Many aspects of the original plan would remain in place, including the choice to reuse the courthouse side wall, as well as the arrangement of a centered arcade with two stores to each side, for a fronting of 90 feet,

and the office and bachelor rooms on the second and third floors. The main change was to add three additional floors for more offices. The new building was expected to be ready for occupancy the latter part of October (*Macon Telegraph* 1904f).

On April 24, it was reported that demolition had begun and a large force of hands was at work tearing down the Academy of Music (*Macon Telegraph* 1904g). On September 13, tragedy struck when three African-American workmen were killed and many more injured when a section of scaffolding collapsed (*Augusta Chronicle* 1904). Unfortunately, issues of the *Macon Telegraph* from July through October are missing from the archives and no further details about the accident were located.

The projected October completion date turned out to be too ambitious and 1904 passed without word of the new projected opening date. In November, however, it was announced that the building would reach an unprecedented seven stories. It was reported that L. DeGive, E. D. Horine, Architect Gunn were in conference with Macon architect Alexander Blair and City Engineer Wilcox and the final decisions had been made concerning the architecture and finishes for the additional floor, which would be fully occupied by the Elks Lodge of Macon. According to the article, the building was to be topped with "an elk's head, the emblem of the order, in an imposing form and reaching twelve to fourteen feet above the tallest portions of the building," (Macon Telegraph 1904i) however, this embellishment is not visible in any historic photos. Two modern elevators would also be installed. It was reported that the Elks would be in their "splendid quarters" by July and that they would hold a musical and social session once a month (Macon Telegraph 1905c). As an interesting aside, the upholstered chairs from the Academy were purchased to use at the newly renovated theater at Crump's Park, a local amusement park that opened about the same time as the Grand and also hosted orchestras, plays, and operas (Macon Telegraph 1904h).

In January 1905, several announcements about the theater were published in the *Telegraph*. Firstly, architect Gunn declared that the theater would open sometime in February, in time for much of the present season (*Macon Telegraph* 1905b). Additionally, H. L. Phillips, formerly of the Bijou Theatrical Company of Atlanta, another DeGive theater, would be the manager of the new theater (*Macon Telegraph* 1905a). Lastly, the Federal Courts would likely occupy the fifth and sixth floors of the building, the courts on one floor and offices on the other. This was to be a temporary arrangement while the new federal building was being constructed (*Macon Telegraph* 1905d).

Opening night for the Grand Opera House was February 1, 1905 with a performance of "Glittering Gloria," a three-act play. In an article that ran in the newspaper the day of, patrons were given a primer on some of the functional aspects of the new theater that "will at first seem strange to local amusement seekers" (Macon Telegraph 1905e). Tickets would be sold two days in advance of all attractions and any unclaimed ticket would not be kept longer than one hour before the curtain rose. For matinées, all seats would be reserved. Additionally, every lady in the theater was requested to remove her hat during the performance, a custom that had been adopted in all other cities of the United States. These changes were made "so as to maintain a thoroughly up-to-date and metropolitan playhouse." Further, patrons of the gallery would find that portion of the house open to them for every performance, matinées included. "This has not been the custom in the past, but it will be the rule with the opening of the new house" (Macon Telegraph 1905e). This statement implies that the gallery in the Academy of Music was only open to African Americans during certain performances and that segregation was enforced both through temporal separation and partitioning.



Figure 24. 1905 Interior

Interestingly, on March 14, a full month and a half after the playhouse opened to the public, work began on the front part of the building, the seven-story office tower. It appears that the theater section and the office tower portions of the building were treated separately, much as they are today. It was determined that the foundations, which had been laid suitable for a shorter building, would have to be removed and rebuilt and there was some question whether the building would be ready for the federal courts by June 1st. "Architect Denny of Atlanta" was said to be in charge of the plans for the seven-story tower (although an earlier article said that Gunn was drawing up the plans for the additional floors) with the work being completed by "Contractor Broxton also of Atlanta" (Macon Telegraph 1905g, 1905g). It is most likely that the article is referring to Willis



Figure 25. 1907 Exterior

Franklin Denny II, an architect of renown in the state, responsible for many buildings, most notably Rhodes Hall in Atlanta. Denny had offices in both Atlanta and Macon and a young Neel Reid even trained under him for a time. This is the only mention of Denny in association with the Grand Building that was uncovered in the archival research that was completed for this project. Denny accomplished much at a very young age and died when he was just 31 in August of 1905, the same year that the Grand was completed (Georgia Trust for Historic Preservation 1986; *Macon Telegraph* 1905j).

In May 1905, Mr. Horine predicted the Grand's office building would be ready for occupancy sometime in the fall (*Macon Telegraph* 1905h). The lower floors of the building were nearing completion in July 1905, though the plate glass for the storefronts had yet to be installed (*Macon Telegraph* 1905i). In August, the *Telegraph* reported that it was a race to see which building would be completed first, the office building part of the Grand Opera House or the new stories of the American National Bank Building (*Macon Telegraph* 1905k). The Grand building was definitely finished by October 1905, as the Elks had their last meeting in their old lodge rooms and announced that they would hold their next weekly session in their new rooms in the Grand Opera House building (*Macon Telegraph* 1905l). The Elks would eventually abandon their suite at the Grand for a new lodge they constructed on Cotton Avenue in 1912, but the Red Cross would take over the space (*Macon Telegraph* 1912a).

For the next two decades, the Grand Opera House was successful, running advertisements in the paper daily for a variety of performances. In the 1920s, the Grand began to have some trouble filling the theater due to competition from several other theaters that had opened, as well as what were seen as high ticket prices. A 1925 article complained that shows that used to pack the house now played to a sparsely settled first floor and topheavy gallery because of the ticket price, saying that a larger number would attend if the ticket price was within reach. Floor tickets were selling for \$1.65 (Smith 1925).

In 1930, the Grand was equipped with sound picture projection equipment (*Macon Telegraph* 1930). The next year, in March 1931, the Grand closed for remodeling so that it could be transformed into a "deluxe motion picture theater" (*Macon Telegraph* 1931a). Work included the installation of new Western Electric sound equipment, new motion picture equipment, and a booth on the mezzanine floor, additional lighting and stage draperies, and lobby improvements. The first movie was Charlie Chaplin's *City Lights* (*Macon Telegraph* 1931a) (Figure 26). The theater must have closed soon after because



Figure 26. Advertisement for Charlie Chaplin's City Lights, Which Played at the Grand for a Week in 1931.

according to the *Telegraph*, the Grand, closed for two years and reopened August 1933 under the management of Lucas and Jenkins Theaters, which also managed the Capitol, Rialto, and Ritz theaters in Macon (*Macon Telegraph* 1933). More reports of the theater closing and reopening were also found in the *Telegraph* archives. On November 13, 1935 a Kiwanis benefit was hosted at the Grand and "lights were winking in the Grand theater marquee last night for the first time in many months" (*Macon Telegraph* 1935).

Another article states that the theater was reopening, yet again, in 1936 (*Macon Telegraph* 1936b). This time the Grand was remodeled for the reopening to include a complete change to the front. The architect's, W. Elliott Dunwoody, Jr., plans called for the interior foyer to be redone in a modern regency style, to include classic pilasters and wrought iron stairway railings. "The stairways will be re-arranged and the lighting modernized. In addition to the decorative effects that have been planned, there will be colored mirrors and concealed neon lights. The carpets in the foyer will be in regency with gold figures on a black field" (*Macon Telegraph* 1936a). A September article further elaborated on the changes being made to the Grand. Griffin and Son were awarded the general contract for the work, which was to be completed by January 1. According to the article, the floor and seats had been removed and a new seating arrangement had been planned to eliminate any visual obstruction from structural poles. It was said that

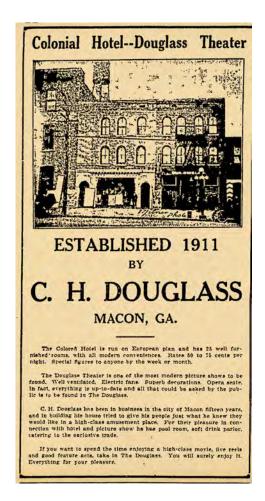


Figure 27. Circa 1937 Photograph

considerable attention was being devoted to new air conditioning and heating systems (*Macon Telegraph* 1936c). Another article noted that the Haywood-Wakefield Company would be planning the seating arrangement (*Macon Telegraph* 1936b). During the remodel, part of the border of the marquee was being removed and fell, breaking a store window in the space occupied by the Remington-Rand Typewriter Company (*Macon Telegraph* 1936d). The theater reopened with little fanfare on Christmas Day 1936, with a showing of *Smartest Girl in Town* at 1pm that same day (*Macon Telegraph* 1936f, 1936e). It is important to note that it does not appear that the second balcony was affected by the remodeling activities that took place in the previous decades. During the 1936 remodel, it was reported that the total capacity of the house would be 1,200, which appears to indicate that the second balcony would no longer be used (*Macon Telegraph* 1936c). Indeed, the Grand did close to black patrons completely at some point in 1930s, which seems to have coincided with the change in management to Lucas and Jenkins.

At that point, there were only two other theater options for African-Americans, the municipal auditorium and the Douglass Theater. In 1915, C. H. Douglass opened his theater exclusively for African-Americans. As an advertisement in the Telegraph stated, "The Douglass Theater is one of the most modern picture shows to be found. Well ventilated. Electric fans. Superb decorations. Opera seats. In fact, everything is up-to-date and all that could be asked by the public is to be found in The Douglass" (Macon Telegraph 1915b) (Figure 28). Douglass was a successful businessman that opened his theater after experiencing the inhospitable conditions for blacks at the Grand, according to local lore. His first theater was located in the building next door to the current Douglass Theater and shared the space with the hotel that Douglass also ran. When fire gutted the building next door to the old Douglass Theater and Hotel on January 01, 1920 (Macon Telegraph 1920a), Douglass erected a three-story theater at 355-359 Broadway (Macon Telegraph 1920b).

Two other African-American theaters would also open in Macon (Smith 2003). The Pic Theater was open from about



1915 Advertisement for the Douglass Theater

1939 until 1942. Additionally, the Dixie Theater on Hardman Street opened in the early-1940s. It was operated by the Bijou Amusement Company. The 355-seat theater catered to an African-American clientele and remained open until approximately 1955 (Cinema Treasures, LLC).

MENTIONS OF SEATING IN THE SECOND BALCONY

While interesting and relevant to the history of the Grand Opera House as a whole, the majority of articles and other documents found during research regarding the made no direct mention of the second balcony itself. There were, however, countless advertisements in the *Telegraph* that ran specific to the performances at the Grand, many of which listed ticket prices for the floor, balcony, and "colored gallery." These ads provided the most consistent source of published information about the second balcony. Only a very few articles in the newspaper were located that mention the gallery after the theater opened and they are presented in the following paragraphs.

The first mention of the second balcony was in 1908 when a theater goer wrote into the Telegraph that the noise from the peanut gallery was "inexcusable and intolerable, and interfered greatly with the audience downstairs." The letter mentioned that there were two officers stationed downstairs, "where there is little need," and that they ought to be stationed in the galleries (Macon Telegraph 1908a). Chief Westcott replied that the police were doing what they could, but that it was difficult when 1000 seats were sold for the gallery, which only seats 800. He said that he was going to have a conference with Manager Phillips to see that in the future no more tickets than the seating capacity would be sold (Macon Telegraph 1908b). Apparently, the police were a constant presence in the theater, both on and off duty, to the point where they were thought to be abusing their privileges. The downstairs doorman refused admittance to one officer, Detective Amerson, and was arrested after the theater management had issued orders that no policeman be admitted for free unless he was in uniform and on duty. These orders were put in place after an alleged stampede of policemen came to see the Dockstader minstrels. Sometimes as many as 15 officers flashed their badges for admittance. The matter even went before the police court where Manager Phillips and Chief Connor were able to agree on a number of policemen to be admitted per show (Macon Telegraph 1905e, 1905f).

A 1912 article said that "colored nurses with white children have proven a boon to the mothers who do not always find time from their house work even to visit the popular Grand (everybody doing it) and daily large numbers of the colored nurses with white children are seen in the balcony" (Macon Telegraph 1912c). This may be a reference to the first, rather than the second balcony. Rules may have differed in certain circumstances. It would seem that in the case of a black nurse charged with caring for a white child, that they would be seated together.

Another article laid out the pricing structure during matinee and night performances,

Matinee prices will be 20 cents for first twelve rows and 10 cents for balance of lower floor and balcony and gallery (gallery for colored people only) the night prices will be 10 cents admission, balcony and gallery, and 20 cents admission lower floor. The first twelve rows and all boxes will sell for 30 cents up to 8:20 each night – after that hour, all seats on the lower floor are 20 cents, that is, all unoccupied reserve seats. The reserved seat tickets are sold in advance, in fact, a week in advance, but the holder of the reserved seat must be in his or her seat before 8:20 each night, else forfeit all claim to the seat. A big clock will be installed in the lobby of the Grand calling attention to this rule, as well as advertising all over the city, and in the local newspapers (*Macon Telegraph* 1912b).

From a community concert in 1921, "The swell of 2,500 voice in a vast community chorus – shrill voices of the children in front, the melodious tones of negro chorus in the gallery, the trained tone of the song leader's class on the stage, and roar from the main floor and balcony – all blended in to one harmonious swell and ebb yesterday at the Grand Theater, when Macon expressed itself in music." "The singing of the gallery was beyond all question melodious and beautiful, the audience bursting into a roar of applause when they completed the chorus of My Old Kentucky Home" (Macon Telegraph 1921).

In December 1926, a group of newspaper delivery boys for the *Telegraph* were treated to a vaudeville show. "The white boys were provided with seats in the balcony and the colored boys were given seats in the 'peanut gallery'" (*Macon Telegraph* 1926b).

It appears that the Grand would sometimes modify seating to suit the performance as needed, as was the case for two nights when the musical comedy "Shuffle Along" with an all African-American cast played at the Grand in February 1924, with the "balcony and gallery being reserved for colored people, main floor reserved for whites only" (*Macon Telegraph* 1924a).

There are also instances in which white patrons were seated in the gallery, when soldiers from Camp Wheeler were treated to a concert of the Royal Scotch Highlander's Band "every seat being occupied from top to the bottom, and so was every available space for standing. For once society people and soldiers had to go to the peanut gallery to find seats" (*Macon Telegraph* 1917). When Montgomery McGovern, "distinguished traveler and lecturer," spoke at the Grand, the gallery was reserved for college students, who would have been white (*Macon Telegraph* 1924b). Mercer did not admit their first black student, Sam Oni, until 1963 (Castillo 2011). For the Fall Follies of 31, college and high school students were accommodated in the second balcony (*Macon Telegraph* 1931b).

Dean Bakewell, who lived for a time in the Arcadia Hotel next door to the Grand beginning in 1905 when he was a young boy, said he "saw everything that came to the Grand" and performed in several local productions as well. He recalled sitting in the second balcony, or "the peanut." He said that women were not allowed there in his youth and also said, "The white boys were on one side and colored boys on the other and old man Tom Avant, a policeman, watched the boys. He had a piece of lead on a string at the end, and when any fighting started that lead would come down on a boy's head" (McKay 1978). He spoke of seeing "Ben Hur," "Polly of the Circus" and many other plays from the top balcony for a quarter admission fee. He also remembered attending many other shows with his mother, where they would sit in the first row of the lower balcony. The last road show he remembered seeing was Chu Chin Chow, a musical comedy that toured in the 1920s. He also saw both "Birth of a Nation" (1915) and Gone With the Wind (1940) at the Grand (McKay 1978).

Although the theater had closed to black audiences in the mid 1930s, there was at least one instance where African-American patrons were permitted back in the Grand. *Gone With the Wind* premiered on December 15, 1939 at the Loew's Grand Theater in Atlanta, also owned by DeGive, and in Macon on January 24, 1940. The movie was shown exclusively at the Grand twice daily for nine days and all tickets were reserved and available at the Grand's box office. (*Macon Telegraph* 1940a). There was no mention

of the tickets available to African-Americans; however, a letter appeared in a March issue of the *Telegraph* that was written to the *Southern Frontier*, an African-American periodical, and published with their permission. The letter sent in by Florence J. Hunt was published under the title, "Some Day the Veil Will Be Lifted." Her letter addressed her opinion that "even as African-Americans were feeling that the South is really undergoing a change in its feeling racially – that the spirit of justice and fair play are on the upward trend – something arises to take the joy out of life." Hunt was referring to the fact that the black audience in Macon was "asked to go to the second balcony by way of the open fire escape if they wish to see *Gone With the Wind*," even as Hattie McDaniel, an African-American cast member, was cited as "nearly stealing the show from Clark Gable and Vivian Leigh" (Hunt 1940). McDaniel would go on to win a Best Supporting Actress Oscar, the first for an African-American actor, for her performance the very next month.

Although it is presumed that African-American patrons of the Grand were expected to use the exterior fire escapes to access the second balcony, this is the only written evidence that was found to attest to that information. It speaks volumes that this information came from an African-American publication – obviously complaints by African-Americans wouldn't be directed to the *Telegraph* and likewise, directions to African-Americans about what entrance to use wouldn't have been published, but would rather be common knowledge. Mr. Javers Lucas, who experienced sitting in the balcony as a young man, confirmed this information. He stated that African-American patrons purchased tickets from an outside ticket booth and entered the theater from an exterior staircase that led to the second floor of the theater, where they could then access the second balcony.

ANALYSIS

The second balcony of the NRHP-listed Grand Opera House is an excellent example of a Jim Crow era seating section and retains an usually high degree of integrity. Integrity is defined as the ability of a historic resource to convey its significance. When assessing integrity of historic resources, there are seven aspects of integrity that are generally evaluated: location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and the second balcony possesses integrity in all of these areas. The second balcony obviously remains in its as-built location. Though the theater has undergone renovations in previous years, these changes mainly affected the upholstery of the lower

level seating, the paint colors, and systems upgrades. The view of and from the second balcony remains just as it has been since its construction in 1905. The second balcony also retains its original design and the majority of its original material. Alterations to the second balcony have been executed in order to install lighting and sound equipment. These changes include the removal of the first row of benches at the front of the balcony and several rows from the center section, which were taken out to make room for the addition of a modern production booth. Additionally, some of the historic exterior doors leading to the fire escapes have been replaced with modern doors and although the bathroom spaces remain, the fixtures have been removed. While some material changes have occurred, these alterations have had a minimal impact on the balcony's ability to convey its historic feeling as a Jim Crow era segregated seating section. The sense of the place is overwhelming upon entering the second balcony. The height, distance from the stage, steep slope, treacherous staircases, cramped, rigid benches and their lack of legroom, all contribute to what can euphemistically be called an "uncomfortable" experience. The further realization, when standing in the second balcony, that 800 to 1,000 people would often be crammed in that space, at the very top of the theater, sometimes in the summer, and that this was an indisputable reality for a segment of the population in their effort to seek a night's entertainment, is transformative.

The majority of theaters constructed in the South during Jim Crow were built with segregated sections for African-American patrons; however, there are very few that retain the high degree of integrity that is seen at the Grand Opera House. Countless theaters have been demolished and those that remain have most often been remodeled. Though the actual structure of the balconies or sections may remain, the features that would have made it recognizable as a segregated section have been removed. For example, most people that have attended the Fox Theater in Atlanta do not realize that the uppermost section of the balcony, known as the gallery, was historically reserved for African-Americans. This is because the short wall that separated that section from the rest of the balcony was modified to allow access between the two sections and the seats now match the seats in the rest of the theater. Another feature of the Grand's second balcony is the sheer size of the space, which was built to seat 800 to 1000 people. The segregated gallery at the Fox held less that 500 people, even though it was the largest historic theater in the state with a total capacity of 4,665. Another resource, the Hawkinsville Theater, was actually built by the same architect as the Grand Opera House, W. R. Gunn. The theater, which is still in use, also has three tiers of seating, but is much more modest with only 576 seats total. When the theater was listed on the NRHP in

1973, it still had its historic seating; however, the entire theater was renovated in 2000 and all the seats in the theater were replaced. The Albany Theater, constructed in 1927, with 2,000 seats rivaled the Grand in terms of seating capacity. In this theater, African Americans were seated in a section called the "crow's nest" at the right side of the upper balcony. There was an effort to rehabilitate the dilapidated theater in 2001 and it was listed on the NRHP in 2006, but current plans would convert it into condominiums.

The Springer Opera House in Columbus, Georgia is the most similar theater to the Grand Opera House in terms of its design and preserved condition. The Springer also has three tiers of seating with the top tier being the section of the theater where African Americans were historically seated. Like the Grand, it retains much of the original seating in its second balcony, which is no longer used to seat patrons. The total capacity of the theater is approximately 700, not including the gallery, which would have likely had between two and three hundred seats, a space far smaller than the second balcony at the Grand.

Compared to similar resources, the Grand Opera House and its second balcony stand out from their counterparts as unrivaled in the state in terms of its magnitude and well-preserved condition, uncommon for a Jim Crow era theater resource. It is historically significant under the themes of entertainment, commerce, and architecture, as well as social history and African American heritage for its association with segregation in the Jim Crow era.

EL BRENDEL STAR IN RITZ PICTURE

Fifi Dorsay Also Appears in Mr. Lemon of Orange

El Brendel and Fifi Dorsay, stars edy, Mr. Lemon of Orange at the Ritz on Monday and Tuesday. Oth-

ON THE AIR

Scenes From Pictures Coming to Capitol



Upper left, Bachelor Father, Capitol, Wednesday and Thursday; lower left, East Lynne, Capitol, Monday and Tuesday and upper and lower right, Unfaithful, Capitol, Friday and Saturday.

Literior of Re-Modelled Grand



EAST LYNNE HERE FOR CAPITOL RUN

Ann Harding and Conrad Nagel Have Leading Roles

ANALYST COMING TO CAPITOL SOON

BOOTH REMA AS GRAND I

Manager of House Has perience in Many







Had Ex-



It Could Happen To Any Woman!

Tempted by a man more charming than sincere. Offered escape from the dull duties of an unromantic marriage. Promised the carefree gayety of Paris and Vienna, instead of the dreary drabness she could not endure. Who could con-

Beryl Mercer-O. P.

EXTRA!

Chapter IV

PRESERVATION AND INTERPRETATION **OPPORTUNITIES**

Mercer University, as custodian of the Grand Opera House, has a unique opportunity to thoughtfully steward this important historic resource and share it with the public. The second balcony of the Grand could provide an incomparable way for the public to come in contact with a formerly segregated space that still has the ability to convey a historic sense of the Jim Crow era. Actually standing in such a space is a much more visceral experience than simply reading about it or visiting an exhibit and presents a unique cultural and educational opportunity. That said, an accompanying interpretative exhibit would only enrich the experience. This section identifies preservation options for the historic space, to be expanded upon in a feasibility study, and includes opportunities for both the preservation and interpretative of this unique resource, as well as adaptive reuse.

PRESERVATION

- The first option is to preserve the second balcony in-place and establish a materially-appropriate cleaning/light-maintenance schedule for the space. The National Park Service has published a series of *Preservation Briefs* and *Preservation Tech Notes* that provide in-depth guidance on the appropriate treatment of a variety of historic materials. These publications should be consulted in the creation of any cleaning/maintenance plan for the second balcony.
- Another option would be to consider having the NRHP nomination rewritten. The nomination form on file for the Grand Opera House was written in 1970 and much of the information is incorrect, including the statement that the Grand and the Academy of Music are the same building. Further, the current nomination does not include an adequate architectural description of the building or statement of significance and makes no mention of the building's association with African American history. NRHP nominations today are much more comprehensive in the amount of documentation presented.
- Mercer University could consider partnering with other state and regional institutions that steward other extant segregated resources, with the possibility of tours, both physical and virtual, and abundant educational opportunities.

INTERPRETATION

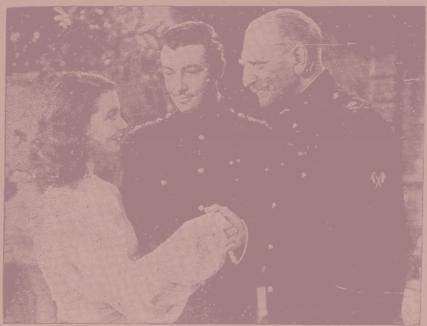
Interpretation of the second balcony is another option that could be accomplished in several ways. Ideally, the public would be able to physically inhabit the space;

however, the current configuration of the second balcony presents safety challenges in accommodating the public and allowing them the opportunity to experience the balcony first hand.

- The first would be to create an exhibit interpreting segregation and the African-American theater experience in the Jim Crow era. The placement of the exhibit could either be placed on the back wall of the second balcony or in an alternate space.
- The second interpretive opportunity would be through limited-access tours which would allow the public access to the balcony, in the area at the top of the stairs behind the wooden pews, which could be cordoned off and may not require as many safety upgrades.
- An opportunity may also exist in which the public could experience sitting in the pews as part of a tour, but this would require a much more thorough and thoughtful examination of how to renovate the second balcony to allow access, while considering the preservation of the historic space a priority.

ADAPTIVE RE-USE

- To renovate a portion of the second balcony, so that it could be used to seat patrons during shows using the existing wooden bench current seating. Although not up to modern standards, sitting in these seats could be part of the experience of visiting the theater. Visitors to the Ryman Auditorium in Nashville still sit in the wooden pews dating from the late 1800s. Renovation of the historic space should prioritize the preservation of historic integrity as much as possible.
- Another option would expand the current seating capacity of the Grand Opera House and employ some of the space in the second balcony for upgraded patron seating. This could be accomplished by removing some of the wooden bench seats in the balcony and replacing them with individual upholstered seats. Ideally, these would be installed in the bottom rows of the second balcony, where the first row of benches has already been removed and several other rows in the center portion were removed for the installation of the production booth. It is recommended that at least half of the historic wooden bench seating remain in place. In the event that benches are removed from the second balcony, an effort should be made to place them in a suitable repository.

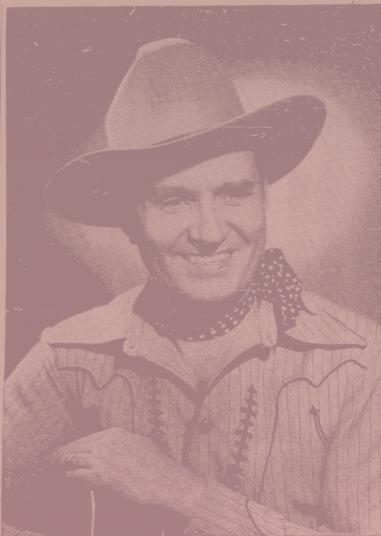


AN OLD FAVORITE brought back by popular demand is Waterloo Bridge, starring Vivien Leigh and Robert Taylor shown here in a scene with Sir Aubrey Smith. The picture, which was made before Miss Leigh returned to England, and Taylor entered the U. S. Naval Air Corps will play the Grand theater Friday and Saturday.



FROM THE LAND OF MAKE-BELIEVE comes the story of Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, which Walt Disney has transformed into a great Technicolor production. The full length feature will play the Rialto Theater, Friday and Saturday.





STILL RIDING HIGH, Gene Autry, now a flight officer in the Army A pilots planes instead of ponies, but his pictures continue their pre-war po Oh, Susanna, one of Gene's best Westerns will be shown at the Ritz thesurday.



GRAND THEATER

color).

Sunday-Monday: Irish Eyes Are Smiling — Dick Haynes, Monty Woolley, Jane Haver (in technicolor).

reid. Friday—Mark of the Whistler—Richard Dix.
Saturday: Oh, Susana — Gene Autry, also advertisement of Flying Cadets.

EAST MACON THEATER

Monologuist, Author To Appear at GSCW

At the L. & J. Theaters UDC Officials

Sunday-Monday: Abroad With
Two Yanks—William Bendix, Dennis O'Keefe.
Tuesday-Thursday: Can't Help
Singing—Deanna Durbin, Robert
Paige [in Technicolor].
Friday - Saturday: Waterloo
Bridge - Robert Taylor, Vivian
Leigh.
CAPITOL THEATER
Sunday-Dark Mountain Files

CAPITOL THEATER
Sunday-Dark Mountain Files

Past state president, and N

CAPITOL THEATER
Sunday—Dark Mountain, Ellen
Drew, Robert Lowery.
Monday - Wednesday: Barbary
Monday - Wednesday: Barbary
nie Barnes.
Thursday-Saturday: And Now
Tomorrow—Lorette Young, Alan
Ladd.
RIALTO THEATER
Sunday-Tuesday: Woman of The
Town — Albert Dekker, Claire
Trevor.
Wednesday - Thursday: Make
Your Own Bed—Jack Carson,
Jone Wyman.
Friday-Saturday: Snow White
and the Seven Dwarks (in technicolor).

PLOY THEATER

TODAY and N SHOWS TODAY

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1903b \$40,000 To Be Spent On The Academy. *Macon Telegraph*, October 8.

1904a Fire Escapes Will Be Required By Law. *Macon Telegraph*, January 13.

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1904c "The Grand" is Name of New Play-House. Macon Telegraph, April 3.

1904d Work Has Started On New Play House. Macon Telegraph, April 5.

1904e Old Play House is Thing of the Past. *Macon Telegraph*, April 17.

1904f	Sky-Scraper To Be Built. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , April 19.
1904g	Work on the Grand Progressing Well. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , April 24.
1904h	Crump's Park Will Open May 9. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , April 24.
1904i	Seven Story Opera Building is Assured. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , November 5.
1905a	Phillips to Manage Grand Opera House. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , January 2.
1905b	Opera House Will Open Next Month. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , January 10.
1905c	Contract For The Elks Home. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , January 17.
1905d	Federal Court and Its New Location. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , January 20.
1905e	Opening Performance of the Grand Opera House Tonight with "Glittering Gloria." <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , February 1.
1905f	Theatre Will Fight Entrance Question. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , March 9.
1905g	Changes Being Made on Grand Opera. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , March 15.
1905h	Treasurer Horine and Next Season. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , May 21.
1905i	Along The Line, Sightseeing. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , July 10.
1905j	Mr. Willis F. Denny Dies In Colorado. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , August 19.
1905k	About The Town. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , August 23.
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1908a	Want Better Order In Peanut Gallery. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , September 3.
1908b	Short Stories. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , September 22.
1912a	Macon Elks To Put Up Six-Story Building. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , March 3.
1912b	At The Grand, Keith Vaudeville Opens The Grand Monday. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , September 19.
1912c	At The Grand, Last Chance to "Onalp" - Matinee This Afternoon Will Be Crowded With Women and Children. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , December 7.
1915	Advertisement for the Colonial Hotel - Douglas Theater. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , August

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1917	Soldiers Are Given Fine Musical Treat. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , November 5.
1920a	Down-Town Fire Guts Building. Macon Telegraph, January 12.
1920b	Negro Theater Permit Issued. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , November 10.
1921	Community Sing Draws Crowd of 2,500 to Theater. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , February 28.
1924a	Advertisement for "Shuffle Along" at the Grand. Macon Telegraph, February 6.
1924b	Advertisement for William Montgomery McGovern at the Grand. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , March 4.
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1930	Players Choose Opening Comedy. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , October 26.
1931a	Grand to Reopen as Movie House. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , April 5.
1931b	Peabody to Have Role in "Follies;" Many Seats Sold. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , October 7.
1933	Grand to Reopen as Movie House. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , July 14.
1935	Big Hand Given to Pirate Gold. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , November 13.
1936a	Grand Theater To Be Reopened. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , April 29.
1936b	Grand Repairing Will Begin Soon. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , May 1.
1936c	Grand Reopening Will Come Jan. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , September 18.
1936d	City News. Macon Telegraph, September 25.
1936e	Whaley Announces New Grand Staff. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , December 24.
1936f	Advent of Better Times Brightens 1936 Yuletide. <i>Macon Telegraph</i> , December 25.
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CONTREADR SCONFIES SECTION

EL BRENDEL STAR IN RITZ PICTURE

Fifi Dorsay Also Appears in Mr. Lemon of Orange

REGINALD DENNY COMING

El Brendel and Fifi Dorsay, stars in many hits, will have the leading roles in For Pictures' newest comedy, Mr. Lemon of Orange at the Rits on Monday and Tuesday. Others in the cast are Joan Castle and Donald Dillaway.

The story of a beautiful prime donna is Oh, For a Man coming to the Ritz on Wednesday and Thursday, and featuring Jennette Mac-Donald, Reginald Denny and Mariorie White.

The Ritz picture for Friday and Saturday will be Bob Steele in The Ridin' Fool.

Monday And Tuesday

Joan Castle, who has an important role in the cast of Mr. Lemon o Orange, the Fox comedy, which stars El Brendel and Piti Doray and which opens Monday at the Rais theater, came to Hollywood without any professional experience.

She attended an audition at the Paince theater in New York City, which was held under the auspices of Guis Edwards, and made such as impression on the producer that he signed her to a contract and them recommended her to Fox Films.

Miss Castle was born in Manhattan but at an early age moved with her parents to Brooklyn, where sae

In addition to the stars and Mis Castle, William Collier, St., Donal Dillaway and Ruth Warren appen in Mr. Lemon of Orange, John Bly stone directed from the story of Jac-Haves.

Wednesday And Thursday

Many comedy moments will be suy plied in 10h, For a Man! the Formovictone production coming to the Rits theater, by the inimitable du Warren Hymer and Manjorie White In the access atory Hymer plus the role of "Pung Morini," known the boxing fame, as "The Wallopin Won," who marries "Totay Frazillin," a vandeville singer and hoote played by Marjorie White. "Pung decides to honeymoon it m Italy, thome of this parents, and there because Reginald Denny, the burgits who married a prima donns, and

During the action Miss White logically introduces a song and dance number, Par Just Nuts Acout You, written especially for her by Wil-

Jeanette MacDonald is co-featured

Hamilton MacFulden directed the licture, and it is agreed to be the martest piece of direction of the

Oh. For a. Man! with its unusual theme, is about the snartest, most sophisticated and genuinely sparicing comedy that has come this way in many a year—Advertisament.

ON THE AIR

(Time is Eastern: Standard Throughout NEW YOUR, April 4 (2)—Special programs in observance of Easter, includin survise services on both coasts, service at Arlunton commencery. Weathington and interest the service at Arlunton commencery. Weathington were texture of the day is to be devoted the correct of the day is to be devoted the correct of the day in the programs will believed during the weekly religious processes.

Scenes From Pictures Coming to Capitol



Upper left, Bachelor Father, Capitol, Wednesday and Thursday; lower left, East Lynne, Capitol, Monday and Tuesday and upper and lower right, Unfaithful, Capitol, Friday and Saturday.

I. terior of Re-Modelled Grand



EAST LYNNE HERE FOR CAPITOL RUN

Ann Harding and Conrad Nagel Have Leading Roles

MARION DAVIES COMING

East Lynce, the famous melodrama fint has survived more than half a century, will be presented at the Capitol theater on Monday and Tuesday, in what is considered to be the most elaborate Fox film production of the current season. A distinguished cast will be seen, icluding Ann Harding, Conrad Nagel, Clive Brook, Cecilia Loftus and Beryl Mercer.

On Wednesday and Thursday the Capitol will offer the Bachelor Father, the film adaptation of a fanous stage success. Marion Davies has the leading role. The featured attraction or Friday and Saturday will be Unfaithful, starring Ruth Charterion.

In addition to the picture attractions Manager Howard's, Amos has booked Madam Zara, psychologist and analyst, who will be in her booth on the mezanniae floor both afternoon and evening during the earlier week and will give readings to any of the Capitol patrons who wish an interview.

Monday and Tuesday

Ann Harding, one of the acreen's most lovable personalities, is perfectly cast in the Fox special production, East Lynne, and is surrounded or many other stars of first magniude. East Lynne has been halled by eading orities as a great film.

For Film consumed more than six months in research work, preparation and actual production, but it was time well spent, for East Lynns is the screen's mightlest ro-

Tom Barry and Bradley King. Broadway playwrights, adapted the story which concerns the love affair of an outcast wife and her busband; best friend. It is a heart-rending might into the souls of real mer and women, Joseph Urban, who designed the settings for Broadway; createst productions, is responsible for the scanic grandeur of Ean Lynne, for-which the direction by Frank Lloyd, who directed by Frank Lloyd, who directed the setting the season of the season of

Wednesday and Thursday Marion Davies returns to the Co

itol screen after many months' absupre in The Hachelor Father. This
M-G-M production is based on the
stage play of the same name and
is rated as one of the significant
comedy dramas of the year. Miss
Davies is paired with Ralph Forbes
and is supported by a notable cast.
Thursday and Friday.

the dislitusioned wife of a public hero, is Ruth Chatterton's latest dramatic sensation. Paul Lukus, seen with Miss Chatterton in her recent pictures, Anybody's Woman and The Hight to Love, has the chief supporting role, with Paul Cavanugh and Juliette Compton, both well-known stage favorites heading the cust.—Advertisement.

ANALYST COMING TO CAPITOL SOON

A special booth on the mezzanine floor of the Capitol has been prepared for Madam Zara, psychologist and analyst, who will appear at the theater throughout the week, both matines and evening. In this booth Madam Zara will grant interviews to all patrons of the Capitol who desire to consult her for character

BOOTH REMA AS GRAND I

Manager of House Has perience in Many

E. A. Booth, who man Grand theater during the the Peruchi Players presstock engagement, will r Macon as resident manag



E. A. BOOTH

theater under the change Mr. Booth has had 'wdo, in all lines of theater wo been associated with it amusement company in C. some 15 years ago when haistant general; manager holdings, operating some I This same company expa Maryvilla and Knoxville. The was transferred, to many the company can be was transferred, to many the company can be was transferred, to many the company can be well as the company can be well as the company can be well as the company can be companied to many can be companied to many can be companied to the c

His experience consists ing theaters, presenting tures, dramatic stock for tures, dramatic stock for these of amissinent. He a for the Southern Enterprises for years, and Paramount-Pu Later, he was president of Enterprises, which operat of theaters in east Tenne also associated with the Gaters. Inc., in Bristol, Teaters, inc., in Bristol, Teaters.

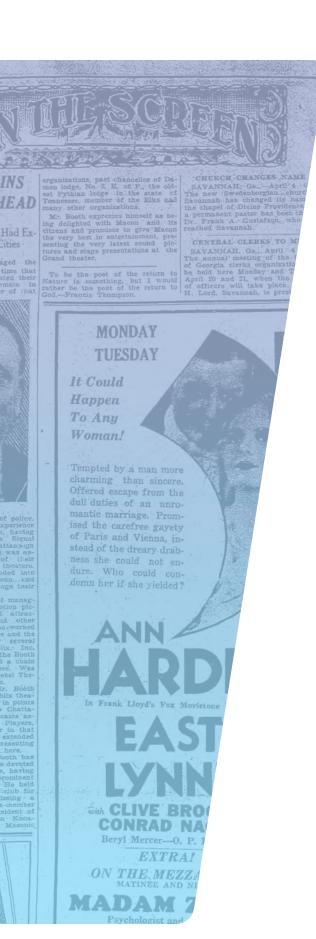
During the year 1939 I was associated with the Puers in managerial capacity in Texas. He returned toogs last summer and become that the Peruchi operating the Bijou theat city. This company later heir activities to Macou.

In cities in which Mr. It formerly been located he iss much time to civic matter held membership in many! cities and fraternal orders membership in the Rotary seven years without meeting. He is also an e of the Civitah, former prothe Shrine Luncheon cities wills, Ten., member of the





APPENDICES



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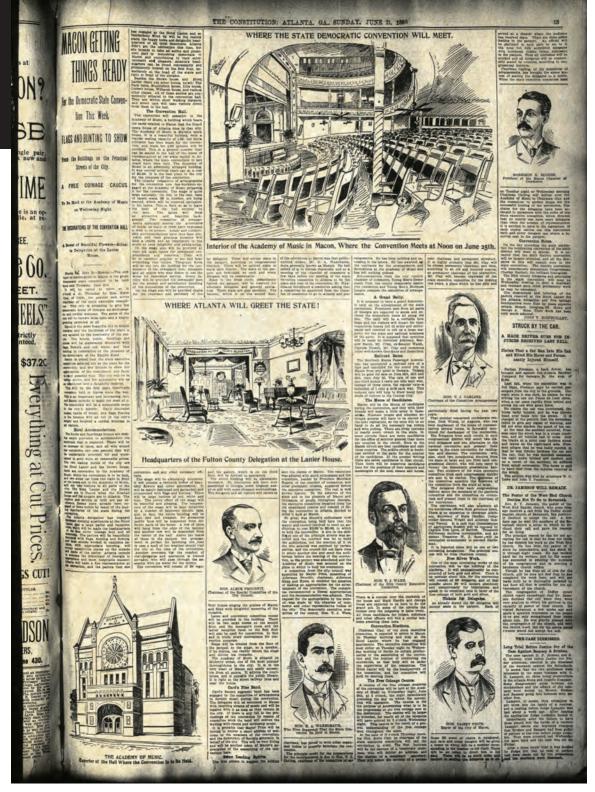
APPENDIX A

HISTORIC NEWSPAPER ARTICLES

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

June 21, 1896

60



Appendix A

ven months of 14 per cent.

To Be Enlarged.

Some months ago Mr. DeGive came to Macon and, with Mr. Horne, went over the place fully. Mr. Horne claimed that Macon patrons were entitled to a larger and a better equipped house and Mr. DeGive concurred with him. It was then that the owners determined to remodel and enlarge the building, which, when it was thrown open, was one of the most commodious and attractive in the south. But since that time Macon has outgrown the capacity of the Academy of Music and, in order to showstheir appreciation of the patronage given the house, the owners then decided to enlarge it. A new front, constructed in an attractive style, will be given the building, while the lots on either side will be used in making the structure wider. A larger stage will be given the house and when the \$30,000 set aside for the improvements have been expended Macon will have as handsome a playhouse as any city in the south. It is hardly probable, however, that the work will be completed before the season of 1904 opens.

To Enlarge Academy of Music.

cause only.

Macon, Ga., May 20.—(Special.)—The Academy of Music is to be enlarged, remodled and in every way improved, so far as the expenditure of \$35,000 will accomplish that work. L. DeGive, of Atlanta, owner of the Grand and Columbia theaters in that city, was in Macon this morning, and with Henry Horne and Frank Turpin viewed the present building and grounds with a view to discussing the contemplated improvements.

The front and rear walls of the building are to be torn away and the length of the structure increased. A magnificent front is to take the place of the one now standing, while stores are to be erected on the vacant lots on either side of the building as it now stands. These are to form a part of the new front, and when completed no building in the south will make a pretter front than the Academy of Music here.

The auditorium is to remain on the ground floor, as it is now, but the changes contemplated will give Macon a handsome and commodious play house. The interior is to be entirely overhauled and in every way renovated. The plans have already been drawn, but so far have not been given out. In every detail the new theater will be equal to the best in the south.

Just when the work will begin Mr. DeGive could not say, as the plans under consideration up to the present will have to be modified in some respects. The improvements may be completed by the cpering of the coming theatrical season, but it is hardly probable the building will then be a finished quantity.

\ugust 11, 1903

MACON THEATER

Atlanta Architects To Change Academy of Music.

Well-known Central City Playhouse Will Be Practically Bebuilt On Most Modern and Handsome Lines Known to Designers of Such Structures.

Macon, Ga., April 3.-(Special.)-Architeots from Atlanta, who are to direct the remodeling, practically the reconstruction, of the Academy of Music here, will reach the city tomorrow morning and work on the changes contemplated will begin within the next few days. The new theater will be much larger in every respect than the one now in use, and will be in keeping with the very best play houses in the south. The stage will have a frontage of 90 feet, with a depth of 60, while the seating capacity will be almost two times that of the present structure. The new front will be as handsome and imposing as that of any play house constructed in recent years. Henry Horne, representing the owners of b the property, will still retain the man-

9 ∞ THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA. SHIDAY

FROM THE STAGE OF LIFE L. DEGIVE MAKES EXIT

After Long Illness End Comes at His Winter Home at Rockledge, Florida

HIS FUNERAL SERVICES WILL BE HELD ON SUNDAY

Messages From Lee Shusters which is not stated at the stated at the state of the st



TO DEGIVE FAMILY

91



WILL OF DECIVE READ TO FAMILY: DIVISION EQUAL

Large Estate Will Be Kept Intact for the Next Fifteen Years at Least

NO CHANGE IN CONDUCT OF THE LOCAL THEATERS

2,

MACON THEATRE TO BE CHANGED

Stockholders Will Meet to Discuss the Matter.

REMODEL EDIFICE TO

Office Building to Be Made of the Front Portion of the House and the Theatre Is to Occupy the Rear Portion-Architect Will Meet With the Stockholders and Lay Plans Before Them.

The stockholders of the Academy of Music will meet next Wednesday to consider a plan for an important change and improvement of the Academy building. The plan which will be considered is to tear out the front of the Academy of Music and build a modern office building in front and place the theatre in the rear.

It is proposed to add another bal-cony, so that there can be a better division of classes, and increase the

division of classes, and increase the seating capacity from 800 to 1,000, making a total seating capacity of 2,200, and in an emergency, a maximum capacity of 3,000.

An architect, commissioned to draft plans covering the proposed changes, will meet with the stockholders. A change of the sort proposed has been under consideration for a long time, and is now practically agreed upon. With the increase in the scating capacity of the theatre, Macon will have an ample auditorium for convention purposes—something that is very much needed. It is proposed to make the theatre up to date in every respect, so that Macon will have one of the most attractive play houses of the country. attractive play houses of the country.

IMPROVEMENTS IN ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Pians Being Drawn, and Work Will Probably De Completed in Time for Next Senson,

The plans for improving the Academy of Music, in accordance with the idea explained in the Telegraph some time ago are now being made, and it is thought the work will be completed before the next theatrical season begins in Macon.

The improvements will make the Acadany of Music a more specious auditorium, adding from for at least 500 people more than can now be accommodated. The stage will be placed further back, and the entire front entrance will be changed.

AIR SATURDAY, COLDER IN NORTH AND WEST PORTIONS. SUNDAY PAIR, COLDER IN SOUTHERST PORTION, PRESH WESTERLY TO NORTHWESTERLY WINDS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC SEASON OF 1903-4

Will Be Under New Management, Seventy Attractions Already on the Books Promise a Most Brilliant Season-Next Year \$30,000 Is to Be Expended in Improvements.

Mr. Newcomb's lease of the Academy of Music having expired, the coming senson will witness Macon's playhouse under new management. Mr. Horne, who is interested in the ownership of the academy, states that two propositions to lease the theatre are now being considered by him, and he will decide shortly about either accepting one of the propositions or to conduct the management himself. Over seventy leading attractions have already been booked, and the season promises to be the most brilliant since the academy was built.

Mr. De Give has entered into an agreement with Mr. Horne to spend \$30,000 on improvements of the theatre, and it is proposed to utilize the front for office purposes. Forty rooms will be arranged for a lawyers' range.

This improvement would have been made this year, but owing to the impossibility of getting ready in time, so as not to interfere with the season's bookings, the work had to be deferred until the close of the coming season, which will be earlier than usual, in order to have ample time to complete the work before the opening of another season.

October 10, 1903

\$40.000 TO BE SPENT ON THE ACADEMY

Will Be Enlarged and Made an up-to-Date Play House, in Keeping With the Progressive Conditions of Macon.

Architects will be in Macon next week to make new plans for the enlargement and improvement of the Academy of Music. The improvement of this play house has been under consideration for some time. It was finally decided to expend \$30,000, but the work was postponed till next season in order to have plenty of time to do the work proposed.

It has now been decided to expend \$40,000, and make more extensive improvements. The owners have been led to this conclusion because they are satisfied that Macon is entitled to a better play house and that such an investment will pay. They recognize that Macon is growing, and that thea tre-goers are increasing.

It is the intention, when the Academy is enlarged, to book the same attractions for it that are played at the Grand in Atlanta.

FIRE ESCAPES WILL BE REQUIRED BY LAW

ON ALL BUILDINGS IN MACON, THREE OR MORE STORIES IN HEIGHT COUNCIL POSTPONED ACTION RELATIVE TO THE ACADEMY. ALDERMAN SLOAN CALLED ATTENTION TO THE ALLEGED FRIC-TION BETWEEN THE CITY AND COUNTY CHAINGANGS - UNUSU-ALLY SHORT WAS THE MEETING OF THE CITY FATHERS.

The ordinance committee was instructed by council last night to see immediately to the drawing of an ordinance requiring that fire-escupes be placed upon all buildings in the city three stories or more in height.
Upon the request of Alderman Happ

anuary 1, 1904

there was read before council that portion of the report of the chief of the fire department dealing with the question of fire escapes and relative to the

fire department dealing with the question of fire escapes and relative to the situation at the Academy of Music. Chief Jones is of the opinion that fire escapes should be placed on all structures three or more stories high and he also advised certain changes at the Academy of Music.

It was proposed to have a big shaft erected over the stage of the operahouse so that in case of fire on the stage the flames would find an outlet through the ceiling and would not be forced to leap into the main auditorium, thereby endangering the lives of the people in the audience. It was further suggested that a hose be placed upon the stage in case of emergency and also that a fire plug be placed in the rear of the building.

Alderman Happ, chairman of the fire committee, stated that he had conferred with Manager Horne in regard to the proposed changes and the latter provenents would soon be made in provements would soon be made in provements would soon be made in the building and asked that more time be given in the matter. Mr. Horne suggested that he write to Mr. DeGive of Atlanta, the owner. Mr. Happ stated that he had complied with the suggestion but had not received a reply. It was finally decided to postpone ac-

gestion but had not received a reply.

It was finally decided to postpone action in regard to the Academy until
the next meeting.

Friction in the Forces
"Without casting any reflection upon
any one," said Alderman Stoan last
night, "I desire to call attention to
some differences that now exist besome differences that now exist between the city and county forces that are now working upon the streets of the city. It appears to me that it would be to the interests of the city if all fortion could be done away wall. It stems that there is much opposition to the way they are grading down the streets and leaving the houses on high embankments without any approach. I understand that there is talk of a litigation resulting from alleged damage to property on Houndary."

In the absence of Aldeiman Joyon, chairman of the street committee, Mayor Smith called the attention of the other members to the matter.

According to agreement, the city has the use of the county gang for a cer-tain time each year, and the member of the county force are now bein

tain time each year, and the member of the county force are now being worked upon the streets together with the city force.

Alderman Sloan intimated that the trouble resulted from differences between the respective managements. If would not consult himself further upon the subject. The alderman beguings remarks by asking how many meand the number of muess that the street committee now control.

Other Matters Considered.

and the number of muses that the street committee now control.

Other Matters Considered.

Upon the reading of the minutes Ablerman Masses moved to reconside that portion dealing with the reduction of the trading stamp license whirt was made at the last meeting. The motion was lost.

A petition from M. B. Gerry wa read asking that a water plug be located at the corner of Third avenuand Ward street, on the ground that the adjacent property was not sufficiently protected by proposed distribution of the plugs. The matter was referred to the committee on water.

The report of the clerk of the market showed the receipts for the plus week to kave been \$190.80.

The report of the finance committee, recommending that the litersection of Jones street and Georgia avenue with College street be paved, waterlief.

mue with College street be paved, wa adopted.

adopted.

Upon the motion of Alderman Happ it was decided to have bricks laid be side the street car rails in the pave ment of College street. It was furthe agreed that the city should pay one fourth of the cost of placing a layer o concrete between the rails. The stree car company will bear one-fourth o the expense, while the contractor agreed to meet the remainder of the cost. The action was taken in order to allow the contractors to process with the work immediately.

Alderman Masses, as chairman of the jubile property and printing committee, was granted permission to advertise for bids to do the printing for the city during the coming year.

In the matter of purchasing apparatus with which to proceed with the preliminary survey of the recently an nexed territory, Alderman McKenna was instructed to wait until the bond are validated by the courts so as to the payer. Upon the motion of Alderman Hapr

are validated by the courts so as to

ACADEMY OF MUSIC WILL BE TORN DOWN

AND IN ITS PLACE WILL RISE A MODERN THEATER WHICH WILL REPRESENT AN INVESTMENT OF \$40,000 BY MR. JULIUS DOGIVE AND HIS ASSOCIATES-WILL HAVE AN ACTUAL SEATING CA-PACITY OF OVER 2,000-HOW THE AUDIENCE WILL BE PROTECT. ED-STAGE AND PROSCENIUM BOXES-STORES ON EACH SIDE.

Macon is to, have a new theatre. It is a certainty this time. It will cost about \$40,000.

It will be erected upon the site of the present Academy of Blusic, which will be torn down on or before April L.

The name of Academy of Music will be abandoned.

Such were the statements made to a Telegraph reporter by Mr. Julius L. Delive, who, besides being manager of the Grand opera house in Atlanta, is also one of the owners of the Macon Academy.

Mr. DeGive was accompanied by Mr. W. R. Gann, the theatrical architect, and Mr. E. M. Horine, the treasurer of the Grand. They were met by the reporter in the office of Mr. Henry Herne, the local manager, and the Jawings were submitted for inspecton.

The building will be constructed of marble, gray brick and terra cotta. It will be twenty feet wider than the present structure. The width will be 82.6 feet. There will be an eight-foot hall on the east side for an actors' entrance to the stage. In the balcony there will be a six-foot hall on either side for exits. The main entrance will by a large vestibule arcade. It will be twelve feet deep by twenty-one feet wide at the opening, with four sets of double doors opening outward, with five feet to the opening. There will be a fifteen-foot main arcade leading back to the lobby of the auditorium, back to the lobby of the auditorium, with a six-foot wide stairway leading to the second and third stories. There will be two storerooms—one on either aide of the arcade, twenty-three by fifty-six feet, with modern fronts and with large open vestibules to each floor. The main lobby will be fourteen by fifty-seven feet, two five-foot stairways leading to the first balcony right and left, with a ladies' parlor on the right, fifteen by eighteen feet. There will be a gentlemen's retiring room in the basement underneath the lobby. the basement underneath the lobby, fourteen by eighteen feet, fitted up with all modern conveniences. On the left of the lobby will be the manager's pri-

vate office, also the box office, and the manager's day office.

The main auditorium will be entered through three doors, each six feet wide, leading into a foyer five feet by eighty. There will be four alsies, four feet wide, leading down to the stage. There will be three tiers of four proscenium boxes, each accommodating, six persons. The seating capacity of the first floor will be 734, outside of the boxes; that of the balcony, 550; that of the gallery, 800—2,084 in all—but, with a standing room space for, 500 more. Each seat will have a perfect line of sight.

The stage will be fifty by innety-six feet in the clear, with fifteen dressing rooms on the left of the stage and six in the proscenium back of the boxes, all fitted up with all modern conveniences known to the profession. The distance from stage floor to the gridiron will be soventy feet, and seventy feet between the girders or pinarets.

There will be six stand pipes—four in the auditorium and two on the

and seventy feet between the girders or pinarets.

There will be six stand pipes—four in the auditorium and two on the stage, equipped with standard hose. There will be exits twelve feet wide on each side of every floor feading to the steel fire escapes. The opening in the middle of the stage at the rear will be eight by sixteen feet, which can be used as an escape from the stage, in addition to doors on either side leading to the balcony. The stage will be cut off from the public by an asbestos curtain, which will be down when the audience enters and drawn up before the artistic curtain to demonstrate that it is in working order at every performance. The roof will be fitted with ventilators over stage and auditorium to relieve building of all foul air and gases of combustion that may arise, Pressure against any door will open it. The walls dividing the stage from the auditorium will go to the roof. There will be no chance for the people to get penned un at any to the roof. There will be no chance for the people to get penned up at any point.

Such will be the splendid character of the new theatre, and the people of Macon will rejoice to learn the good news.

Mr. DeGive and party had a con-ference with the city authorities dur-ing the day, at which it was arranged that every compliance will be made with the fire ordinances in the exist-ing theatre,

HE GRAND" IS NAME NEW PLAY-HOUSE

RCHITECT GUNN OF ATLANTA COMES MONDAY TO START PRE-LIMINARY WORK OF CHANGING ACADEMY OF MUSIC TO SPLEN-DID THEATRE-ONLY THE COURT HOUSE WALL OF OLD BUILD. ING TO BE USED-STAGE WILL BE ENLARGED THE DIMEN-SIONS TO BE 80 FEET FRONT AND 60 FEET WIDE.

AND THE C no i p N . W. Architect Gunn arrives in Macon Monday to start preliminary work on the new, opera house to replace the old Academy of Music, the changes being made by Mr. Henry Horne, present manager, and Mr. Henry DeGive, of Atlanta, owner of the Grand and Bljou theatres of that city.

The alterations will completely change the appearance of the old building. The stage will be enlarged

ing is to be used for office purposes. The changes are such that almost an entirely new structure wil have to be erected, the court house wall being the

only one available.

The news that Macon is to have a play house of a size and beauty representative of her position as a metropolis of the South will be happily received by theatre-goers in general.

The new opera house will be called "The Grand," and will have all modery building. The stage will be enlarged to 30 feet frontage, with a depth of 60 feet) and there will be eight procenium boxes. The front part of the buildings and the best playhouse of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage allows room to present the most element of the buildings of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage allows room to present the most element of the best playhouse of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged appliances used in the best playhouse of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500. The size of the stage will be enlarged of the country and will have a saetly capacity of 2,500.

WORK HAS STARTED ON NEW PLAY HOUSE

WILL BE THE LARGEST AND MOST MODERNLY EQUIPPED THEA-TRE IN THE SOUTH-STAGE FRONTAGE OF 90 FEET, WITH A DEPTH OF 60 FEET-MAYOR SMITH WILL DIG THE FIRST SHOVEL FULL OF EARTH TOMORROW MORNING AT O'CLOCK, AND IMMEDIATELY AFTERWARDS A CORPS OF MEN WILL START EXCAVATIONS-DETAILS OF THE THEATRE.

Work on the Grand, the new theatre ot be built to replace the old Academy of Music, formally commences tomorrow at 10:30 o'clock, although the lines have already been run for the rear wall. Mayor Smith will manage the spade for the first shovel full of earth. and immediately afterwards a corps of men will begin making the excavations. Joseph Jefferson who was expected to formally commence the work could not attend. The theatre is to be one of the finest in the South, and will have a larger stage area than any play house south of the Ohio river.

The building will be constructed of marble, terra cotta and gray brick, will be three stories high, with four stores finished in all modern ways for drug stores and confectioners' rooms, while the second floor will be devoted to office buildings. Bachelor apartment rooms will be-fitted up for the third floor, each having a separate bath and toilet attached. There will be thirty-

two rooms on the two upper floors, of a general size of 15 by 15 feet.

The main entrance from Mulberry street will be 21 feet and the arcade 15 by 44 feet, running along between the office building and store apart-ments to a lobby which is to be 16 by 50 feet. At either side of the lobby will be rooms for lounging and other purposes. To the right side and underneath the sturway leading to the balcony will be the ladies' parlors, and
underneath the left hand stairway to
the balcony will be the theatre manager's office and checking room, with a stairway entrance leading to a gen-tiemen's smoking and lounging room, 12 by 55 feet.

The arcade and lobbles will be finished in marble, with beautiful fresco relief work above the marble paneling. All the plate glass windows along the lobby, as well as in all parts of the theatre, will be faced with silver and metal mountings of the most modern type.

The interior of the theatre will be elaborately finished, the moutings of the railings along the parquet and boxes being of sliver. There will be 24 boxes, each having a seating of six chairs, and they will be furnished with damask portiers of beautiful artisanship. Each of the tiers of boxes will have a separate entrance and exit, with a fire escape separate. The hangings will be so arranged that the box may be entirely shut from view if so debe entirely shut from view if so de-

Protection in case of fire has been carefully looked out for, and there will be thirty feet of exits, aside from the regular entrances in both the down-

regular entrances in both the down-steirs, balcony and gallery.

The seating capacity of the theatre will be, in the boxes 144, the parquet 734, balcony 564 and gallery 800.

The ceiling will be of a flatted dome shape with triple incandescent chan-dellers attached from the center, and the niches and corners, together with the outer railing around the halcony and boxes, will be adorned with small incandescent lights.

Incandescent lights.
The L. DeGive and Sons Company which is building the theatre will spare no expense in making Macon's play house one of the finest in the country. When it is finished it will have two more boxes than the Grand in Atlanta. with a much larger stage width and depth. The stage dressing rooms will have elevators attached for luggage and every modern appliance known to

and every modern appliance known to the craft will be installed.

Contracts for the curtain and fur-nishings have not yet been let, but Mr. Horine, who is in the city superintend-ing the work, stated that they would be elaborate in every detail, the cur-tain to be especially sought for. He also said that some of the finest stu-dies in the country were at work on designs, and that the best work possi-ble would be secured in the way of

ble would be secured in the way of fresco and decorative details.

Mr. N. R. Gunn, the architect, has been in the North for some time working on the details, and the plans show a play house of extreme beauty and convenience combined with practical

Appendix A

April 17, 1904

EXCAVATIONS ARE NEARLY FINISMED

Resting Place of the Foundations of the Grand Opera House Being Rapidly Made-Ditches Are About Six Feet Deep.

Excavations on the site of the Academy of Music, where the Grand Opera House is soon to take its place, are nearly finished and there will soon be a resting place for the foundation of the magnificent new structure. The ditches about 'six are feet deep, extend from the side of the Academy next to the court house, to the alley back of the building, then across to the fence adjoining the Arcadia to the front of the present structure. The work is progressing rapidly and the actual work on the new structure promises to soon take definite shape.

OLD PLAY HOUSE IS THING OF THE PAST

The Curtain Fell for the Last Time at the Academy of Music Last Night-Many Famous Actors Have Played on the Old Boards.

Last night shortly after 10 o'clock the curtain dropped for the last time in the old Academy of Music, and the memories of long forgotten scenes were brought to mind during the informal supper prepared for the closing of the old theatre. The remembrance of actors long past and gone was vividly, and sadly, too brought to mind as the old curtain came down.

The old walls commanded reverence, and seemed to breath of othr days.

Aftr the performance of the Knowles Company last night an informal supper was provided by the owners, only themselves, the members of the or-chstra, a few newspaper men and Mr. and Mrs. Knowles being present to enjoy the repast.

During the course of the evening Mr. G. C. Mathews made a short impromptu speech in the course of which he paid a particular compliment to Mr. Henry Horne, the manager, and to Mr. Frank Powers, the stage manager, the two surviving members of the original

executive slaff.

executive siaff.

The Academy of Music was built twenty-one years ago at a cost of \$60.000, the building committee being composed of Major J. F. Hanson, S. R. Jaques and J. S. Baxter. The first president of the company was Mr. Virgil Fowers and the company was originated by Mr. Henry Horne.

The present owners, L. DeGive and Sons, of Atlanta, purchased the property in 1893 from Col. L. R. Jordan.

A remarkable coincident in connection with the old theatre is that W. R. Gunn, the contractor and architect for

Gunn, the contractor and architect for the new theatre made an effort to secure the contract for the original structure, and after a nearly a quarter of a century he has been selected as the architect of the building about to

In the corner stone of the building are copies of the Macon Telegraph, the Evening News and the Atlanta Consti-tution, the list of the names of the stockholders and coins of various nations

Another feature which is of interest is the fact that excepting the accident which happened to Miss Fisher, of the Fay Davis Company, a few nights ago, no one has ever been injured in connection with the old play house.

SKY-SCRAPER TO BE BUILT

Combination Office Building and Theatre

WILL BE SIX STORIES

L. DeGive & Sons, of Atlants, and Henry Horne, of This City, in Making the Changes in the Old Academy of Music Have Decided to Make the New Structure the Largest Building in Macon.

"The Grand" will be a six story build-

Instead of the three story building first contemplated by the L DeGive & Sons Company, of Atlanta, and Mr. Henry Horne, of Macon, in their de-cision to remodel the old Academy of Music, they have planned to make it six stories high, with at least eighty rooms for offices, studios, bachelor spartments and club rooms, and when completed the structure will be the tallest and most magnificent in the city. The architect is already at work on the Tevised plan, and will in the for inspection.

for inspection.

It was first decided to use the old court house side wall of the Academy, and extend the opposite wall several feet, the building, when completed, to have a fronting of 90 feet, the main entrance to the theatre being made by a wide passage 15 feet wide, running between store apartments on either side, with a grand entrance from the street of 21 feet. It is understood that this part of the present plan will not be materially changed, and that the part of the building to be used for theatrical purposes will remain the same as was intended in the original idea.

The original plan calls for 32 rooms The original plan calls for 32 rooms for office and other apartments, 16 rooms heing on each floor. Of this number, one-half were to be constructed with a bath and tollet attachment for bachelor apartments. It is thought very probable that he number of rooms for his purpose in the new plan will be the same as that of the original, the chief increase being made for offices and studies. and studios.

and studios.

The building will be constructed of gray brick and terra cotta, and will be by far the prettiest building of the kind in Macon, and the men promoting the work are a guarantee that Macon will have one of the most up-to-date theatres and office buildings in the country when the structure is finished. The work will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible, and it is hoped by the owners that the building will be ready for occupancy by the latter part of October at the very outside. A corp of workmen have been at work on the excavations for some days past, preparing for the foundations. Mr. W. H. Gunn is actively in charge of the work.

WORK ON THE GRAND PROGRESSING WELL

Large Force of Hands Are at Work Tearing Down the Old Academy of Music-Mr. Horine, of the L. DeGive & Sons Company, is in Town-Will Finish Work by About First of Ogtober.

The work of tearing down the old Academy of Music preparatory to placing a six-story office and apartment building and a new theatre on the old site is progressing rapidly, a large force of men being steadily at work.

The new building will probably be finished by the first part of October, so stated one of the men interested in the work a few days ago, and the Macon people will then have an opportunity of seeing the best shows on the road in one of the finest theatres in the country. The elaborate plans for the new play house are of the most approved style, and everything which can add to its beauty and convenience wil be used in the work.

When completed the building will contain more than 80 rooms for stu-dies, apar ments, office and business

purposes.

SEVEN STORY OPERA BUILDING IS ASSURED

L. DeGIVE, E. D. HORINE AND ARCHITECT GUNN MADE ARRANGE-MENTS YESTERDAY FOR GRAND OPERA HOUSE AND OFFICE BUILDING-ELKS WILL BE QUARTERED ... ON ENTH FLOOR IN HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS-ALL PAR-TIES CONCERNED HAVE BEEN SATISFIED IN AGREEMENTS AND THE WORK IS TO BE PUSHED FORWARD RAPIDLY.

Messrs, L. De Give, E. D. Horine and | operated in the building. Fire escapes Architect Gunn were in conference will be connected with all floors, and all of the latest inventions in architecwith Architect Alexander Blair and City Engineer Wilcox yesterday and final agreements were made for the finish and architecture of the seventh floor of the Grand opera building now in course of erection. The last act has been performed and final arrangements have been made for completing the ing. Grand opera house with seven stories.

November 5, 1904

That portion of the building which will be reared to the seventh floor will be devoted to offices. The structure will, be of steel and brick above the third floor and the seventh floor is to be finished especially for occupancy by the Elks' Lodge.

The conference of yesterday was for the purpose of arranging details relative to the architecture of the seventh floor. This was done satisfactorily and there is nothing remaining for L De Give & Son but to rear the Grand opera house according to contracts already made.

No definite announcement fof this fact has heretofore been made. Yesterday the last act was performed and the builders announced that Macon would soon have a seven-story office building as well as one of the largest and best fitted opera house in the Mouth.

Two modern electric elevators will be and office building.

ture, lighting and heating will be pro-vided before the building is complete.

The seventh floor has a special fin-ish for the Edga. Upon the top of the building will be the elk's head, the em-olem of the order, in an imposing form and reaching twelve to fourteen feet above the tailest portions of the build-

This floor will be handsomely furnished with new lodge furniture, and there will be reception rooms for the different social functions of the Elks.

Provision will be made in the building for larger social features than had been arranged in the old quarters of the Elks. The growing membership of this order in Macon will be amply pro-vided for in the new quarters.

The work of drawing new plans for the additional four stories is in the hands of Architect Gunn and he will dispose of this duty as speedily as possible.

It will be some time before the work is completed, but additional labor is being daily employed and rapid strides are being made toward the completion of the structure.

The announcement of the determina-

The announcement of the determina-tion to send the Grand opera building up seven stories high has been looked for some time by many interested in the groupt of the city, and this news will be of an especially gratifying na-ture. All parties concerned are satis-fied and the architect is now planning the seven-story Grand opera house and office building.

RACE BETWEEN NEW BUILDINGS

Opera House and Auditorium Being Rushed.

CITY BUILDING INLEAD

Laborers Are at Work Upon the Roofs of Both New Structures-Tin Has Been Placed Upon the Auditorium and Same will Be Done at the Theatre This Week-Contractors Are Pleased With the Progress Made,

Which building will be first ready for occupancy, the city auditorium or The Grand opera house? From the looks of things at present it seems that the race will be nip and tuck notwithstanding a slight lead now gained by the city structure over DeGive's building.

The few days of rain that fell over Macon last week did not prove a serious setback to the progress at either building. True the work upon the roofs of the two structures was stopped for a short time but as soon as the weather was again clear the contractors redoubled energies.

A glance at the auditorium at the corner of Poplar and First streets will show the result of rapid work. Over that portion of the roof nearest fire

show the result of rapid work. Over that portion of the roof nearest fire headquarters the roofers have already spread and placed into position large sheets of glistening tin. That part of the roof that has not received its bright covering is ready for it and in all probability it will be in place before time comes for the close of the week's work tomorrow afternoon.

Not only has the progress upon the top of the auditorium been marked, but also that in the interior, especially in the basement. The ground floor of the auditorium will be used as police headquarters and the cement flooring has been partially laid. The floor beams for the upper stories has been partially laid. The floor beams for the upper stories of the building have been placed and are now in condition to receive the floor proper.

At the Grand opera house the grogress has been every bit as marked, as that at the city building. Here the task of placing the roof beams was much more difficult and required a large section of the roof is in readment or process the required sheeting of tin. By Tuesday next it is expected that the roof will have been completed and then work upon the stage and interior of the theater will go on in earness. Architect Gunn has had the larger part of the last faw weeks expended terior of the theatre will go on in earnest. Architect Gunn has had the larger part of the last few weeks expended
in finishing the roof, knowing that as
soon as that was placed progress on
the interior would prove easy.

Many feet below the roof workers are
the stage men. They are now engaged in placing in position the stage
scenario.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE TO OPEN WITH NEW YEAR

PLANS NOW BEING FOLLOWED BY CONTRACTORS ARE FOR COM-PLETION OF THESPIAN TEMPLE BY CHRISTMAS-BUILDERS ARE RACING WITH THEATRE SEASON AND PROMISE MACON TWO OF THE BEST MONTHS IN THE YEAR-A BEAUTIFUL THEATRE.

The statement was given out yesterday to a Telegraph reporter that the
Grand Opera house in Macon will be
ready for at least two of the best
months of the opera season of 1905—
January and February. Every effort
is being made to have the theatre
ready for attractions by Christmas and
it has also been haid that without unusual hindrances the builders will suctractors have met in the past few days
or in the completion of
the general structure.

Soms of the present foundation
the general structure.

Soms of the present foundation
the ground, The work will all be directed to the completion of
the general structure.

Soms of the present foundation
the ground, The work will all be directed to the completion of
the general structure. usual hindrances the builders will succeed in their purposes. The owner be-Heve that they will be able to furnish attractions in the building before Jan-

the theatre. The result has been rapid progress which has added very materially to the appearance of that seetion of the large building which will be devoted to the opera house. The roof is on this portion of the house and the brick work has been completed for several days.

The furniture for the theatre has been purchased, and is practically ready to be placed at any moment. The orders were long since placed for the finishing material of the theatre on the inside and this will make it one of the most beautiful in the South. The seata were also purchased some time ago and are ready for the building. The order for the drop curtains and

the artist material for the Macon theatre was placed as soon as L. De-Give & Son decided to erect the open house and there will be no delay in period.

The statement was given out yester- anything other than the completion of

tractors have met in the past few days promises the Macon public an oppor-tunity to see some of the best attractions coming South during the present

It seems assured that the Grand op-For several weeks the entire force employed on the building has been dispersion of the thrown open before employed on the building has been dispersion of the theatre. The result has been rapid attend some of the best attractions in

the country.

There is no play going now that could not be presented on the stage in Macon when the building is completed. This theatre is as large as any in the fouth and has the latest and all modern equipments. It is to be one of the most beautiful in the South as well as one of the largest.

The workmen have been forced to install electric lights on the inside of the theatre for the purpose of putting on the finishing touches. The contractors have been contemplating putting on a night force to do the inside work on a night force to do the inside work in order to have the building ready at the earliest possible date. If this is done within the course of three weeks the work of placing the seats and the furniture will begin and it will then be easy for the builders to have the opera house ready for the attractions of the paried.

anuary 17, 1905

January 2, 1905

PHILLIPS TO MANAGE GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Well Known Atlanta Show Man Will be Sent to Macon by the De Gives to Look Aften Affairs of the New Playhouse,

.H. L. Phillips, present treasurer of the Bijou Theatrical Company of Atlanta, and one of the best known managers in the South, will be the manager of the new Grand opera house that is in course of construction in Macon. The announcement of the name of Mr. Phillips as manager was made a few days ago and Mr. Phillips will probably be in the city on the 1st' of February to take tharge.

.Before the Bijou theatre was erected in-Atlanta Mr. Phillips held the position of treasurer for the old Columbia which has been remodeled.

CONTRACT FOR ELKS HOME

Signed Mr. De Gives and the Elks

IN GRAND OPERA HOUSE

The Owners of the Property and the Officers of the Elks' Lodge of Macon Reach an Agreement and the Seven-Story Building for Macon is Now Assured-Elks Will Enter Their New Home About July,

The new Elks' home is assurred. . The officers of the Elks' Lodge of Macon, represented by William E Martin, Jr., exalted ruler; C. R. Wright, Jr., secretary, and C. R. Massenberg, I. L. Dunwoody, and Morris Harris, trustees, and on the part of the Academy of Music company by the Messrs. De Give and Harine, signed yesterday the contract whereby the Elks will be given splendid quarters in the Grand Opera House by next

July.
Not only will this be accomplished by the agreement, but it will result in the construction of a seven-story

handsomely. They will follow the "ladies day" custom in other lodges of the country. A luncheon will be provided for them, There will be a musical and social session once a month.

PAIR SATURDAY, COLDER IN MORTH AND WEST PORTIONS. SUNDAY PAIR, COLDER IN SOUTHEAST PORTION, PRESS WESTERLY TO NORTHWESTERLY WIND

FEDERAL COURT AND ITS NEW LOCATION

JUDGE EMORY SPEER LAST NIGHT EXPRESSED HIS APPROVAL OF PLANS AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE AND FEDERAL COURTS WILL PROBABLY OCCUPY FIFTH AND SIXTH FLOORS—BUILDING WILL BE COMPLETED NOT LATER THAN JUNE 1—WORK WILL THEN BEGIN ON NEW FEDERAL BUILDING.

Judge Emory Speer of the United States court approves the proposition of L. DeGive & Son for the temporary quarters of the federal courts on the fifth and sixth floors of the new Grand Opera house. He made this statement last night and upon his acceptance of the plans rests the action which will be taken in the matter of placing the courts for the period of time which must intervene in the erection of the new federal building in this city.

For several days past Mr. E. D. Horine for L. DeGive & Son has been engaged in getting his plans made and yesterday he returned from Washington where he had been in conference with the treasury department relative to furnishing quarters for the federal courts. He states that the choice of quarters for the courts will be determined in Washington largely upon the recommendations of the custodian, Mr. H. S. Edwards. Postmaster Edwards has been in conference with Judge Speer upon the suitableness of several buildings where plans were being made.

The plans of L. DeGive & Son have been in the hands of the federal court officials and Mr. Edwards for some time. They are thoroughly acquainted with them and perfectly satisfied with the offers made in the two floors of the theatre.

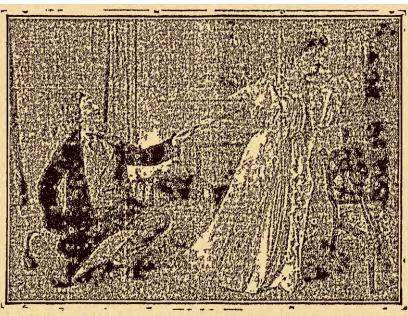
In speaking of the offer to move the courts to the theatre building, Judge Speer said last night that he was pleased and hoped satisfactory arrangements would be made for the courts. He enumerated several advantages in occupying the two floors of the building. "We are to have one floor for the court room and the other for the offices," said he. "The court room and the offices will be easily accessible from two electric elevators and we will be sufficiently above the street to escape the noise."

room and the offices will be easily accessible from two electric elevators and we will be sufficiently above the street to escape the noise."

When it was learned that quarters for the courts could not be provided at the new auditorium and city hall efforts were at once made by L. De-Give & Son to interest the officials in quarters that might be provided in the new theatre. The plans were favored from the outset on account of numerous advantages and with but little changes they have met the approval of Judge Speer.

Mr. Horine stated yesterday that if he succeeded in closing the trade with the government the building would be ready for occupancy, not later than June 1st. All other arrangements will have been made for the other departments and when the courts go to the new quarters the work will begin at once. As stated in The Telegraph, the only question which has been unsettled to this time was the choice of quarters for the courts. Now that this has been done, all the changes will await the completion of the fifth and sixth floors of the new theatre.

Appendix A



A PRETTY SCENE IN THE SECOND ACT OF GLITTERING GLORIA, TO BE SEEN AT GRAND TONIGHT

OPENING PERFORMANCE.

Of the Grand Opera House Tonight With "Glittering Gloria." The piece has been acoring phenome-

The place has been scoring phenomenal success in all cities thus far visited. Resides having a brilliant cast, Fisher and Ryley spent twenty thousand dolars to make the production realistic. The play is in three acts. The first shows a jeweler's show in Bont street, London, with much expensive sliverware, diamonds and other articles which go to stock a first-class place of this kind. The second act is the interior of "Glorias" apartments, with expensive draperles, yelvet carpets, mahogany furniture, etc. The next scene is the interior of the Euston railroad station, the largest depot in the scene is the interior or the Euston rail-road station, the largest depot in the world. The great train shed is seen at the rear, also a duplicate of an English railroad coach, showing the mode of travel.

There is a diamond necklace that

There is a diamond necklace that plays an important part in the story of the plece, and this, by the way, is not an imitation, but real, being the personal property of Dorothy Mototon and valued at several thousand dollars.

The cast is a strong one, headed by Dorothy Motton, and includes such

Deep Seated Coughs Cured by ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

and the girl he has joved from childhood are reunited after many years of
separation. Davy recognizes the inequality of their stations in life and
tries to smother the' affection that is
gnawing at his heart. The girl, too,
knowing that Davy is still hers, reads
from Sir Walter Scott's "Young Lochinvar." The verses appeal to the sturdy
frontiersman. He absorbs their meaning and determines then and there to
become his lady's knight. His trials
are many and heavy but the burden
rests on shoulders broadened with
splendid manhood and in the end Davy
wins out, discomfits the villain and
takes to his heart the girl he loves.
Neenleally the play is very beautiful.
The first act shows a rude settlement
in the mountains, the massive trees
heavily laden with golden foliage, wild
flowers on every side, and the rude log
cabin makes an artistic setting. The
scene where Davy Crockett bars the
cabin door with his strong right arm
and successfully holds it against a
pack of hungry wolves, thereby saving
the life of the woman he adores is a
strong setting. The wild dash on the
powerful black horse, by which Davy
manages to escape with his bride-tobe, is another situation that will appeal
to the sensation laving spectators.
With Yank Kenny as his sparring part,
mer, Jeffries will, give a three-round
boxing exhibition just after, the last
act, Will begin selling seats Thursday at 9 a. m. and the girl he has loved from child- | portion of the house open to them at

Timely Suggestions Respecting Our New Theatre. Now that the new Grand Opera House is about to open, a few hints to

every performance, matinees included. This has not been the custom in the past, but It will be the rule with the opening of the new house.

Now that Macon can bonst of one of the finest theatres in this country, manch changes will have to be made in operating the house so as to maintain a thoroughly up-to-date and metropolitan playhouse. It is to be hoped that patrons will observe all rules, especially the one which requests every lady in the theatre to remove her hat during the performance. This custom is one that has been adopted in all cities of the United States and ther no reason why Macon should be behind in this respect.

The Opening -

Will be an occasion when all Macon should be proud. May everybody be present and participate on this Golden Occasionlet your attire be such as will reflect good taste and judgment in the selection.

·Full Dress Requisites-White Waistcoats

Shirts

Gloves Studs, Links

Cravats, Collars Handkerchiefs

o.Cladsto.

BRILLIANT EVENTS OF WEEK AT GRAND

LEW DOCKSTADER, FOLLOWED BY THE "TWO ORPHANS," "SAN TOY," "DAVID GARRICK'S LOVE"-"BILLIONAIRE". SOON - SERIES OF ATTRACTIONS APPEALING TO THE THEATRE GOERS OF MA-CON-RED' LETTER WEEK OF MANY SEASONS.

Lew Dockstader.

bile is too well known for extended de-

Lew Dockstader,

To show the progressiveness of the modern minatrel, one has only to look at the program of the Lew Dockstader Minstrel Company and they will see there of the latest methods of rapid transit shown, by members of the company. It is true that these are all satires on modern methods of travel, but at the same, time they are so true to life that people wonder if the minstrels have not solved the very difficulties they claim to be enduring. First is the skit showing the new sub-way cars used in New York. In this car, which is shown in all its entirety on the stage, Neil O'Drien gives some of the funniest imitations of travel that have ever been introduced. He is assisted by a score of clever people, and any one that cannot enjoy seeing it is a fit subject for a sanitarium. Lew Dockstader's wonderful automo
bile is too well known for extended description, it is the most wonderful was ever built, and when that was ever built, and when that was ever built, and when the that was ever built, and when the that was ever built, and when the has the most wonderful was ever built, and when the hat was ever built, and when the that was ever built, and when the hat was ever built, and when the hat was ever built, and when the hat was ever built, and when the that was ever built, and when the hat we ladded by the Inmitate hat hat he had the that was ever built, and when the hat hat he had the tha

has thoroughly familiarized himself with the life of Garrick and gives a life-like and colorful characterization of the great player. The company supporting the star has been engaged with a view to having each of the

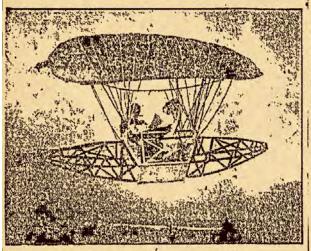


WALKER KHITESIDE.

quaint characters in the play carefully enacted. The engagement in this city is for one performance only, Thursday night, Feb. 9, at the Grand.

"The Billionaire."

"The Billionaire" with Thomas Q. Seabrooke in the title part will shortly be seen in this city. As "John Doe" he has a capital burlesque on the American platocrat, and is said to have the ussistance of a comic opera company of unusual sprength. This musical farce is produced under the management of Messis, Klaw & Frlanger. The book of "The Billionaire" is by Harry B. Smith and the runsic is by Gustave Kerker. The same company and production as seen in N. a. von will be brought to this city.



LEW DOCKSTADERS AND HIS AIRSHIP "TOMMY ROT."

"Two Orphans."

It is an imposing list of stars who will appear together in the revival of "The Two Orphans" at the Grand opera house Tuesday night, February 7. Included are James O'Neill, Louis James, J. E. Dodson, Jameson Lee Finney, lashel Irving, Clara Morris, Mrs. Le Moyne, Elita Proctor Otis, Sarah Truax and Bijou Fernandez, Liebler & Co., moreover, havef-selected for the minor roles actors and actresses of experienced talent. It is the purpose to reproduce the play as it was given at the Union Square theatre, New York city, thirty years ago. The scenery is



(Scene from "The Two Orphans.")
ELITA PROCTOR OTIS as FROCHARD; J. E. DODSON as PIENE; ISA BEL IRVING as LOUIGE.

February 5, 1905 (Page Two)

"San Toy."

When "San Toy." the Chinese-English musical comedy was presented in San Francisco this season it proved a source of much winder to the educated Chinese where Mr. John C. Fisher ever secured the minuteness of detail with which he has mounted the play. Large parties of wentility Chinese, arrayed in their finest silks, were no unusual sight at the theatre, and one day Mr. Fisher was waited on by a delegation headed by Sing Lee, one of the idirectors of the famous "Six Companies," and asked where he got the ideas of China which are embellanded in such gorgeous fashion in the amusing and junctul play of Oriental life.

The surprise of the Celegical when the surprise of the Celegical when the surprise of the Celegical when the content of the content of the content of the surprise of the Celegical when the surprise of the Celegical when the content of the content of the content of the surprise of the Celegical when the content of th

David Garrick's Love.

Mr. Whiteride's new play this season is "David Garrick's Love." It is an entirely new version of a German dramatization of a play founded upon an episode in David Garrick's life. David Garrick, the most famous actor of his day in England, is a most fascinating character for any actor of exceptional artistle and dramatic ability to assume. The elder Sothern for many years produced a comedy called David Garrick and in his enactment of the tills role won much of amusing and juneful play of Oriental life.

The surprise of the Celestial when told that artists had been sent to China to make sketches for the pictorial equipment of the play, and that others who are expert in the rively of the manners and characteristics of people of foreign nations, had spent months in Fekin and other cities in gathering ideas for American illustration of the Flower Kingdom was plainty evident, which he confessed afterwards when he informed Mr. Fisher had no idea that any American manager would go to such expense, but compilmented the owner of "San Toy" in the most cordial manner for the fidelity with which he has produced the play.

Mr. Fisher is very pronounced in his furnity is the past summer, Mr. Whiteside, while wiews of the necessity of proper atmosphere in all of his productions, and it is for this reason that every coquent to the river of the play which he has foreign to the necessity of proper atmosphere in all of his productions, and it is for this reason that every coquent to the river of the play which he has foreign to the river of the play which he has produced the play.

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Mr. Fisher is very pronounced in his production of the play which he has produced the pla

THEATRE WILL FIGHT ENTRANCE QUESTION

Case Made Against Shine Fleetwood by the Police Department Will be Tried Tuesday-What Fleetwood Says About the Matter.

Mr. Shine Fleetwood, who has charge of the door down stdies at the Grand Opera House, was summoned before the recorder yesterday morning to answer to a charge of interfering with an officer. The case was made during the last show at the theatre, and was made at the instigation of Chief Conner. It happened that Detective Amerson pre-

happened that Detective Amerson presented himself at the door down stairs, and asked to be allowed to pass in. Fleetwood declined to pass Amerson. The detective showed his official badge, but it was "no go," as the theatrical management had issued orders to allow no person entrance on the police force unless he be in uniform, and on duty.

These orders were issued as a result of an alleged "stampede" of policemen to the opera house during the performance of the Dockstader minstrels. At that time certain officers were refused admission. The matter was reported to Chief Conner, and he replied by issuing orders to the police already in the house, to leave. They left, and the remainder of the play went on with no police protection at all on the inside.

During the shows, that have interpreted to the shows, that have interpreted to the store.

in the house, to leave. They left, and the remainder of the play went on with no police protection at all on the inside.

During the shows, that have intervened between Dockstader minstrels and the one put on Tuesday night there has been no friction between the police and the management of the play-house. A number of officers have seen show.

While the last performance was in progress the matter, again broke out by Amorson's appearance at the door for admission. When he was informed by Fleetwood that he could not enter, he left, and going to the chief of police laid the facts before him. The result was that a copy of a summens was served upon the door-keeper, requesting his presence before the recorder on the following morning.

A few minutes later the detective again reported at the door for admission, and again be was refused entance on the strength of the badge. This time, it is alleged, that Fleetwood grabbed the detective by the arm, Acting upon the orders of the chief, the detective placed Mr. Fleetwood under arrest, and with him, went to police burracks. Arriving at the barracks they were met by the chief, the detective placed Mr. Fleetwood under arrest, was held.

According to statements made yesterday the chief told Fleetwood that, in case he repeated his action of retuing up hall money. However, he was allowed to go back to the theatre, but when Fleetwood left the barracks estated that in case the detective called again he would be greeted with the same refusal Yesterday morning when the matter came before the attention of the recorder it was continued, oring to the illness of the plaintiffs attorney, Roland Ellis.

Lust night Mr. Fleetwood stated that the owners of the theatre intended to see the matter through to a finish.

CHANGES BEING MADE ON GRAND OPERA

Work began yesterday on the Grand opera house which means the removal of all the front part of the building.

at of all the front part of the building.

It is stated that the plans were made for a five story structure and the foundations were laid accordingly.

Now that the seven story building must be erected, it has been found that the removal of the present work on the office part of the structure will be necessary. be necessary

Architect Denny of Atlanta, has charge of the plans for the new seyen; story office structure and the work is in the hands of Contractor Broxton also of Atlanta.

The new plans will require an immense amount of work and it is stated that the building may not be ready for the federal courts on June 1st.

The foundations of the structure will be made stronger and the builder will

be made stronger and the builder will proceed with the view of seven stories instead of five.

OPERA HOUSE CASE ENDS IN AGREEMENT

Trial Occurred in Police Court Yeaterday Morning—Roland Ellis Spoke on the Part of the Play house and Presented Strong Arguments.

Testerday morning at police court the question of police admission to the Grand Opera House in Macon was settled so far as that court is concerned. The decision of Recorder Nottingham was that whenever Chief Conner sends policement to the play-house they shall be admitted. In the case made by the police against Mr. Shine of Fleetwood, the door keeper, a fine of \$25 was imposed but week, although?

Fleetwood, the door keeper, a fine of \$25 was imposed, but, was suspended. Attorney Roland's Ellis, who represented the theatre's side of the question presented argument as to why the number of policiamen at the theatre should be limited. He stated that the managers of the play-houseshould be the persons to say how many officers of the city should enter free of cost, and he backed up this argument by stating the sents of the theatre were as much to the owners as the goods on sale at a grocery store.

as much to the owners as the goods on sale at a grocery store.

Before making his decision Recorder Nottingham stated that he believed that the chief of police was the proper one to say what policemen should enter the theatre. He said that police protection was of course to be desired, and that the chief should have the power to station in the play-house such officers as he deemed proper.

"But how about the number?" was asked, "On one occasion about fifteen officers presented themselves for ad-

"But how about the number?" was asked. "On one occasion about fifteen officers presented themselves for admission and obtained it after flashing badges planed to their coats," said the attorney.

There was a more peaceable disposition made in the matter yesterday afternoon as the chief, and. Manager Phillips, agreed upon the number of policemen and detectives to pass through without depositing entrance money at the box office.

April 1, 1905



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THE MACON TELEGRAPH

TREASURER HORINE AND NEXT SEASON

Progress of the Office Building-Curtain will be Rung up the Latter Part of August.

"The offices in the Grand Opera house building will be ready for occupancy early in the fall," is the opinion of Mr. Horine, who is now in Macon. "We are making every possible effort to have the building completed by that time; the exact date can not, as yet;

be ascertained on account of the difficulty in getting building material.

"I feel that now, as in the past, there are enough business men in Macon who will take offices in a building so well addyted to their needs, as to make it a paying proposition," continued Treasurer Horine to the Tearaph reporter who was interviewing him. "The huilding when completed will be like none in Macon at the present rime: it will be thoroughly up-to-date, fitted with every modern improvement that an office building can possess, and finished with the most elaborate decorations and heautiful wood work. wood work.

"All the floors will be of maple, the other wood-work being in mahogany.

The offices, beside being made attractive, will have those conveniences which will make the place of work also a lace of secret." also a place of comfort."

In speakin, of the theatrical season, In spearin, or the theatrical season, Mr. Horline said that it would open the latter part of August and that Macon would have the cance to witness the best series of performances ever given here. The New York agents who are now booking plays for the coming season have sent in a list of those plays they have succeeded in getting so far, but this list of the have have but this list Mr. Horine did not have with him, the entire schedule will not be completed before the last of July. "Vith the modern appliances of our stage, which is one of the largest in

THREE SHOTS FIRED FROM ARCADIA HOTEL

MR. H. B. SMITH SHOOTS TOWARD GRAND BUILDING LAST NIGHT -HE HAD BEEN ANNOYED RECENTLY BY FURTIVE INSPEC-TION OF HIS APARTMENTS.

Mr. H. B. Smith, a telegraph operator employed at the H. K. Stanford & Co. brokerage house, who resides with his family at the Arcadia hotel, has recently been annoyed, according to reports he has made to the police, by some person furtively inspecting his apartments from the building across the alleyway.

Last night about 11 o'clock Mr. Smith fired a pistol three times from his window toward the Grand theatre and office building. The shooting created considerable commotion in the hotel and summoned three policemen, who instituted an investigation in the neighborhood. There was no evidence of any one being shot.

No arrests were made but further details will probably develop at the recorder's court this morning.

Mr. Edward M. Horine, manager for L. DeGive, who, according to Ljeut. Holloman of the police force, was not in the building when the shooting oc-curred last night, later went to Chief Conner of the Macon police and stated that he desired protection from possible

shooting in the future.

Mr. Horine has an office on the west side of the building, facing the Arcadla, and states that it is frequently necessary for him and his employes to work there at night as the construction of the bulding is proceeding. He stated that he wanted protection for himself and his employes, some of whom occa-sionally work at night, from any promiscuous shooting that may possibly occur in the future.

Appendix A

IN POLICE COURT In the police court yesterday there was a rather slim docket. The case

was a rather slim docket. The case of Mitchell Chapman promised to be an interesting one but was nipped in the bud, but on account of the non-appearance of the defendant. When last seen, he was trotting down the road towards Forsyth, armed to the teeth with pistols and razors.

teeth with pistols and razors.

Fined for Promiscuous Shooting.
Mr. H. B. Smith, who fired three shots Monday night from the Arcadla Hotel into the Grand Opera House, was summoned to court yesterday. No witnesses except the officers who investigated the shooting appeared, against Mr. Smith, who readily action the shots. He was responsible for the shots. He was fined \$10 and advised by the judge that whenever he had any trouble, he should report it to the officers and not attempt to take the law into his own hands.

The Man on the Water Wagon.

Charles Howard, who drives a truck

The Man on the Water Wagen. Charles Howard, who drives a truck ran afoul of one of the city street sprinklers the other day, and is now advising his truck-driving friends to avoid the "water wagen," no matter what the popular song, sung by repentant ex-topers has to say about its desirability. Charley had his big truck anchored athwart the road, when the sprinkles came along with a heavy load of H2-0. Charley was asked to drive on, but without turning around he said that he wasn't in the way and would take his time.

ing around he said that he wasn't in the way and would take his time.

"I did n't know that it was that water wagon, judge, or I shorely would have got out o' the way. When I seen what it was, I whipped up my mules and cleared out, but this genterman give me a summons. I ain't never goin' to git in the way agin."

Bound Over for Theft of Skirt. The detectives of the central office were recently informed that a negro woman, named Georgia Lockhart, had stolen a handsome skirt from the people with whom she had been working. The woman was in court yesterday

Bound Over for Theft of Skirt. The detectives of the central office were recently informed that a negro woman, named Georgia Lockhart had stolen a handsome skirt from the people with whom she had been working. The woman was in court yesterday and the incriminating article of clothing was identified. Georgia put up the regular tale that the skirt had been presented with the compliments of her employer, as some slight token in return for her arduous and meritorious service as house maid. She will be allowed to repeat her explanation befor the city court, and will be given time in which to devise a better one, if possible.

August 19, 1905

MR. WILLIS F. DENNY DIES IN COLORADO

ARCHITECT, WELL KNOWN IN MACON, PASSED AWAY YES-TERDAY.

The many friends in this city of Mr. Willis F. Denny will be grieved to hear of his death, which occurred yesterday in Colorado where he had gone for the sake of his health. Although Mr. Denny has been for some years a resident of Atlanta, he is well known in this city where he numbered his friends by scores.

Mr. Denny at the time of his death was about 28 years old. He was reared in Louisville, Ga., and was educated at Mercer University where he was a member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity. He supplemented his course at Mercer by a course in his chosen branch, architecture, at Cornell. On his return from college, he located in Atlanta, where he has been living for fifteen years, Ilis excellence in his profession won for him speedy recognition, and his rise was phenonmenal. His name is well known as an architect throughout the whole South and he designed some of the principal buildings in Atlanta and other cities of the South. He has been associated in business for years with Mr. Curran R. Ellis, of this city. Of recent years he also formed a partnership with Mr. Clem Phillips, formerly of this city, under the name of the Phillips-Denny Company, haberdashers,

Last spring Mr. Denny underwent a serious illness of several weeks and when he was partly recovered his physician recommended Colorado as a climate in which to recuperate his energies for the resumption of his work. Accordingly, Mr. Denny and his family went to Colorado where they have been ever since. Yesterday the end came and the sad news was transmitted to his relatives and many friends in the state.

The deceased is a son of Mrs. J. G. Polhill. of Louisville. Ga., and also leaves a wife and two small children, He was a man of most lovable dispesition and was held in high esteem by all who came in contact with him,

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THE MACON TELEGRAPH

At The Grand

The Opening Attraction of the Season At the Grand.

When the curtain rose some weeks ago at the Columbia theatre in Washington, D. C., upon the entertainment given by Adelaide Herrmann and her company there confronted the noted entertainers a most fashionable audi-ence, one that collects only upon rare occasions in the nation's capitol. The boxes were occupied by members of the diplomatic corps, prominent among whom were the Corean minister, family and stite. Magic appeals strongly to the people of the Orient, and the engagements of the Herrmenn company in Washington is always attended by officialdom from that portion of the globe, the far east, where the elder Herrmann had visited and played before royalty upon several occasions, years before. The magic of Madam Herrmann is appreciated probably more by them than even by the great American public, although magic can be said to be one of the institutions of the Orient. As heretofore stated, the Corean minister and suite were interested spectators of the Herrmann engage-ment at the Columbia theatre, and the ment at the Columbia theatre, and the delight with which they witnessed Adelaide Herrmann's appearance in the act which is entitled "A night in Japan," dressed in a magnificent Japanese gown, and performed several mysterious feats, such as the growing rose bushes wherein the roses are mafose busines wherein the roses are ma-terialized from a few seeds placed in flower pote and distributed to the au-dience, they were all attention. It was when Madame Herrmann took three large glasses and filling two with water and one with some light preparation, and one with some light preparation, turned the water in one glass to coffee, in the other milk, and the third glass containing the powdered substance into loaf, sugar, that their delight was unbounded. Madame Herrmann then poured the milk into a pitcher, the coffee into small cups and pitcher, the coffee into small cups and the sugar into the sugar bowl, and placing them on a tray, passed them into the box for Corean inspection. The lady of the party (probably the minister's wife) accepted the cup and, tosting it, passed it to the minister, accompanying the action with animated gestures and conversation. The accompanying the action with animated gestures and conversation. The minister also tasted it, and smillingly returned the cup to the tray. The audience received the incident with a round of applause. The Japanese min-ister and Chinese minister also witnessed the performance,
Madame Herrmann and her company

will appear at the Grand opera house for one performance only on Friday evening, August 25.

Among those assisting Madame Herrmann are Miss'Abi Stange in an illustrated rendition of the Charlot Race of the late Gen. Lew Wallace's famous book, "Ben-Hur," and the Four American Trumpeteers, America's representative military musical act and wallondow artistic. xylophone artists.

The advance sale of reserved seats will be held at King & Oliphant's pharmacy, opposite the Grand opera house, beginning at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. Prices, 25 cents to \$1.

.. About the Town ..

College street between Washington old street since the work of pulling down the Georgia Academy for the Blind, Although the academy build-ings were set many feet back from the street and surrounded by a terthe street and surrounded by a tery race topped by a lofty from fence the loss has impaired the building line quite a little. At present the work of the laborers is engaged in taking, down the building that stood nearest to College street. It was this building that had the pretty bowed-out windows and the fancy fire escapes. Carefully each big piece of timber is lowered from the top and the bricks are not jumbled together in a large pile. Much of the material used in the old buildings will again see service. Around on Orange street the residents and passers-by note the change as readily as do those who live on

as readily as do those who live on College street. From Chickennauga park the academy grounds present a bare appearance made all the more not seable through the fact that they once were covered with buildings that were always kept clean and with Wesleyan College on the other corner, made that part of the city look real metropolis like.

Still the new spartment houses will come and then it will be better than ever before.

In less than five weeks the public In less than five weeks the public schools will have opened and school life again taken up by the thousands of Macon boys and girls who are lucky enough not to have to work in the factories. Mercer and Wesleyan will open their doors at the same time and by the close of September the routine work will have gone into effect.

Vacations, can not last always and there are some who would rather not see them at all but with the majority the remaining days will be spent in

the hunt for enjoyment.

The unlucky ones who had the misfortune to fail to make their rise in the final exams just June are now in for it. Its safe to say that many a pupil has hunted up the text books and are now making ready to stand the ante-opening exams. Should those who falled to pass last June make a creditable showing at the examina-tions just before the opening they will be allowed to go ahead with their be allowed to go ahead with their classmates of a year ago. But its hard work poring over bothersome books these sultry days and the moral is a good one.

It's a race to see which will be ready for occupancy first, the office building part of the Grand Opera house building or the new stories, of the American National Bank building. A glance at the two buildings today will show that the contractors are speedly rushing along the work and even in spite of the scaffoldings that hide from view the upper stories of both buildings a fairly good idea of how they will look when completed is presented.

That Mulberry and Cherry streets will be graced by two new structures

That Mulberry and Cherry streets will be graced by two new structures is assumed. The upper stories will be younded out and to the very copings a, high class of workmanship will be dieplayed. So far neither contractor is able to say when the buildings will be ready for occupancy. It is quite, probable that the new offices in the bank building, will be ready first. The Maçon Elks will loccupy the seventh floor of the Grand building and the lower floors will, be used for offices.

Did you know that it's a misde-Did you know that it's a misde-meanor to appear these days with a jar on in a public place? Well, it is. A few days ago the law 'makers of Georgia passed such a bill and now its results will be watched. Questions will arise as to what it takes to make a public place and it is pretty sure knotty problems will 'confront police court magistrates when drunks come before their attention. Un to date no before their attention. Up to date no one in Macon has been charged with a misdemeaner for landing a jag.

Sultry afternoons and baseball have kept, within the city limits many of the more enthusiastic of Macon dove hunters but now that a most accepta-ble change in temperature has come and the ball team is fighting away on and the ball team is fighting away on the circuit more time is being spent in the field where the bird with the lively iris wonts to roam in search of seed bearing grasses. Many of Macon's most skillful Nimrods have tripped it off to nearby fowns where the doves are said to be found in numbers. The success of the hunters have been changeful. Some have returned with well filled bags and others with but little more than cockelburrs and nettles.

At The Grand

MATINEE TODAY AND TONIGHT

"A BUNCH OF KEYS."

In spite of the conclusion arrived at some time ago by the management who for so many scasons have explicited with no small pecuniary gain loyts "A Bunch of Keys" to at least temporarily rest this wenderfully suggested to the second of the second of

which remains as potent a laugh feature as ever.

COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

The next attraction at the Grand for tomorrow hight will be George Ade's pictorial comely drama, "The County Chairman" one of the most important productions Henry W. Savage has made, "The County Chairman" was among the most notable successes of the theatrical season in New York where it ran for over three hundred performances. Before that "The County Chairman" was played to large audiences in Chicago for one hundred and ten times and the press of the western city halled it as the great Amer'can play of the period, The Chicago Daily News called it "A complete friumph in every particular." and the New York World said: "The County Chairman is the laughing hit of the year."

"BUSTER BROWN."

There is probably not a theaterger in the wide land, who is not familiar with the famp of "Buster Brown" and his attendant misfortunes, laughed at his mischlevous pranks, as drawn by that humorous artist. Richard F. Outchul, and published in the colored pages of the New York in the colored pages of the New York in the colored pages of the New York in the page and with Mr. Outcault, one of the mest auccessful playrights, has constructed a fárcial comety which embodies many of "Buster Brown's" most amusing adventures. It will be presented at the Grand on Thursday night only with the same elaborate detail that characterized its run at the Mayest'e Theater. New York City, if one hundred nights.

THE KU KLUX KLAN,
Such was the inception of the Klan. "Within a few months," says Mr. Dix.

THE KU KLUX KLAN,
on, "this empire has overspread a terriforgate of the control o

ctober

ELKS' LAST SESSION -IN OLD LODGE ROOMS

The Macon Lodge of Elks last night held its final meeting in its old quar-ters and the weekly lodge session will take place next Wednesday night in the new rooms in the Grand opera house building. A large attendance was present at the session last night, at which Mr. James M. Chambers was initiated.

Initiate?. The pricipal business before the lodge was the discussion of communications looking to the presence of the grand exalted ruler of the order at the formal dedication of the new lodge rooms. So far no assurances have been received as to when the grand exalter ruler can be present, but the dedication will be suited to his convenience.

eptember

WANT BETTER ORDER . .. IN PEANUT GALLERY

PATRON OF THE THEATER EX-PRESSES HIS VIEWS.

PRESSES HIS VIEWS.

"I wish you would call the attention of somehody to the manner in which the crowd in the pennut gallery at the Grand has started out this scason," said a patron of the theater yesterday.

"Please try and impress upon the police the importance of suppressing this disorder. At the performance the other night the noise in the gallery was inexcusable and intolcrable, and interfered greatly with the enjoyment by the audience downstairs, one of whom I was. It may be that this being the first performance after so long a lull, zome latitude was allowed the upstairs people, but I do hope that it will not be allowed to continue.

"The police know their business better than I do, but I am entitled to an opinion, and my judgment is that there is but little need of two officers downstairs to sit through the performance, because there is less likelihood of any disorder to occur down there. The disorderly disturbances are in the galleries, and there is where the officers ough; to be stationed.

"But, as I said, the police know their business better than I do, and I am not criticising them. I am just excressing what I think should be done. All I want is better order in the galleries than was displayed on the opening night of the season."

Short Stories

Mass Meeting Saturday.

The citizens of the county are reminded by Dr. Heard, churman of the county executive committee, of the meeting to be held on Saturday at noon, for the purpose of electing a new executive committee for the county.

Special Train of Surgeons.
A special train with Dr. Floyd McRae and assistants of Atlanta, passed through Maroy yesterday morning on its way to Fort Gaines to save the life, if possible, of Sheriff Beard, of Clay County, who was shot five times by a negro desperado on Sunday.

The Near-Beer Ordinance,
A communication will prohably be addressed to the Mayor and Council tonight asking for a modification of the near-beer ordinance passed at the last meeting. The main modification asked for the hour at which the ordinance requires that the beverage must cease to be served.

The committee on concessions and privileges held a meeting at Fair Head-quarters yesterday afternoon, but only accepted a few bids, the soft drinks, confetti and popcorn being among the number. There were numerous other bids opened, but the committee decided that they would wait a few days before awarding them.

For the Rally,
The committee of arrangements, of which Dr. O. C. Gibson is the cludirman, leid a meeting yesterday for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for the Bryan and Brown rally to be held at the City Auditorium tomorrow night. The committee have cut out a lot of work that will be attended today.

The Peanut Gallery.
Chief Westcott is doing what he can to suppress the disorder usual in the neanut gallery at the Grand. He said yesterday that this is a most difficult matter when one thousand tickets are sold for this gallery which only seals eight hundred. He will have, a conference with Manager Phillips, and it is possible that in future no more tickets than the seating capacity will be allowed to be sold.

Work at the Park.

There will probably be a report from the committee on public property at the meeting of Council tonight as to the progress of the work of putting the grounds and buildings at the park in order for the fair. It is also probable that

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une

FOR MERCER SENIORS

FOR MERCER SENIORS

The was and Ciceronians. The question was, "Resolved, That a national graduate income tax is desirable for the United States." The winning side was represented by A. T. Cline, of Walesher and II. L. Grice, of Atlanta, of the affirmative, and the Circonians, who can be completed by the Circonians, of the measure of the negative, were represented by H. D. Johnson, of Montrose, Col.

EXERCISES Jn Chapel Because

of Rainy Weather.

AN ORATORICAL CONTEST

Winger of Hardeman Medii to B. Announced Wednesday—Many of the Friends and Relatives of Oradusts

The first of the seventy-fourt an intuition of the second of the commencement exercises of the nuiversity has been seen as the second of the commencement exercises of the nuiversity has been seen as the second of the second of the commencement exercises of the second of the second

At The Grand

"THE BALKAN PRINCESS" ADVANCE SALE.

The advance sale of seats for the engagement of "The Balkan Princess" opens today, and judging from the interest already manifested, it will be one of the largest first day's sale recorded in the history of the trand theater. Since the first announcement was made that "The Balkan Princess" was to be seen here, numerous requests have been made that seats be laid aside before the regular advance sale opened. This, however, has not been done and the first in line today will have first choice of seats. The production is scheduled here next Saturday for matinee and night at the Grand. There is only one company playing the plece, and includes as nearly as possible to obtain, the original members. Exactly the same massive production that was used during lis run at the Casino and Heraid Square theater, New York, will be seen here. One of the features of the performance is a chorus of forty Bul-kanese girls, who are said to possess wonderful beauty in addition to their skill in dancing. Purchase your seats early.

KEITH VAUDEVILLE OPENS THE GRAND MONDAY.

Starting next week, Jake Wells, the well known southern theatrical magnate and lessee of the Grand theater here, will inaugurate the Keith vaudeville (the better kind) policy that all Macon has been talking about. There will be two entire changes of Keith, Proctor and Hammerstein acts, twice weekly, on Mondays and Three parformances. days and Thursday, and three performances given every day, a matinee daily at 3:30 and two night performances at 7:45 and 9:15. Harry Bernstein, Mr. Wells' representative, is here arranging all the preliminaries and the Grand will present a pretty appearance for the open-

Ing.

The matinee prices will be 20 cents for first twelve rows and 10 cents for balance of lower floor and balcony and gallery (gallery for colored people only) the night prices will be 10 cents admission, balcony and gallery, and 20 cents admission lower floor. The first twelve rows and all boxes will sell for 30 cents up to 8:20 each night—after that hour, all seats on the lower floor are 20 cents, that seats on the lower floor are 20 cents, that is, all unoccupied reserve seats. The reserved seat tickets are sold in advance, in fact, a week in advance, but the holder of the reserved seat must be in his or her seat before 8:20 each night, clae forfeit all claim to the seat. A big clock will be installed in the lobby of the Grand calling attention to this rule, as well as advertising all over the city, and in the local newspapers.

Sunday's Telegraph will give a complete list of the eight Keith acts to be offered here next week, also the names of the matchless silent photoplays, to he projected from the Grandoscope, on the lurgest, clearest screen ever seen in this sec-

tion, besides the characters in these plays will be of a lifelike nature. Keith vau-deville will be but a repetition of the Wells success in Richmond, Norfolk, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Montgomery, Mobile, Atlanta, Suvannah, Augusta and various other large southern cities, where this policy is owned and controlled by Jake Wells. It is a society fad, and popular with all, old, young and the stranger. The Grand will be the universal meeting place for all Macon on Monday next and week.

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This Afternoon Will Be Crowded With Women and Children.

This afternoon at 3:30 and twice tonight 7:45 at 9:15 will be your last chance to see "Onsip." the world's greatest deceptionist. Thousands of people have flocked to the Grand all week in an effort to solve this baffling stunt, and they are as much at sea now as at first. Blocksom and Burns, the funniest burlesque black face comedians seen here in the higher class vaudeville will amuse the women and children today. "Rube" Strickland in his inimitable musical "Ruble" act is a scream and he alone is well worth the price of admission. Guy Fennell and Lena Tyson in their classy "Tuneful Niftiness" will still continue to add tone to this high class show, while "His Lordship, the Valet," a Vitagraph silent comedy and "The Usurer's Grip," a dramatic Edison, will delight the picture lovers. The advance sale for the matinee this afternoon is large, but there is plenty of room in the big ample, comfortable and safe Grand theater for everyone. Colored nurses with white children have proven a boon to the mothers who do not always find time from their house work even to visit the popular Grand (everybody doing it) and daily large numbers of the colored nurses with white children are seen in the balcony. For next week Manager Bernstein has gathered another bill of Keith stars, with the added attraction on next Friday night of a new set of amateurs. Seats on sale now at the box office. Phone 1111.adv.

"Baby Mine" Next Saturday Matinee

"Baby Mine" Next Saturday Matinee and Night,

and Night,

The sale of seats for the world's funnest play, "Baby Mine," which is announced for next Saturday matinee and night (vaudeville will lay off this day only) opens at the box office of the Grand on next Thursday morning. "Baby Mine" comes with a record of one solid year at Daly's theater, New York City, and is conceded to be the funniest play ever written. The impetus of the play never rests; it is said to begin with spirit and end with spirit; each act has a new move of fun, while the acting from first to last is excellent. The entire balcony at matinee 50 cents. Children any part of the theater 25 cents.adv.

2 9 DOUGLAS THEATER.

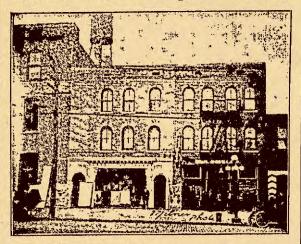
Week of February 1.5, Vaudeville.

Bonnie and Semonia Clark, sister teain, entitied a Curious Puzzle. Classy singing, dancing and telking female and kid soubrette. Also the two Sweets. One of the best acts on the American stage, being beld over another week by special request. Don't fa'll to see them. We speak with pride of our weekly program of pictures. How note our complete daily program Monday, The Master Key, two treis When His Lordship Proposed, one ceel. Tuesday, She Was His Mother (Violet Mersereau and Hobart Henry) three reels; Wednesday (special), Fedora, his Sensation of Furope, five reels; "Custer's Last Scout," two reels; Through a Knot Hole; Thursday, Zudora, No. 6, The Mystery of McWinter's Family, two reels. My Lady, High and Mighty, two reels. The Butler's Baby. Friday (special), itroadway Trail, world's feature, five reels; A Woman's Debt, two reels; A Mald by Proxy. Saturday, Pawns of Fate, two reels; Thou Shalt Not Flirt.

The management has spared no pains nor money to give to the colored people of this city the very best picture service of any city in the south. In fact, we have made our theater a regular educator where you can see something that is really worth while, interspersed with a little comedy to make you forget the hard times. No long faces here. After seeing our programs you will feel like life is worth living. We cater especially to the ladies and children. Doors open ? to 11 p.m.

PAIR SATTERDAY, COLDER AV MORTH AND WEST PORTIONS. SURBAY PAIR, COLDER IN SOCTURANT PORTION, PRESH WINTERLY TO NORTHWESTERLY WINDS

Colonial Hotel--Douglass Theater



ESTABLISHED 1911

C. H. DOUGLASS

MACON, GA.

The Colored Hotel is run on European plan and has 25 well furnished rooms, with all modern conveniences. Rates 50 to 75 cents per night. Special figures to anyone by the week or month.

The Douglass Theater is one of the most modern picture shows to be found. Well ventilated. Electric fans. Superb decorations. Opera seats. In fact, everything is up-to-date and all that could be asked by the public is to be found in The Douglass.

C. H. Douelass has been in business in the city of Macon fifteen years, and in building his house tried to give his people just what he knew they would like in a high-class amusement place. For their pleasure in connection with hotel and picture show he has pool room, soft drink parion, catering to the exclusive trade.

If you want to spend the time enjoying a high-class movie, five reels and good feature acts, take in The Douglass. You will surely enjoy it. Everything for your pleasure.

SOLDIERS ARE GIVEN **FINE MUSICAL TREAT**

Grand Theater Is Packed, Even to the "Peanut" Gallery, for Sunday Afternoon Concert.

Royal Scotch Highlanders' Band Well Received by Audience, Largely of Military Men.

"Hoot mon, but it was a braw bright Sabbath that we spent you ken," so a soldier who was evidently Scotch descent was heard to say as he came out of the soldier who was evidently Scotch descent was heard to say as he came out of the Grand Theater yesterday afternoon after intening to the Royal Scotch Highlanders' is and, familiary known as the "radices." The reputation that this famous organization has made under the Springer of the Jo. Smith had so lar preceded them in this city that iong before the doors were thrown open a large crown had gatuered and when admission was permitted the sidewalk was fined from the Grand to the courthouse. The theater was filed to capacity previous to the commencement of the concert and several young tautes who find kindly consented to act as ushers had a hasy quarter of an hour. The way these amateurs hustled up and down the asise, placing a somer here, and a lang with a little child there, showed remarkable applicable. Every Seat Occupied.

Every Seat Occupied.

Every Seat Occupied.

Eventually the big audience was settled, every seat being occupied from top to the bottom, and so was every available space for standing. For once society people and soldiers had to go to the "peature gathery to hind seats.

That the Soldiers' welfare Commission was exceedingly tothmate through the courtesy of Johns Otto and many Robert, of the Fair Association, to be able to secure such an altractive entertainment, is more than grantifying to the law worthy project so smoorely at heart, the keynole of response was struck sunday afternoon when a glimpe at the audience showed a large percentage of soldiers from Camp wheeler. They had found some place to go.

The concert itself was more than excelent, the band being unusually well balanced, a very difficult matter nowadays.

some place to go.

The concert itself was more than excellent, the band being unusually well balanced, a very dinicult matter nowadays.

Concert is Pleasing.

Roy D. Smith conducted with a masterful, easy style, his musicains responding to every deed and the limbs of his work will rank him as a conductor of the first rank. His reception in Annon must have been most gratifying to lum, the audience not being content with a low.

The program opened with a maren, 'Imughters of American Revolution' (Lampe), despite the content with a low. The program opened with a maren, 'Imughters of American Revolution' (Lampe), despite the content one of the treats of the attention, the sextette from "Lucia," which was loudily applauded. A sericated, 'Luce and inteness' (Isondix), and a selection from 'The Blue Paradise' (Schrueder), were much enjoyed, They precuded what was underly of Section 1999. Lampe, which was so thoroughly in keeping with the bands Hoyal Gordon Ritted uniforms and Glengarry caps.

This selection comprised "Oh Where and Oh Where Is My Highland Lassie (When Cours and Highland Lassie (When Cours and

DOWN-TOWN FIRE **GUTS BUILDING**

Firemen Rescue Negro Woman and Others Take to Windows to Escape.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT \$15'000

Firemen rescued a negro woman several negro men had to take to the several negro men had to take to the windows to escape from flames that gutted a two-story building at the cornel of Wall street alley and liroadway, in the heart of the down town section, at 2 o'clock this morning.

For a time the Douglass Theater and three-story hotel operated by Douglass were threatened, but the firemen held the flames in check. Douglass' loss, he estimated at 3 o'clock this morning, at \$15,000.

at \$15,000.

The origin of the fire is a mystery.

Angel Koutsos, proprietor of the Silver.

Moon restaurant, was serving a meal te
Billy Manthos when fire was discovered
dropping from the ceiling. Manthos telephoned for the fire department and
Koutsos ran to the fire alarm box.

Flames Get Good Start.

When the firemen arrived on the scene flames were shooting from the roof and from the windows of the two-story brick

from the windows of the two-story brick structure.

Carrie Lowis, a negress, operated the rooming house. Firemen found her clinging to a window at the front and they helped her down.

At the rear Paul Logan leaped through; a window on the second floor to make, his escape. But before he leaped he dragged Allen Tappam, John Tom Lockse, and two others, whom he did not know, from their beds. They followed him through the window, carrying what, clothing they could snatch from their nooms in their hands. The negroes earlier to the second serious injury.

Other Building Are Damaged.

Other Building Are Damaged.

At the corner of Wall street alley is the Marbie Hall, now vacant; next door is the Sliver Moon, and C. H. Douglass innest operates the barber shop; next door to that and also the cigar store and restaurant adjoining his theater. All were damaged by water. The damage from fire was confined to the second.

Police have been called to the suence frequently, they said last night, because of trouble counting on the second flesh,

The second second second second

Appendix A

192 February 28,

NEGRO THEATER PERMIT ISSUED

C. H. Douglass Soon to Erect Three Story Building to Cost \$35,000.

78 PERMITS DURING OCTOBER

November 10, 1920

Building Inspector F. Joe Bishop' has issued a permit to C. H. Douglass, for the erection of a new negro theater, \$35-329 Broadway, to cost approximately \$35,000. A three-story structure will be built, the balance of the space to be used for offices.

W. H. Hill has obtained a permit to repair fire damage and to add a room to No. 117 Jones street, the improvement to cost \$2,000.

The Cherokee Heights Methodist church has obtained a permit to erect an addition to cost \$2,000.

The October report of the building inspector, which was submitted to city council last night, showed a total of 73 permits issued, for work to cost \$77,142. New buildings are to cost \$13,500. Fifty-seven of the permits are for remodeling structures, to cost \$55,882.

COMMUNITY SING DRAWS CROWD OF 2,500 TO THEATER

All Classes of Macon People Unite in Great Chorus,

SONG SPECIALIST IS LEADER

Melodies From Negro Gallery Is Feature of Afternoon.

OTHER GATHERINGS PLANNED

Out-Door Harmony Conventions Promised By J. O. Brison,

Promised By J. O. Brison,

The swell of 2,500 voices in a yest community chorus—shrill voices of the children in front, the melodious tones of negro chorus in the gailery, the trained tones of the song leaders' class on the stars, and the roar from the main floor and balcony—still blendded into one harmonious swell and ebb yesterday afternoon at the Grand Theater, when Macon expressed itself in music. Every worth-while phase the community chorus at the Community Sing, and joined in single the religious and folk songs that everyone loves, ending song, F. Roger and the community service of Commerce and chaliman of the Community for the Chamber of Commerce and chaliman of the Community Service of the Community service personnel here work of the demonstration which the Community Service personnel here work of the demonstration which the Community Service personnel here work of the demonstration which the Community Service personnel here will be community service and the community service personnel here will be community service and the community service personnel here will be community service and the community service personnel here will be community service and the community service personnel here will be a service and the service and the

Mayor Makes Short Talk, M.M. Mayor Chen Tools in male she had to keep the spirit manifested at the meeting, and ended: "Jac't get together oftener, love each other more, and our city will be a better, love and the love and love and

thet Church Quartet fredered a number, sanding, vote of thanks was extended to Mr. and Mis. Billion for their work, in the musical program. The management of the Grand Theater was enthusialtenly thanked for the was enthusialtenly thanked for the law of their building for the meeting. The Grand orchestra was on hand and played throughout the meeting, the Grand ushers seated the min, the Grand ushers seated the control of the Mr. The meeting closed with the singing of the Star Spangled Banner.

"Shuffle Along" At the Grand Theater Monday Night Pleased Augusta

Night Pleased Augusta

"Fhuffle Along," tho all colored New York musical comedy ancress which will appear at the Grand Monday night, is receiving the praise and endorsement of the press and thester managers of the South. The attraction played the Imperial Theater at Augusta Tuesday night, and according to the manager of the theater, the house was filled to capacity and hundreds were turned away. The manager of the Augusta house wired Manager of the Show!

capacity business. Hundreds turned away. General critteism of everyone, the livest duncing and singing show ever played here. Buttrely different and cleaner than any colored show ever played here.

"Shuffle Along" will be presented in Macon by the same cast that kept New York amused for so long and which is pleasing every audience on this season's Southern tour.

Seats will be placed on sale Friday morning. The balcony will be reserved for colored people.

PAIR SATURDAY, COLDER IN MORTH AND WEST PORTIONS. SCHOOL PAIR, COLDER IN SOUTHEAST PORTION, PRESH WESTERLY TO NORTHWESTERLY WINDS

February 6, 1924



March 4, 1924

William Montgomery McGovern

Grand Theater, Saturday, March 8, 8:15 p.m.

The Story of a Remarkable and Thrilling Trip

"TO LHASA IN DISGUISE"

The First Motion Pictures Ever Taken of the Every Day Life. In "The Forbidden City"

Auspices Macon Woman's Club

First Floor and Baleony \$1.00 Gallery 50c (Reserved for Collelege Students)

SPARKS' WELL BALANCED SHOW SEEN BY CAPACITY AUDIENCES IN PERFORMANCES GIVEN HERE

Grand Opening Tournament Is Brought to Climax by Egyptian Fantasy

Different Kind of Circus, Full of Pep and With New Features, Staged

By GEORGE W. GRIFFIN

By GEORGE W. GRIFFIN
From the grand opening tournament
which comes to a climax with an
Egyptian fantasy, in which gorgeous
costumes blend into the jungle life
presented, and in which song and music figure, on down through a twohour program. Sparks' Circus in its
first performance of the year, yesterday, gave lovees of the white top
and the sawdust ring, something
that's different—a big show that's full
of pep and brand new features.
Sparks' Circus Wintered in Macon.
And Macon turned out a crowd that
took all of the seats and all of the
standing room for the afternoon performance. And last night there was
another capacity crowd in attendance.
All of the kinks had been taken out
during the rehearsals of the last few
weeks. Everything moved along
smoothly, without a hilch, without a
mishap.
Circuses were originated for two

smoothly, without a hiten, without a mishap.

Circuses were originated for two things, it has been declared by an old showman, to make the little folks laugh and to make the grownups feel widdlich again. kiddish again.

Program Well Arranged

Program Well Arranged
In this the Sparks family and its
wonderful organization have succeeded. There is more comedy in the
show this year than has ever been
put in a circus that has pluened a
tent at Central City Park. And the
program is so well arranged that no
one grows tired.

The costumes are gorgeous—the
prelitiest that have been seen here.
It was stated by the press agent that
the costumes cost more than \$10,000
and were picked out by Mrs Charles
Sparks herself. The press agent didn't
lie, apparently, and Mrs. Spacks is
a good picker, a good harmonizer of
colors, for the costumes help to set
off the natural beauty of most of the
girls of the circus.

Miss Bessie Harvey, prima domna
of the white tops, takes the lead in
the singing in which every member
of the company figures in the presentation of the Egyptian fantusy, as
the grand opening parade comes to a
hait.

Then come Clyde Widener and his

halt.

Then come Clyde Widener and his hurdle mule: Bert Mayo's mile-a-minute pony, Gordon, on a revolving table; T. N. T., the bucking mule: Paul Wenzel and his funny fellows on the track. The action that the clowns put into the show in this first act whets the appetite for more, and the clowns are able to Satisfy.

Polar Bear Act

Polar Bear Act

Feanz Woska presents a group of polar bears and Great Dane dogs in the next act, which is a remarkable feature in itself. The bears go through jumping and balancing acts, the dogs also taking part, and put the finishing touches on by doing an imitation of violating the Volstead act. In fact one of them insisted on taking his bottle along to his cage.

There are more clowns and more freak stunts and then come two sixhores acts. In different rings, one group being in charge of Prof. Schartute and the other in charge of Prof. Schartute and the other in charge of Prof. Ernest Kloske. More clowns follow.

Acrobatic stunts by the Koban com-

pany and by the three Nelsons are next on the program, all good.
Franz Woska presents a real thriller in the performing tigers, in which one of the most difficult stants appears to be in walking a pole. But the tigers leap and pose in pyramids and do other things at the crack of the whip.

Misses Frances Widner and Anna Kerry put two dephants through some dare devil stunts. Walter McLain is the trainer.

Nerve Not Lost by Battey

Nerve Not Lost by Battey

Nerve Not Lost by Battey
Steve Battey, once bodly managled
by a leopard, hasn't lost any of his
nerve in the next act, for he enters
a den of jungle-bred male llons and
goes through with what is considered
America's greatest fighting llon act.
In the next display there are two
elephant acts and a ring of performing dogs, all good.
The comedy riding number by
Gulce-Redmit troupe is one of the best
of its kind ever put on here.
This is hardly out of the way before
a Japanese, programed as Prince Sakato, does a foot slide on a slender
rope from the top of the tent to the
roof.
Miss Bessie Harvey, prima dound.

rone from the top of the tent to the roof.

Miss Beesie Harvey, prima dound, resentors on horseback. Her first entry was on an elephant. Two cages of pigeons are liberated as she sines, and they fly home to her, the singer riding out of the tent with the pets all about her.

Dainty Neida Mitters dances on a silver wice brings its share of applause. She does a real thriller. There have been relation borses here before, and they're always good in a circus act, but none have been my better than ore shown in the Spatks program under the leadership of Fro. Erriest Kloske.

Japanese Belt Perch

Japanese Belt Perch

of Frof. Erriest Kloske.

Japanese Beit Perch

While the Mardo trio, comedy acrobats, are doing a sumt in one ring, the Comical Netsons put on bumps and falls in another ring.

The Tosu Brothers do a Japanese helt perch and Sakato, a foot perch, while Yamada walks upstairs on his head—acts that have been in other circuses but they are good and a necessary feature of a complete show.

The three Walters do an aerial bar act that is said to be without an equal. The performers are Walter Knice, Walter Hill and Walter Cherry, one of them injecting a little clown stuff into the act.

After a few side splitting stunts by the clowins the high school horses go through a number of stunts, including a Georgia cake walk, Spanish Fandango. Shiminy, Cork Screw Twist, Chicken Reel and others.

Dental dexterity is shown in an aerial display by Misses Kulla York and Bab Yope, while Misses Gertrude West, Minnie Rooney, Ella Mijler and Victoria Carsey perform on the swinging ladders.

English Hunting Scene

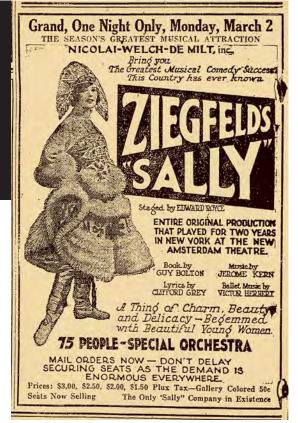
English Hunting Scene

The English hunting scene includes some high and broad jumpers, one of which was ridden by Miss Florence Mardo, one of the best wonten riders who ever appeared in a sawdust

March 1, 1925

925 February 26,





1925 ∞ March

GRAND

Monday, Tuesday, March 16-17

MATINEE TUESDAY JOHN GOLDEN Presents



By AUSTIN STRONG

Direct from a Two Year's Run at the Booth Theater, N. Y. City DON'T BE CROWDED OUT—SEE IT WHILE YOU CAN You can no more afford to miss this classic of the spoken drama than you would have missed "Lightmin," "3 Wise Fools," "The 1st Year" and "Thank-U", earlier Golden successes.

SEE FOR YOURSELF WHY IT RAN TWO YEARS IN NEW YORK

IT'S EASY TO ORDER SEATS BY MAIL

Write a letter stating what performance you wish to attend, and where you would like to sit. Enclose remittance payable to Grand Theater, together with a self-addressed stamped-envelope for return of tickets. Add 10 per cent. war tax in addition to below prices.

NIGHTS-Lower Floor, \$2.50. Balcony, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00. Colored, Gallery, 50c

MATINEE-Lower Floor, \$1.50 Balcony, \$1.00 Gallery, 50c

The Largest Theatrical Company on Tour

GRAND-One Night, Wed., March 11

Lee and J. J. Shubert Present BRENDEL and BERT Bl



The Celebrated Castle House Orchestra
"THE LIVING CHANDELIERS"
World's Most Beautiful Stage Spectacle
50—Famous New York Winter Garden Beauties—50
Prices—Lower Floor, \$3.00
Colored, Gallery, 50: Plus Tax
NOTE—Owing to the size of this production there will not be a matinee, as the Passing Show Special Train does not arrive until 9 a. m. and it is impossible to give a matinee.

MAIL ORDERS NOW-SEAT SALE MONDAY

JUST TWIXT US By BRIDGES SMITH

ITS good to have the old-time actors, those who trod the boards at Ralston Hall, the Academy of Music and even the Grand years age, drop in and chat about the days before the ellent drama made its appearance and diew the crowds. All of these veterans carry a warm spot in their hearts for Macon, and love to talk of their former visits, on each of which they found and formed new friends.

There was John W. Ransome, who came in with the Seventh Heaven show not long since. Time was when a company with John Ransome in it was dead sure of a big house to give him and his company, whatever it might be, the glad hand. Old theater-goers have never forgotten him when in the Prince of Plisen, and the way he could say "Gingin-natty" for Cincinnatt, always evoking a laugh.

Mr. Ransome began his stage career as a negro minstryl, serving an apprenticeship with Haverly's Minstrels, the greatest minstrel organization known. With a keen sense of humor and a most retentive memory, he carries with him a goodly stock of stories, the best of which concerns his visit to London with the Prince of Pilsen company, and he tells them delightfully.

Then comes Robert Dowling, whose name in ten-foot letters once was emblazoned on the billboards of Macon. He is a rare genuis, being at one time a Methodist preacher as well as an actor. He is now the business manager of Robert Mantell, who also in former days made friends in Macon, and elsewhere. Mr. Dowling's acquaintance with and friendship for Dr. Georgo Stauley Frazer may be accounted for in this way.

Another friend of his in Macon is Lamar Clay. Way back yonder, when Mr. Dowling was one of the shining lights of the legitiante drama, Lamar had stage aspirations and was on the beards for a time, and was turored by Mr. Dowling and others high up in the profession. Mr. Clay had quite a pleasant chat with him the other day when here with Mantell, over the old times.

There was Ransome in the Seventh Heaven, a modern production, and Mantell in a Shakespearean play. The Merchant of Venice, both playing to poor houses, and yet in the long ago they would have looked from the stage on a sea of satisfied faces. The old theater-goor notes the change with a degree of sandness. To save his soul he can't get reconciled to the new order of things, and can only console himself with the fact that it is the inevitable.

Of course there must be a cause for this. It may be coming of the moving picture shows, but perhaps it is because of the high cost of living, the increased overhead expenses, the income tax and other taxes, etc. all combined to almost double the price of admission to theaters, and the common herd, as you may say, can't afron't to invest in the admission pasteboards—and that's about it,

If you notice, minstrel shows that used to pack the house to the very doors, often selling the house before the date of performance, now rarely ever play to more than a full house, and even then the house is top-heavy because the galleries with their low-priced tickets looking down ou a sparsely-settled first door. This is not only the case with minstrels, but other shows, even of the first class.

The old-theater-goer holds up his hands in horror at paying a dollar and sixty-five cents for a minstrel performance. He has seen the very best in burnt cork for fitty cents, and it was not from a scat in the peanut gallery either. And yet, when you consider the overhead expenses of a minstrel company made necessary by these times, you have little or no blame for the minstrel management.

In Macon, as in every city, there are a certain number of people who stand ready and anxious to go to shows, and do go; but there is a larger number who would patronize the shows if the price was within reach. It is useless, however, to hope for lower prices of admission for a long time.

November 3, 1925

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JUST TWIXT US

By BRIDGES SMITH

WAS talking with a veteran theatrical man the other day, finding him in a reminiscent mood. It seemed a pity that a man so observant, and with so extensive acquaintance with members of the sock and buskin and so long a connection with the stage, had not taken notes of incidents and sayings instead of storing them haphazardly in what often proves treacherous cells of memory—how interesting they would be in the later years!

It was in Augusta that a musical comedy company was playing an engagement. During a matinee performance the wife of the man er, with other ladies, was seated on the little balcony in front of the building over the sidewalk. In rising from her seat a board in the floor of the balcony gave way, and a shapely limb went through the opening and was exposed to the people passing beneath, and to the husband of the lady who was on the opposite side of the street.

The other ladies of the party shouted to him to come over quickly and extricate his wife from her embarrassing predicament. He rushed over at once to say to her: "Don't you know we have a leg show on the stage, to see which we are charging an admission, and here you are giving a free exhibition!" He then proceeded to release her, while those around her were highly amused at the situation.

At another theater an amateur performance was given, in which a young man took the part of a ballet dancer. In his eagerness to aisplay his agility he dressed hurriedly and rushed on the stage, forgetting to put on his tights. On his appearance in his short tarleton skirt, such as the dancer wears, he caused a sensation! The stage manager saw the situation at once and ordered "lights out," and the young man was rushed off the stage in the darkness, the audience blaming the electric light plant.

During one of Katic Putnam's numerous engagements in Macon, one of her admirers was a printer who had spent the day in the woods hunting, returning with a full bag of birds after the performance had begun. After a bite of supper and drink or so he went to the theater and because of his hunting clothes he took a seat in the peanut gallery overlooking the stage. From this perch he could get a good look at his favorite,

It was in the third act of the play, when Katie sang a song that was quite popular at the time, "Come, Birdie, Come and Live With Me," to be greeted with a full round of applause. The printer wanted to show his appreciation, and could think of no other way than to take a bunch of a dozen doves from his bag and drop them on the stage in front of the trim little actress in full view of the audience.

But Katie didn't appreciate the intended compliment, mistaking is as an insult. A bunch of flowers would have filled the bill, but a bunch of birds—never. She made known her opinion of any person who would do such a thing in a little speech, and from the applause it received it was evident that she was not alone in her opinion, and then and there Katie lost one of her most ardent and most faithful admirers.

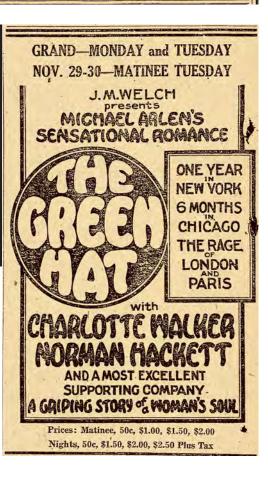
Many Macon people will remember the heavy female tragedienne, Madamo Jaunaschek, and how well she sustained the role of Macbeth. It was while playing in Macon that she had a French poodle, and this her maid cared for while the Madame was on the stage. One night the poodle escaped from the dressing room, probably on a hunt for its mistress.

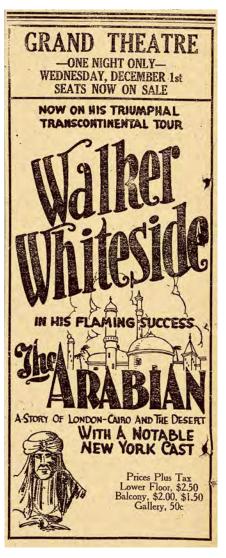
In the old Ralston Hall, Macon's famous theater, lodged a black cat that had the free run of the building. On the night in question the cat caught a glimpse of the fluffy white poodle, selecting a most unfortunate time to show its utter contempt for it. It was during a death scene, and the great actress was at her best. The cat and poodle met and fur flew. The scene was spoiled, and back stage that night after the performance the madama blessed out the stage manager, while she held to her ample breast the towseled poodle, trying to soothe it with caresses and terms of endearment.

THE UTILITY CLUB "FOLLIES" GRAND THEATER—JAN 19-20 Tuesday and Wednesday, 8:30 P.M. with "Macon's Professional Amateurs" Lower Floor \$2.00 Plus Tax Balcony \$1.00 Plus Tax BOX OFFICE OPENS MON., JAN. 18th, 10 A.M. Mail orders filled when accompanied by check, self addressed, stamped envelope. Reservations held at Box Office until 6:30 p.m. on dates of performance. Phone 111 after 19 A.M.

Tickets on Sale: Box Office Grand Theater, Mitchell, Williams & Mack Drugstores. Chapman's Drug Store. Exchange Drug Store, College Hill Pharmacy, Tattnall Square Drug Store.

November 28, 1926





TELEGRAPH BOYS THEATER GUESTS

Nearly one hundred carriers for The Macon Telegraph enjoyed themselves last night at the Grand Theater, where they were guests of this paper and of Montague Salmon, manager of the Macon theaters.

The white boys were provided with seats in the balcony and the colored boys were given seats in the "pea-nut gallery."

The boys thoroughly enjoyed themselves throughout the evening, according to H. S. Shinholser, city circulation manager, who accompanied them. Mr. Salmon said that he was well pleased with their conduct and he would be glad to entertain them

Incidentally the show was the best vandeville that the boys had ever seen. They said so, and they only told Mr. Salmon so, but not also showed their appreciation to Mr.

Shinholser.

This theater party was one of several events arranged for the carriers in appreciation of their strentous work in delivering the Centennia! Edition on time last Thanksgiving morning.

DOUGLASS LEASED June 4, 192 BY NEW CONCERN

Broadway Theater Taken Over By Stein Enterprises

TO BE GREATLY IMPROVED

Lease of the Douglass Theater for a period of 15 years and for a sum totalling \$185,000 by the Stein Entotaling \$435,000 by the Stein Enterprises, a company operating in Georgia and Florida, was announced yesterday by Theo Volk, head of the rental department of the firm of Murphey, Taylor and Ellis. Negotiations for the property have been under way for about 60 days, Mr. Volk said.

The new company will take charge of the theater Monday, it was an-nounced. C. H. Douglass, owner of the theater, stated that he will give his entire time to the Middle Georgia Savings and Investment company, but barber shop on Broadway. theater will continue to operate his hotel and

Improvement of the theater is planned by the new company which will be in charge. These plans call for a complete renovation, with new scenery and new decorations for the

interior of the building.

The Stein Enterprises is composed of Louis Stein. Ben Stein and other associates, who began their theater chain in Lake City, Fla., which is still headquarters for the company.

The theater will continue to oper-

ate for negroes, it was announced.

January 15, 1928

THE MACON TELEGRAPH: SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1928

Mercer Students Get Grand Opera First Hand as Supers

Stars of Gridiron Become Lights of Operatic Stage

Daybook of a New Yorker



To Be Detective High Compliments on City Auditorium Made; Aida Performance Praised

O. B. Kerler, of The Additional Teach Complex Parks of the Additional Property Jeropean Special Sp

REVELATIONS OF A WIFE

Keeler Thrills at Macon's 'Opera

MATINEES TO BE GIVEN

This Thing Called Love will be the opening comedy at the Grand theater to be given by the Peruchi Players for the week starting-Nov. 10, with matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, according to announcement yesterday by E. A. Booth, manager.

The policy of the company will be to give New York successes at popular prices with one bill a week for the present, he said. The theater has been equipped with sound picture projection equipment and it is expected that later vaudeville and pictures will be presented for part of the week.

Top prices at the Grand will be 60 cents for orchestra seats, 40 cents for balcony and 25 cents for the Negro gallery. Seats in the orchestra will be reserved for night performance only seats will seats will.

Negro gallery. Seats in the ordered will be reserved for night performances only, and balcony seats will not be reserved. The prices for natiness will be 35 cents for orchestra, 25 cents for balcony and 15

chestra, 25 cents for balcony and 15 cents for gallery.

An orchestra has been engaged to play before the performances and between the acts as well as after the show. This orchestra will be known as the Grand concert orchestra. Later it is expected that musical plays will be alternated with dramatic productions.

In Chattanaogra

In Chattanooga

In Chattaneoga
At present the Peruchi Players are operating in Chattaneoga and say they expect to open with a company in Knoxville. Plans are under way for epening at Tampa, Jacksonville and Montgomery.

The leading lady of the Macon company will be Leslie Rice, who will have Gerald Rowan as leading man. Mabel Page, who is known to theater patrons of former days in Macon, will play character roles with the company and Edward Do.ze will play male character parts. Other members of the cast are yet to be selected but Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peruchi will take roles from time to time.

time.

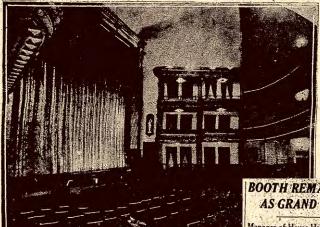
The Grand theater is rapidly being renovated at a cost estimated at 330,000. A new feature just announced by Henry DeGive, owner, is the construction of a marquee which will extend over the sidewalk with bright lights and large lettering.

walk with bright lights and large lettering.

For the opening performance, Mrs.
DeGive and the Peruchi Players are planning a number of box parties for Macon people and out-of-town guests.

Activities have all the

Activities here will be carried out under the direction of the Reliance Amusement company with Frank Dowler, Jr., president and managing director. Literior of Re-Modelled Grand



GRAND TO REOPEN

AS MOVIE HOUSE

Charlie Chaplin in City Lights
Here All This Week

SOUND EQUIPMENT READY

Everything was announced Satury

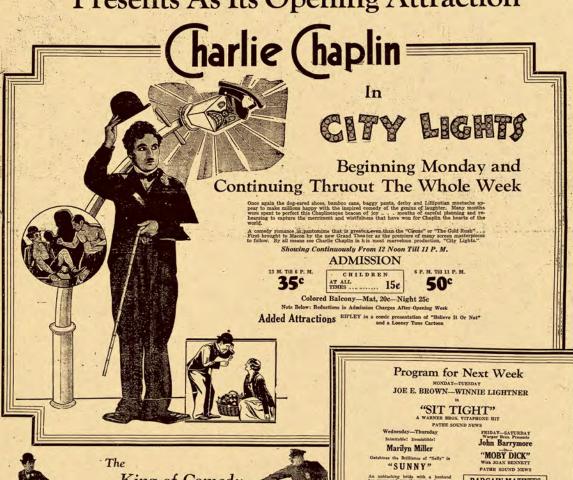
Agy as in readiness for the gala reopening of the Grand theater as a
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BOOTH REMAINS AS GRAND HEAD

Manager of House Has Had Experience in Many Cities







King of Comedy In the Supreme Laugh Sensation of the Century!

BARGAIN MATINEES

October 7, 193

Peabody to Have Role in 'Follies'; Many Seats Sold



ELBERT PEABODY

With the opening of the box of-fice for the Fall Follies of '31 at the Grand theater this morning, ap-proximately one-half the house will be sold out through the efforts of the Business and Professional Wom-en's club and Pilot club, sponsoring the theatrical, which will be given Friday night.

Friday night.
Reports from both clubs last night showed that the advance sale of tickets has been successful. For the accommodation of college and high school students, the second balcony will be available for a small amount,

will be available for a small amount, it was announced yesterday.

Jack George, comedian from California who is giving his services to the two clubs for the performance, will arrive today and will visit friends while here. He is a native Georgian, and happened to be visiting in the state this week. Through the efforts of C. E. Allen, general chairman of the show, his services were secured.

Cotton Has Burlesque Lead Dick Cotton, local black faced

were secured.

Cotton Has Burlesque Lead

Dick Cotton, local black faced comedian, will take the burlesque lead in the show, it was announced last night by Frank Donnelly, casting director. He will appear twice on the program, once in the court scene and once with his comedy band.

Elbert Peabody, who appeared in the Cotton Follies in May and has been seen in a number of local theatricals, has been selected to take the role of Napoleon, III, who with Empress Eugenie (Mrs. Florence Smith) will hold a court of the brilliance of the Second Empire of France.

Young girls of the sub-deb set will give in costume of the Empire period the minuet and the waltz. The black and white chorus, given by another group of girls, will be given later on the program.

uly 14, 1933

GRAND TO REOPEN AS MOVIE HOUSE

Lucas and Jenkins Also Promise Several Road Shows for Next Season.

The Grand theater, dark for nearly two years, will be reopened within a few weeks as a moving picture house, William K. Jenkins. Atlanta, of Lucas and Jenkins, Inc., announced here last night.

Mr. Jenkins said the house, owned by Henry DeGive of Atlanta, and now under lease to Lucas and Jenkins, probably will be reopened with-in a month. The policy of the the-ater and its exact opening date will be announced later. Mr. Jenkins said.

The house will be on the same picture circuit as the other Lucas and Jenkins shows here, the Capitol and the Ritz, and there will be occasional stage shows.

Green Fastures Coming
The picture schedule will be interactions.

The picture schedule will be inter-rupted occasionally for road shows of leading theatricals originally seen in New York, Mr. Jenkins said. About 12 shows already have been booked including The Green Pastures which will be here for two days could be the seen to the seen booked. days early in November.

The Grand was redecorated about

two years ago and was operated about two years ago and was operated for a few months as an independent moving picture house. Mr. Jenkins said the same decorations will be used and that new sound equipment used and that new sound equipment will be ordered from New York and should be here within a few weeks.
"We feel business in Macon is definitely on the upturn." Mr. Jankins said, "and are preparing to open the Grand to meet the changed and better conditions."

Mr. Jankins count wasterday as a few of the changed and better conditions."

Mr. Jenkins spent yesterday con-ferring with Arthur Barry, local manager of the Lucas theaters.

December 15, 1934

Christ Life Film Shownig at Grand

Macon audiences will be given their last opportunity today and tonight to view The Christus, a motion picture based on the life of Christ, now showing at the Grand theater under the auspices of the Joseph N. Neel. Jr., post of the American Legion.

The film begins at 1 p. m. today and runs continuously until 11 p. m. Symphonic orchestral accompaniment is synchronized with the picture which traces the life of Christ from the annunciation through the ascen-

Children of orphanages in the county have been invited by the post to attend the showings today. Chorus effects and dialogue sequences are interspersed through the picture.

PAIR SATERDAY, COLDER IN MORTH AND WEST PORTIONS. SCHOOL PAIR, COLDER IN SOCTIONAL PORTION, PRESS WESTERLY TO NORTHWESTERLY WINDS

April 29, 1936

BIG HAND GIVEN TO PIRATE GOLD

Lucrative Side of Kiwanis Benefit Dampened by Rain; Captain Lane Stars

By JACK AVERY

Lights were winking in the Grand theater marquee last night for the first time in many months as the Kiwanis club staged a minstrel-revue titled Pirate Gold before an audience that helped the show along with frequent bursts of applause.

But there was not as much gold pirate or otherwise—as had been expected to bolster the club fund for underprivileged children. Rain, which started shortly before curtain time, beat a threnody for hopes of a sellout.

Choruses which made up in enthusiasm for what they lacked in practice, danced and tapped their various ways through the production, in specialty bits and as backdrops for songs. A double quartet in the first act performed capably.

act performed capably.

But the hit of the evening was V. McKibben Lane, captain of the pirate crew and swashbuckler de-

ce.

Most Modern Pirate

Resplendent in a red velvet coat, huge green pantaloons, a flowered waistcoat, and the other appurtenances of the picture-book pirate's costume, his fierce gestures and stern appearance contrasted oddly with his shell-rimmed eyeglasses.

costume, his fierce gestures and stern appearance contrasted oddly with his shell-rimmed eyeglasses.

Featured in the first part of the show was a playlet. The Trial of Mary Google. An amusing contrast in bridge playing temperaments was staged by T. H. (Jack) Hall, Elliot Dunwody. Crockett Odom and James Patten. The number was introduced by Theo Volk.

But it took the second half, with

But it took the second half, with the minstrels, to bring the show through to a happy ending. Rhythmic singing by James Patten, Owen Feagin, Elliot Dunwody, Robert Mc-Cord, and Wallace Williams brought a generous response.

a generous response.

The production was staged by a general committee with Mr. Hall as general chairman. H. Edmund Hill of the John E. Rogers producing company, was director for the Kiwanis club.

GRAND THEATER TO BE REOPENED

Barry Confers With Lucas and Jenkins Heads in Atlanta on Modern House

The Grand theater, closed for several years, will be remodeled and made one of the most modern motion picture houses in the state if present plans go through, it was learned yesterday.

Arthur P. Barry, city manager of the Lucas and Jenkins theaters, left yesterday for Atlanta to confer with William K. Jenkins, of Lucas and Jenkins, lessees of the local theaters, and Harry L. DeGive, owner of the Grand.

It was understood that plans for remodeling the theater were discussed. Mr. Barry is expected to return from Atlanta today. If plans are approved by the par-

If plans are approved by the parties in the conference, work will be started within the next 10 days, and the theater would be made ready for use within 60 days. W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr., local

W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr., local architect, has drawn plans for the remodeled playhouse, which it is said would be unequaled in the South.

Former Shubert Theater

The Grand, built in the early part of this century, was at one time the Academy of Music. For years it was under the control of the Shuberts, who had a chain of theaters in the South. With its large stage it was considered to be one of the best theaters for road attractions in the south.

It was learned that the front will undergo a complete change but the more attractive features will be found inside if the plans go through.

Interior Changes Planned

The architect's plans call for the interior of the foyer to be done in modern regency in simple, dignified treatment, in classic pilaster and with wrought fron stairway railings.

with wrought iron stairway railings.

The stairways will be re-arranged and the lighting modernized. In addition to the decorative effects that have been planned there will be colored mirrors and concealed Neon lights. The carpets in the foyer will be in regency with gold figures on a black field.

a black field.

Both the exterior and the lobby will be done in contemporary modern style.

So far as could be learned yesterday no plans are underway to change the other theaters here.

Grand Repairing Will Begin Soon

Plans Approved at Conference of Theater Chain Heads

Actual work of remodeling the Grand theater is expected to begin soon following approval of general plans by Arthur Lucas and William K. Jenkins, heads of the Lucas and Jenkins theater chain, in Atlanta, it was learned yesterday. Approval was given at a conference which Arthur P. Barry, manager of the theaters here, and H. L. DeGive, owner of the Grand building, attended.

W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr., Macon architect, now is preparing blue prints necessary before the work can "art, and the plans are expected to be finished in about 10 days. A representative of the Haywood-Wakefield Company, theater seating company, will plan the scating arrangement of the remodeled theater.

September 18, 1936

GRAND REOPENING WILL COME JAN.

Rearrangement of Theater Planned by Lucas and Jenkins; Work Is Started

Work of remodeling the Grand theater, intended to be Middle Georgia's leading motion picture play-house, was started yesterday by the Macon firm of Griffin and Son, awarded the general contract by Arthur P. Barry, city manager of the Lucas and Jenkins theaters.

With work continuing each day, the theater will be entirely remodeled, and is scheduled for opening around Jan. 1, according to Mr. Barry.

W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr., architect who made the remodeling plans, supervised the start of the work yesterday.

Some time ago the floor was removed, and all the old equipment, including the seats, was taken the the building.

The addition of the new the will not change the operation policies of the other motion picture houses here, Mr. Barry said. The Capitol, Rialto, and Ritz, also operated by Lucas and Jenkins, will remain open.

New Heating Arrangement

The Grand will obtain first choice of pictures from the major producers, Mr. Barry said.

A new seating arrangement has been planned to eliminate the former objection to poles being in the line of vision, Mr. Barry said.

"While being thoroughly modernized in scating, lobby, rest rooms and other appointments, the auditorium will retain the architectural beauty for which the Grand is famed," Mr. Barry said in speaking of the re-arrangements.

Considerable attention is being devoted to air-conditioning, and modern equipment will be installed. New heating facilities also will be used. Total seating canacity of the remodeled house will be 1.200, the largest of any theater in the city.

Local executive offices for Lucas and Jenkins will be in the new theater, and the operation of the other picture houses will be directed from the central office.

Two picture: at the opposite end of the scale, Confession—an emo-tional drama with Kay Francis, and Life Begins in College—a madcap comedy with the Rits brothers, show at the Grand theater this week. Confession, with Basil Rathbone and Ian Hunter supporting Miss Francis, shows the first three days. Life Begins in College, a football picture, shows Thursday through Saturday.



SCENES FROM MACON MOVIES







THE MOVIE SCHEDULE this week brings a varied group of stars to Macon streens. At top left, Kay Francis and Basil Rathbone appear in a scene from Confession, showing at the Grand Monday through Wednesday. Pat O'Brien and Joan Blondell, top right, appear in Back in Circulation. It is a newspaper picture and shows Monday and Tuesday at the Capitol. The Ritz opens Monday and and tuesday at the Capitol. The Ritz opens Monday and Tuesday with Michael Whalen and Gloria Stuart, lower right, in The Lady Escapes. Coming to the Capitol screen Tuesday and Wednesday is The Man Who Cried Wolf, with Tom Brown and Barbara Reed, who are shown in the lower left picture.



THE MACON TELEGRAPH

PAIR SATURDAY, COLDER 14 NORTH AND WEST PORTIONS. SCHOOL PAIR, COLDER 15 SOUTHEAST PORTION, PRESH WESTERLY TO NORTHWESTERLY WINDS



GWTW PREMIERE SALE IS TUESDAY

Tickets Will Be Offered at 11 A. M. Tomorrow at Auditorium Box Office

January 1<u>5,</u> 1940

Tickets to the Macon premiere of the movie Gone With the Wind, a program arranged as a special honor to Miss Susan Myrick, will be sold at the Macon auditorium box office beginning at 11 a.m. tomorrow.

Approximately 1,000 tickets to the showing honoring the Macon newspaper woman who was technical adviser in making the film, will be sold. Those who want them will form in a line before the ticket office and no reservations will be made. The first to seek them will be made. The first to seek them will be the first to get the tickets, which are \$1.10 each, including tax. No more than four will be sold to any one customer.

The opening performance will be given at the Grand Wednesday night. Jan. 24, and on the preceding night Miss Myrick will be honored at a ball in the Hotel Dempsey, Johnny Hampis orchestra will come here from the Hotel Ansiey in Atlanta and will play as a courtesty to Miss Myrick. After the premiere, the movie will be shown twice daily at the Grand. Tickers to the regular performances which will continue for nine days, will be sold from the Grand box office beginning at 10 n.m. Wednesday. All seats are reserved, and many of ready have obtained them by advance mail orders. Approximately 1,000 tickets to the

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Think For Yourself And Lot Others Enjoy The Privilege To Do So .- Voltaire.

ATTITUDE OF THE NEGRO

To the Editor of The Telegraph;

By special permission from the publishers of the Southern Frontier, we are enclosing an article that appeared in the February issue. Please publish it as it expresses completely the attitude of the Negro.

Macon. THEODORE RANDALL,

"SOME DAY THE VEIL WILL BE LIFTED" Just as one is making up one's mind that the South is really undergoing a change in

Just as one is making up one's mind that the South is really undergoing a change in its feeling racially—that the spirit of justice and fair play are on the upward trend—something arises to take the joy out of life.

There are those of us who bought copies of Gone With the Wind and put them in our libraries. We read eagerly the newspaper accounts when the play was in the making at Hollywood, and felt so proud that Miss Myrick of Macon was making such a grand hit and that the colored artist, Haitle McDaniel, was cited as being second to Miss Myrick in nearly stealing the show from Clark Gable and Vivien Leigh when the premiere was given in Atlanta. And now right in the midst of our rejoicing comes the news that the colored people of Macon are asked to go to the second balcony by way of the open fire escape if they wish to see Gone With the Wind. No white theater in that city admits colored people. The city auditorium doors are opened on special occasion jointly to both groups. This was demonstrated in January when Cab Caloway appeared with his orchestra. The paronage of the white people was surprisingly large, especially for such a cold night.

Enough! I must be true to the traits of my race and look for the bright lining.

An interesting article has been published in the New York Herald Tribune about one Parker Watkins who was born in Atlanta, Georgia, went to college in Alabama. He ang at one time with the Hall Johnson choir. He was working with the project of the Federal Singers under the WPA when it was closed.

at one time with the Hall Johnson choir. He was working with the project of the Federal Singers under the WPA when it was closed, leaving him without employment. From an inward prompting he assembled a group of singers and went to the Pennsylvania station where for four hours ose'h day during the Christmas holidays he entertained the traveling public, leading and singing popular airs—The Old Rugged Cross, Ah, Sweet Mysiery of Life, Carry Me Back to Old Virginia, and The Star Spangied Banner was sung, men snatched off their hals and slood at attention. Business men of all descriptions on the way home after the day's work was over. lingeringly bought their tickets and slowly boarded their trains. Later an organ was placed for Parker trains. Later an organ was placed for Parker

Watkins' use, and just before Christmas dawned Slient Night rang out beautifully and

dawned Slient Night rang out heautifully and touchingly.

Thus we will continue to present our case in song and dispassionately to protest by the way of the Cross. Some day the vell will be lifted and we will press forward, free, unshackled citizens with Peace in our hearts and victory on our brows. Until then we will keep alive in our memory the words of Dr. Howard W. Odum: "We must expect first stages to be transitional stages, and we must expect one frontier to follow another frontier, and we must not forget that conditions of the frontier require courage, stamina, and fundamental principles of democracy inherent in the evolution of the moral world of the individual."

CONGRATULATIONS

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

I read the editorial on Frank Murphy reprinted in the Detroit News from your paper,

printed in the Detroit News from your paper, also the letter from Chase S. Osborn.

I wish to congratulate you on the editorial, which couldn't have been more true than if you had been right here on the ground.

Chase S. Osborn's letter was a very alco one but did not refute one word of your editorial. I wrote the Detroit News congratulating them on the reprint of your article, but my letter was not published. They did print several letters condemning it, however.

Detroit.

G. MASON FANNING.

MORE GREEKS BEARING GIFTS To the Editor of The Telegraph:

That great and good man, Joe Guffey, whose tireless efforts toward purifying poli-tics in Pennsylvania have been crowned with tics in Pennsylvania have been crowned with such gratifying success, has now enlarged his field of reform. As the heart panteth after the water brooks, so panteth his soul after plety in politics (and ple) and with all the burning real of a crusader of old, he now dons his armor and hops on the South. The Union can't endure, half slave and half free, and just as Lincoln liberated the blacks, so Guffey will now strike the shackles from the limbs of the whites, Admitting, as he must, that it's none of his business, that one dollar poll tax must go. He may even make us wear shoes.

shoes.

If you are wondering why this Pennsylvania demagogue has become all ill up about voting requirements in the South, here is the meat in Guffey's poil tax cocoanut: "The question of poil taxes assumes particular interest in my own state of Pennylvania, since our Republican-controlled general assembly

November 29,

CLUB TO PRESENT MISS SUE MYRICK

Tri-C Club Of Steward Chapel Will Sponsor Program At Douglass Theater

The Tri-C club of Steward Chapel will sponsor a program at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon at Douglass Theatre.

The speaker is Miss Susan Myrick, newspaper woman and technical advisor for Gone With the Wind.

Miss Myrick will give a detailed account of her trip to California

account of her trip to California and her intimate association and contact with the stars. She will discuss any topic that you ask concerning the stars of the cast of Gone With the Wind.

Aside from Miss Myrick there will be on the program also Ballard quartet, dramatic readings: Georgia Baptist choir and other members. No admission will be charged, but a silver offering will be taken at the door.

Among the members sponsoring Among the memoers sponsoring this affair are: Mrs. Bessie Capei, Mrs. Frank Dishroon, Mrs. Mayme Harris, Mrs. Meta Danford, Mrs. Laurene Coley, Mrs. Bonnie Nelson, Sara Lain. Ruby Williams, Ruth Hartley Mosley, Fannie Holt. W. T. Reid, Vallie Hartley and Miss Zella Benton.

Children Getting Their Toys Ready for Saturday Matinee

By ALLIE B. JOLLEY [Christmas Cheer Reporter]

Popeye and five other favorite movie shorts will entertain Macon children who attend the special Toy Matinee at the Grand thea-ter at 10:30 a.m. Saturday. Other movie shorts included on the program are: a historical short on the Bill of Rights, Color Classic cartoon. Orchestra short, Grant-land Rice sports short and a nov-elty short.

elty short.

The children will pay an old or new toy as admission. Discarded toys such as bicycle, tricycle, dolis, doll carriages, doll beds, little wagons, and various other toys may be brought and the Macon Fire department will repair the old toys. New toys will be greatly appreciated. be greatly appreciated.

All toys received will be turned over to the Salvation Army, where they will be placed in a toy shop and at Christmas given to needy children, said Mrs. Leonard Booth, president of the Woman's

The matinee is a project the

Christmas stocking League of the Macon Woman's club, through the co-operation of Lucas and Jenkins theaters. Mrs. Dora Burke is chairman of the league and reports that 1,000 stockings are being made.

Adjutant George Bivans of the Salvation Army said his organization is planning for Santa Claus to visit at least 2,000 child-

ren.
"We hope to get 400 dolls to supply the need, because the little girls are so disappointed if they do not get a doll," Mr. Biyans said yesterday afternoon. The Crescent Laundry will fur-nish hampers to hold the toys at the theater.

Mrs. Roy Bethune is chairman Mrs. Roy Bethune is chairman of the matine. A similar mati-nee will be held the following Saturday at the Douglas theater on Broadway for Negro children.

Appointment Given To T. Julian Griffin

VALDOSTA, Nov. 28 -- Mrs.



Amusements In Macon



HERE'S MUCH to do in Macon. No one need ever be bored.

Recreational advantages in Macoa and Bibb county are many and varied, easily accessible. Recreation need not be expensive, for there are ample free or low cost places to recreate, kince that is what recreation really means. Wholesome diversion

is necessary for all busy Americans.

Largest recreation parks near Macon are Lakeside and Ragan's Recreation parks, located near each other east of Macon just off the highway leading to Camp Wheeler. Both have large, fresh spring-fed lakes which provide swimming, boating and fishing. Both have spacious and beautiful picnic grounds, modern bowling alleys, food concessions and other attractions.

Near Lakeside and Ragan's is the new Charles L. Bowden municipal golf course, as attractive as any lay-out in the Southeast. It is operated at a "cost only" charge to the public. Another golf course, Cherokee, is located five miles west of Macon just off Columbus road. Idje Hour Club, for members only and their out-of-town guests, is several miles north

of Macon near Wesleyan College on the Atlanta highway.

Idle Hour Club also has outdoor swimming and clubhouse

Aside from Idle Hour, Ragan's and Lakeside, swimming may be enjoyed at Winship's Lake, privately operated near Camp Wheeler, the YMCA and YWCA indoor pools in the city, and at Twin Wells, an outdoor pool just off Houston Road, seven miles south of Macon.

Macon has seven motion picture theaters, five for whites and two for colored persons. The city also boasts one legitimate theater for amateurs. An Art Association, a Community Concert Association and other organizations direct their efforts to educational and cultural pursuits—each affording pleasure to the participants. Two public libraries, Washington Memorial Library at 320 Washington avenue and Price Free Library at 903 First street offer complete reading materials.

There are bowling alleys at Camp Wheeler and up-town, the up-town locations being Macon Billiard and Bowling Academy at 414 Cherry street and Macon Bowling Center at 451 First street. Several billiard parlors as well as shooting galleries all offer entertainment. Those who wish to ride -

horses may visit Rivoli Riding Academy near Wesleyan. For trap shooters there is a skeet range just off the Atlanta highway.

Public parks provide tennis courts, baseball diamonds, basketball and archery courts. Night clubs offer still something else to do. Fay's Southern Grill and Hunt's Villa Grill are among the best known of the night spots. The Macon Peaches offer Class B professional baseball, and on Friday nights during season there are auto races. Athletic contests are sponsored regularly at City Auditorium, and Mercer University. Lanier High school and other schools offer competitive athletics. A 30-acre park is available to colored persons at Georgia Baptist College, providing playground, picnic and baseball facilities.

A Recreation Service Center is maintained by the community for free use of soldiers. There are other free entertainments for the service men at regular intervals. Soldiers are given a warm welcome.

There's much to do in Macon, all right. It's a grand town —a good town to work in . . . and a good town to be in when recreation time comes. Just as the city is growing and going, so are the facilities for wholesome fun being developed.

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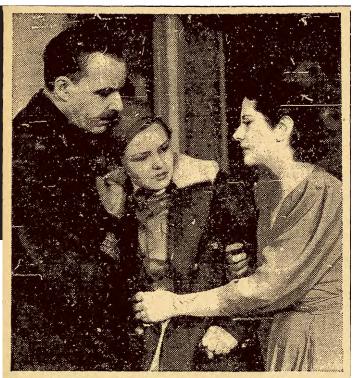
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November 5, 194



Tonight 'There Shall Be No Night' in Macon

MACON THEATER-GOERS tonight will be introduced to two of America's premier actors, Alfred Lunt, and Lynn Fontanne, with the New York cast in the Pulitzer Prize play, 'There Shall Be No Night, at the Grand theater. Shown with the stars in a scene from the play is Elizabeth Frazer, center. All reserved seats to the single 8:15 p.m. performance have been sold, the theater management announced last night. A few second balcony seats for service men only remain ond balcony seats for service men only remain.

THE GEORGIA MAGAZINE Macon, Georgia, Sunday, December 28, 1941

The Theater Of Yesterday In Macon



BY PAUL DAMOUR

T THE GRAND THEATER, at a recent dramatic T THE GRAND THEATER, at a recent dramatic arrepresentation, an old newspaper friend said, that it was like the olden days for Maconites to have an opportunity of attending a stage play. His remark awakened reminiscences of the old Academy of Mussic, hete, when local playgoers were favored with witnessing many road productions, but in a theater, of the late nineteenth century, in the era of gas lights, drop curtains and shifting scenery, primitive and crude. It was a playhouse bare of the cultured decorative arts which adorn the contemporary home of the drains, and devoid of the lighting subtleties which now gratify more sophisticated audiences.

lighting subtleties which now gratify more sophisticated audiences.

When the spectators were seated, in the Academy of Music (which, by the way, was as inappropriately named for a theater as was the nineteenth century mismoner, "opera house") the attention of those assembled was first directed to the proscenium by a Negro stage hand who appeared before the gas footlights, taper in his grasp, and ignited some 20 jets, always bringing down tumultous appalause and cate-calls from the gallery-gods. The audience was then regaled by an orchestral overture. The audi-torium lights were not extinguished at all. In a few minutes a signal bell, announcing that the curtain was about 20 rise, was distinctly heard by everyone; in another half-minute the bell rang again, and the drop curtain, illustrative of a Roman chariot race, bordered by local advertisements, began laboriously to ascend. The play was on. A stage of obviously canwas scenery, owned by the theater, was "discovered," as the actors say, embellished with furniture and other properties borrowed from local stores, for which passes to the show had been given. A cast of characters strutted their entrances and exits in the old theatrical tradition and declaimed in voices which were too often artificial, stilled and loud. (It was said to be the greatest argument of rival partisans of the great tragedians, Forrest and Macready, which of their particular favorites could shout the loudest!) Just before the termination of each act, and at the end of the play, the signal curtain bell rang again which, in the first instance, let the

audience into the secret that an intermission was at hand, whereas the male portion thereof reached for its collective hat and made a bolf for nearby bar rooms to quench the perenial thirst. After each act the orchestra rendered a sentimental selection which aided the digestion of the

The poor ladies, in those masculine-ridden days, never left their seats between the acts, and it was not within the conventions of respectability for "nice ladies" to sit in the balcony. The bell, just before the final drop of the curtain, gave the worthies of the front rows their cue to make a noisy dash for the exits, thus spoiling the climax of many a play.

PALSTON'S HALL WAS Macon's fourth theater in the chronological order, was the playhouse immediately preceding the Academy of Music here. Like the Academy, Ralston's Hall belonged to the era of masculine robustness in the theater, the era of old Junious Brutus Booth, who at one time became so engrossed in his part that he chased his theroughly frightened opponent, in the dueling scene of Richard III, off the stage, down the theater aisle, into the street and across the threshold of a neighborhood saloon, where only the interception of bystanders prevented a real-life tragedy. Also like the Academy of Music, Ralston's Hall was a theater of mechanical crudities; of gas lighting and shifting canvass scenery from behind which scenery could often be observed the scene-shifters' hands and feet protruding as they closed the two halves of a scene in front of another farther back-stage.

There was always an odor of gas in these nineteenth century playhouses and the gas footlights of old Ralston's Hall were the cause of Macon's great tragedy in a theater. Little Mary Marsh's tinsel skirt became ignited by one of the jets and the beautiful child actress perished on the stage before a horrified audience had time to save her.

Ralston's Hall was built in the 1850's and flourished for three decades, having been destroyed by fire in 1836, soon after the Academy of Music was erected. Those three decades of the past century were among the most auspicious in the annals of the modern theater. No luminary

of the stage failed to appear, at one time or another dur-

of the stage failed to appear, at one time or another during those years, in the playhouse on the corner of Third and Cherry streets in Macon, where now stands Newberry's ten-cent store.

Junius Brutus Booth and his sons, the famous Edwin and the ill-starred John Wilkes, strutted their hour upon that stage in Shakespearian reperiory. Joseph Jefferson brought smiles and tears here in Rip Van Winkle; Edwin Forrest and William Macready declaimed in the old manner of acting; Mary Anderson, the beautiful Louisville, Ky., girl, proved to Macon, as she did to the world that she was among the greatest of "Juliets': Charlotte Cushman, who as "Lady Macbeth" and in other classical portrayals, reached the pinnaele of histrionic art. There came Charles Kean, the celebrated English actor; John McCullough, who thrilled the galleries in Spartacus, the Gladiator; Madam Modjeska, the great Polish actress.—the list is too long, too illustrious for a single newspaper article and too profound to be entrusted to an humble latter-day chronicler.

These great Thespians of the past were worthy of their

chronicier.

These great Thespians of the past were worthy of their noblest classical revivals and adorned the most ephemeral play of the nineteenth century with their magic touch. No crudities of their productions could mar their transcendant art.

THERE WERE theatrical art-forms, in those olden days which are unknown to the present young generation: the Humpty-Dumpty, an American version of the English pantomine, and the old-time Negro ministrels, originated by Christy in the early nineteenth century as a portrayal of American plantation life and character, only to degenerate under Haverly and his successors into black-face vaudeville.

There were "lee shows" exemplified by The Black

erate under Haverly and his successors into black-face vandeville.

There were "leg shows" exemplified by The Black Crook and Lydia Thompson, in which the nether portions of the feminine anatomy were encased in "tights": "soubrette" sentimentalities, based on the French model, Fanchon, the Cricket, and represented in this country by Lotta, Maggie Mitchell, Katie Putnam, Annie Pixley and many lessen lights. And at the season's close, there were popular priced 10-20-30-cent repertory companies presenting standard comedies and dramas.

At a later period, on the boards of Crump's Park theatrangent of the theatrical arts was enabled to witnesse East Lynne, Tempest and Sunshine. The Banker's Daughter and numerous other old favorites, played by the D'Onmand-Fuller Company, for the price of a street, car ride to the park—the show being thrown in gratis. At one of these hectic performances, so realistic was the villain's pursuit of the heroine, that a member of the addience, being unable to control his chivalry any longer, cried: "It's a damned shame," and made a dash for the stage, only to equieted by his fellow spectators. Could the art of acting exact a more sincere tribute?

Ironic, though it may seem, to recall these past theatrical glories to a generation that is preoccupied with other pleasures, the reopening of the Grand this season, for an occasional stage-play, stimulates a hone, besides reviving these old memories, that we may, at last, be on the threshold of a renaissance of the provincial theater.

POULTRY IN GEORGIA

POULTRY IN GEORGIA
Although not generally recognized as a major poultryproducing state, Georgia ranks third in the South Altantic group in the annual gross value of poultry and eggs produced, says Arthur Gannon. Extension poultryman. Poultry enterprises on Georgia farms might be divided roughju into four types: 1, commercial flocks, 2. farm flocks, 3.
home flocks, and 4, broiler enterprises.

GEORGIA CROP YIELDS

The average yield of certain crops per acre in Georgia during 1940 was: Cotton. 251 pounds; corn, 11 bushels; hay, 57 tons: peanuts, 835 pounds; tobacco, 1,060 pounds; and oats, 19.5 bushels. These yields are low as compared with other sections of the United States.

Firn snow gets its name from an o'd German word meaning "from last year," but it may be years old on mountain tops, and it is rock-hard.

The department of agriculture has a collection of over 3,000 living micro-organisms of yeast, molds, and bacteria, useful in industrial fermentation processes.

T. A. MaeDOUGALD
—Photo by Coke.

McDougald Is Named Manager of Grand

T. A. MacDougald will be the new manager of the Grand theater, Art Barry. Macon manager for Lucas and Jenkins said yesterday. He will replace Herman Hatton, who is now in the Marine Corps.

The new manager comes here from Statesville. N. C., where he was connected with a theater. He is not a newcomer to Macon, having served as assistant manager at the Grand at one time. He has been connected with picture shows in Georgia. Alabama and Florida.

Sp Bo Se

Special War Bond Show Set Tonight

Camp Wheeler and Cochran Field entertainers will join 17 members of the Camel Caravan tonight in presenting two hours of top stage entertainment—a midnight special war bond show to further the sale of war bonds.

Last night members of the War Finance Committee reported that

Last night members of the War Finance Committee reported that the show is a sell-out and bond purchases are still being made. The crowd will probably overflow into the second balcony of the Grand theater where the production is to be given, they said

Grand theater where the production is to be given, they said.

An open air concert by the Army Air Force band of Cochran Field will start the evening program. They will play in front of the Grand theater starting at 11 p.m.

WAR COMMITTEE

The doors are to be opened at 11:30 p.m., and a broadcast of the program is to go on the air over station WMAZ at 12:05 and last half an hour.

Appreciation was expressed last night by members of the War Finance Committee for the voluntary services which have been contributed to make the show a success. All of the entertainment is bieng staged by volunteers, they said, both the Camel Caravan troupers and the enlisted men from Camp Wheeler and Cochran Field.

Employes of the Grand theater and stage helpers are also giving their work free to put the show on, Lamar Swift, manager of the Grand, disclosed. This was made possible through cooperation of the local union of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes and Moving Picture Machine Operators.

1945

January 28,



APPENDIX B

HISTORIC PHOTOGRAPHS





Circa 1910 Postcard of the Grand Opera House based on an early photograph. Courtesy of the Grand Opera House

Circa 1910 Postcard of the Grand Opera House featuring an early photograph. Courtesy of the Grand Opera House





Interior photograph of the Grand Opera House, circa 1906. Source: (Grady 1906) Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library

Interior photograph of the Grand Opera House, circa 1906. Source: (Grady 1906) Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library

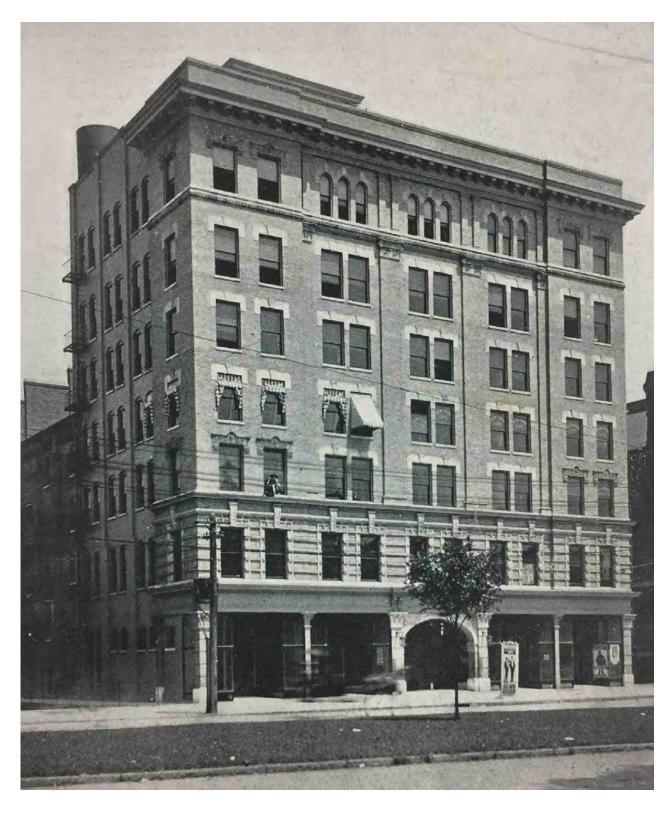




Circa 1910 Photography of the Grand Opera House. Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library



1908 Photograph of the 600 Block of Mulberry Street. Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library



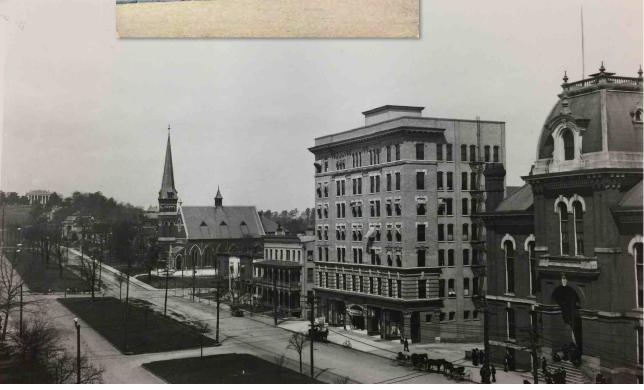
Circa 1910 Photography of the Grand Opera House. Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library





This postcard appears to be a colored version of the 1910 photograph from the previous page. Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library

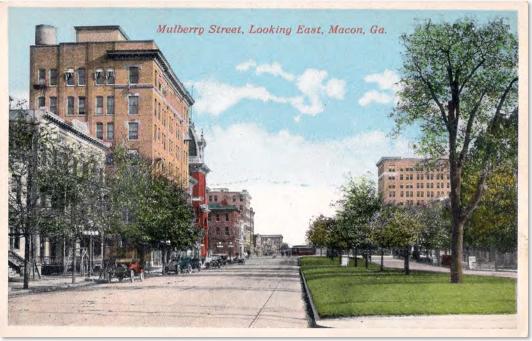
Circa 1915 Photograph looking Northwest on Mulberry Street, Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library

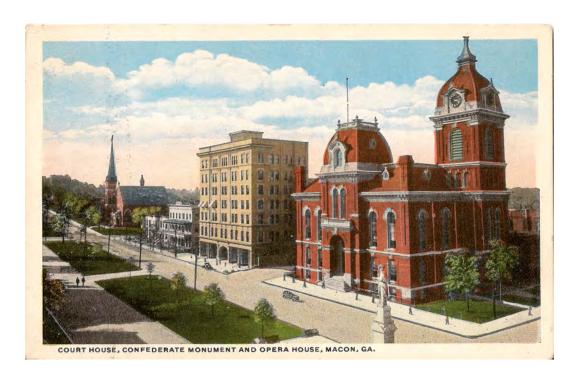


Circa 1915 Postcard. Courtesy of the Grand Opera House



Circa 1920 Postcard. Courtesy of the Grand Opera House

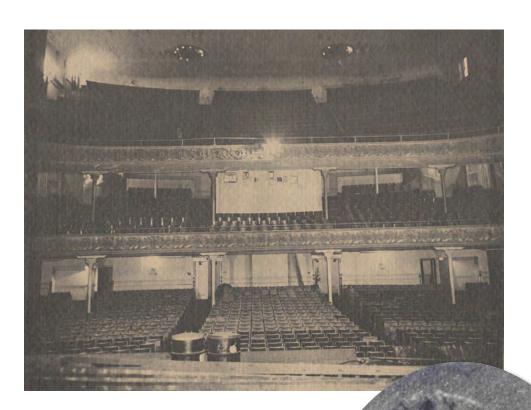




Circa 1920 Postcard. Courtesy of the Grand Opera House



1937 Photograph, Looking Southeast on Mulberry Street. Courtesy of the Grand Opera House



Circa 1970 Photograph of the Interior of the Theater. Courtesy of the Middle Georgia Archives, Washington Memorial Library



APPENDIX C

LARGE FORMAT PHOTOGRAPHY

Grand Opera House 651 Mulberry Street, Macon, Bibb County, Georgia

Date: Spring 2018

Photographer: David Diener, New South Associates, Inc.



Façade, Looking Northeast across Mulberry Street



Northwest Wall of the Theater Section of the Building, Showing Fire Escapes (non-historic) and Exterior Doors, Looking Southeast. The top two double doors accessed the second balcony.



Oblique View, Looking East



Lobby and Interior Stairway Used to Access the First Balcony, Looking Southeast



View from the Stage, Showing All Three Seating Levels, Looking Southwest



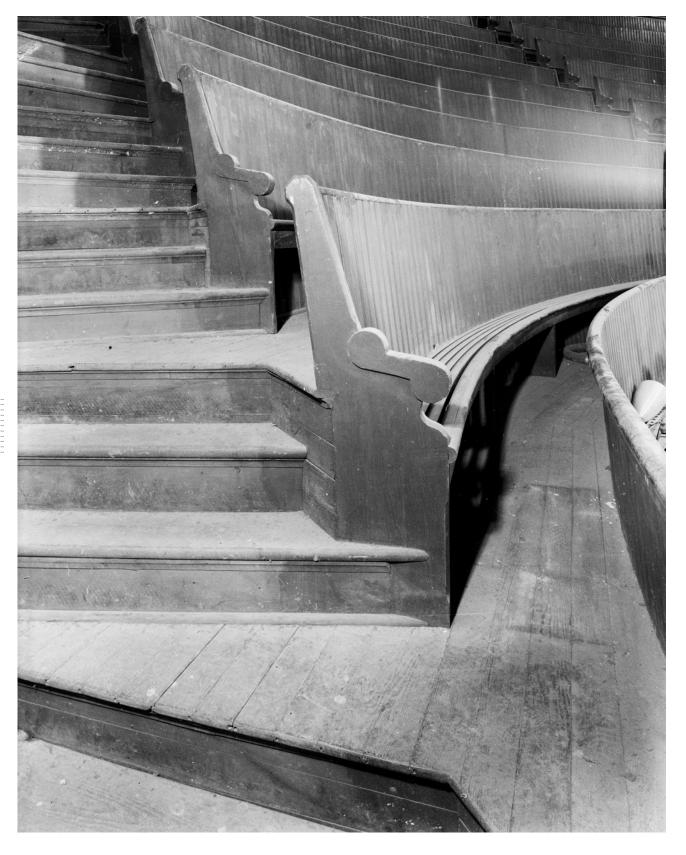
View of the Doorway and Upper Stairs Used to Access the Second Balcony on the East Side of the Building, Looking West



Top Level of the Second Balcony, Showing Balustrades of Staircases on the Right and the Wall Behind the Seating Area to the Left.



View of the Stage, From the Top of the Second Balcony, Looking North



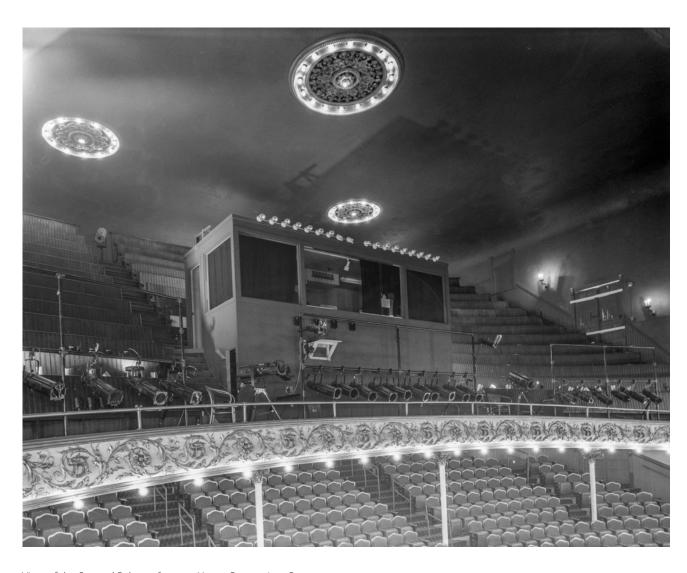
View Across the Second Balcony, Looking Northwest



View Showing the Profile of the Wooden Seating Benches in the Second Balcony and the Chaotic Stair Configuration, Looking West



View Showing the Steep Slope of the Second Balcony, Looking Southwest



View of the Second Balcony from an Upper Proscenium Box, Production Booth (non-historic) at Center, Looking Southwest

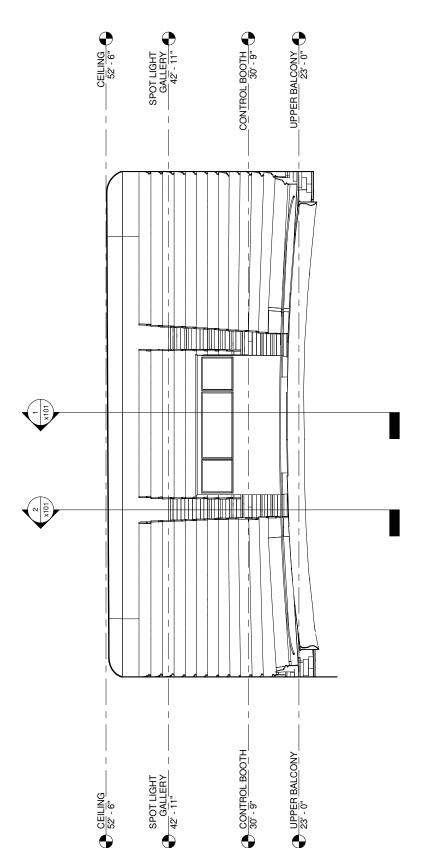
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APPENDIX D

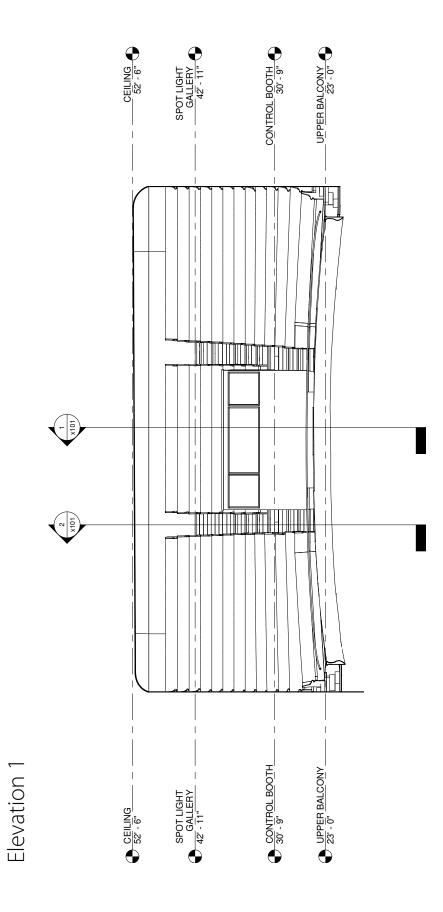
ARCHITECTURAL RENDERINGS

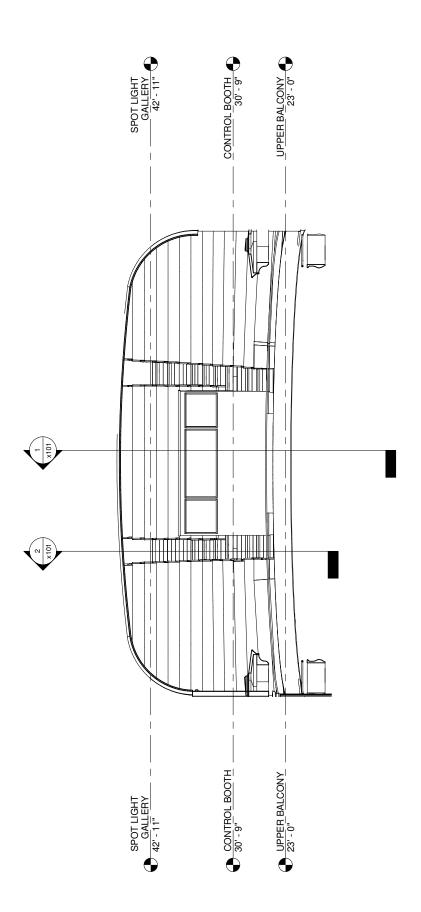


Second Balcony 3-D Image

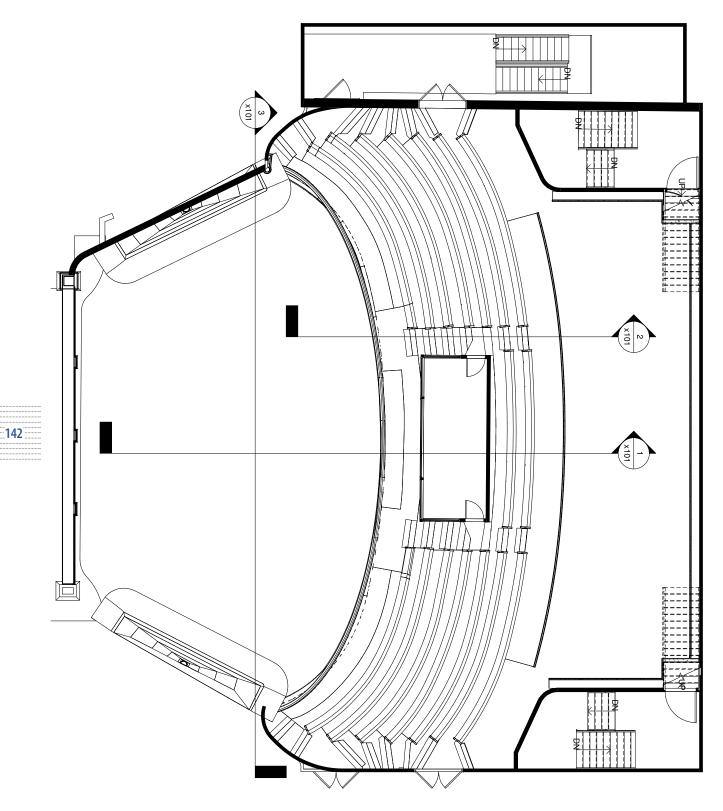


Combined Elevation

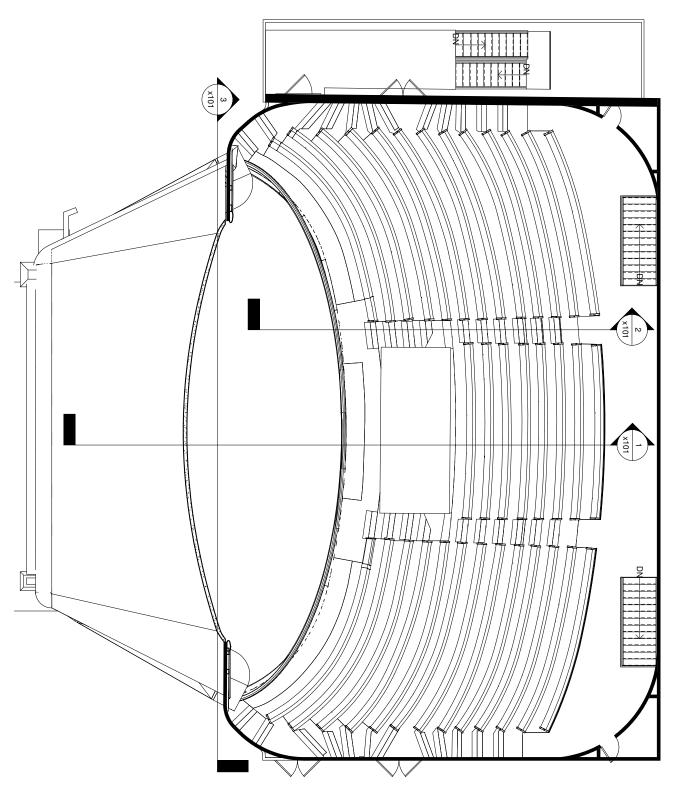




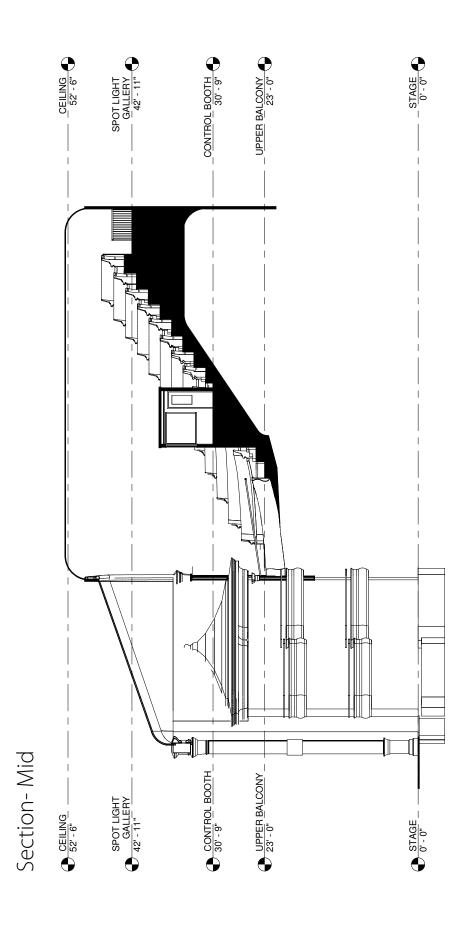
Elevation 2

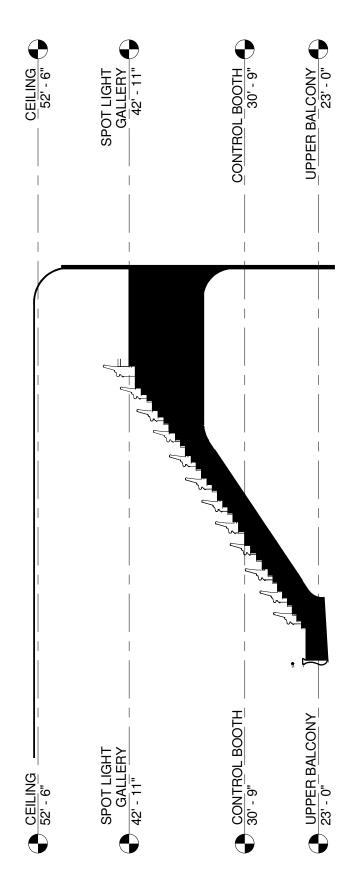


Plan, Control Booth



Upper Balcony Plan



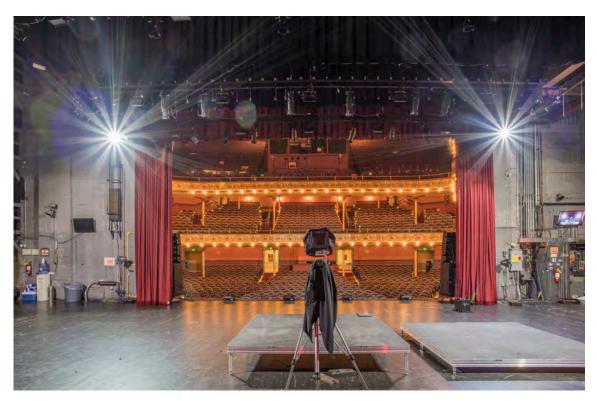


Section-Stair

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APPENDIX E

CURRENT CONDITIONS PHOTOGRAPHS



View of All Three Tiers of Seating at the Grand Opera House from Center Stage.



View of the First and Second Balconies from One of the Top Proscenium Boxes.



The Lower Set of Stairs from the First Balcony to the Second Balcony.



The Upper Stairs from the First Balcony to the Second Balcony.



The Balustrade at the Top of the Stairs to the Second Balcony.



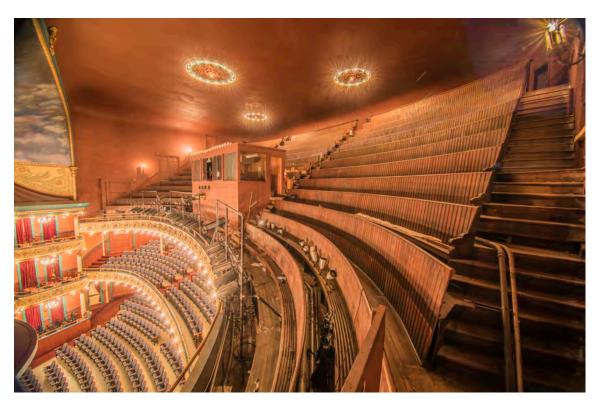
View of the Stage from the Top left of the Second Balcony



View of the Stage from the Center of the Second Balcony



View Across the Second Balcony from the Front Rail on the Right (South) Side



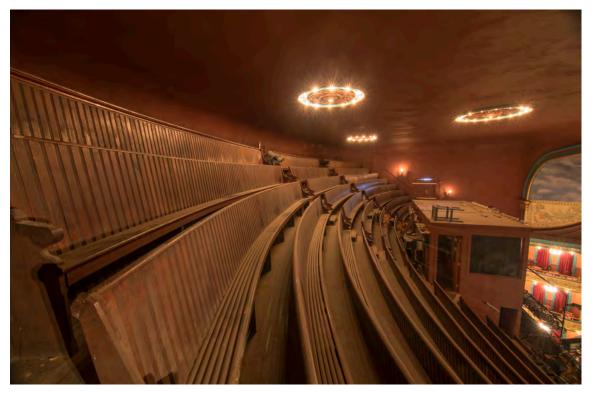
View Across the Second Balcony from Left (North) Side



View of the Right (South) Side Stairs

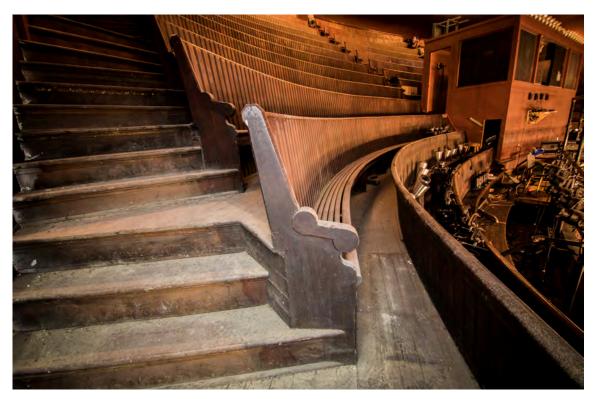


View of the Left (North) Side Stairs



View Across the Second Balcony from Right (South) Side





Detail of a Bench Profile



View of One of the Former Restrooms at the Top of the Second Balcony